

MEETINGS SCHEDULED FOR NOVEMBER

Minnesota Housing

400 Wabasha Street N. Suite 400 St. Paul, MN 55102

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 2021

Regular Board Meeting 1:00 p.m.

Conference Call

Toll-free dial-in number (U.S. and Canada):

1-877-309-2074

Access code:

835-024-572

NOTE: The information and requests for approval contained in this packet of materials are being presented by Minnesota Housing staff to the Minnesota Housing Board of Directors for its consideration on Thursday, November 18, 2021.

Items requiring approval are neither effective nor final until voted on and approved by the Minnesota Housing Board.

The Agency may conduct a meeting by telephone or other electronic means, provided the conditions of Minn. Stat. §462A.041 or Minn. Stat. 13D.021 are met. The Agency shall, to the extent practical, allow a person to monitor the meeting electronically and may require the person making a connection to pay for documented marginal costs that the Agency incurs as a result of the additional connection.

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Mission

Housing is the foundation for success, so we collaborate with individuals, communities and partners to create, preserve and finance housing that is affordable.

Vision

All Minnesotans live and thrive in a safe, stable home they can afford in a community of their choice.

AGENDA

Minnesota Housing Board Meeting Thursday November 18, 2021 1:00 p.m.

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Roll Call
- 3. Agenda Review
- 4. Approval of Minutes
 - A. (page 5) Regular Meeting of October 28, 2021

5. Reports

- A. Chair
- B. Commissioner
- C. Committee

6. Consent Agenda

- A. (page 9) Modification to Acquisition Loan Terms
 - -Woodlawn Terrace, Richfield, D8461
- B. (page 13) Approval, 2022 Minnesota Housing Board of Directors Meeting Schedule

7. Action Items

- A. (page 15) Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program and Interim Construction Loan Selections
- B. (page 47) Selection and Commitment, Bridge Loan (BL)
 - Knollwood Apartments, D1126, Pine Island
- C. (page 59) Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of Minnesota Housing Finance Agency fixed rate Residential Housing Finance Bonds (RHFB)

8. Discussion Items

- A. (page 183) Fourth Quarter 2021 Progress Report: 2020-22 Strategic Plan and 2020-21 Affordable Housing Plan
- B. (page 189) Equity and Inclusion Overview

9. Information Items

None.

10. Other Business

None.

11. Adjournment

DRAFT Minutes Minnesota Housing Board Meeting Thursday, October 28, 2021 1:00 p.m. Via Conference Call

1. Call to Order.

Chair DeCramer called to order the regular meeting of the Board of Minnesota Housing Finance Agency at 1:00 p.m.

2. Roll Call.

Members Present via conference call: Chief Executive Melanie Benjamin, Auditor Blaha, Chair John DeCramer, Craig Klausing, Stephanie Klinzing, Stephen Spears and Terri Thao. Minnesota Housing Staff present via conference call: Tom Anderson, Caitlin Arreola, Vi Bergquist, Stacie Brooks, Sara Bunn, Kevin Carpenter, Erin Coons, Jimena Dake, Jessica Deegan, Michelle Doyal, Diane Elias, Graydon Francis, Rachel Franco, Anne Heitlinger, Anna Heitz, Darryl Henchen, Adam Himmel, Summer Jefferson, Hannah Jirak, Ayo Jones, Aaron Keniski, Kasey Kier, Katey Kinley, Dan Kitzberger, Greg Krenz, Tresa Larkin, Debbi Larson, Brad LeBlanc, James Lehnhoff, Sarah Matala, Don McCabe, Amy Melmer, Betsy Michels, Connie Montgomery, John Patterson, William Price, Brittany Rice, Paula Rindels, Cheryl Rivinius, Rachel Robinson, Dani Salus, Joel Salzer, Tim Schouten, Anne Smetak, Corey Strong, Emily Strong, Kim Stuart, Jodell Swenson, Susan Thompson, Mike Thompson, Mike Thone, Ted Tulashie, Nancy Urbanski, Kayla Vang, Carrie Weisman, Amanda Welliver, Sarah Woodward, and Kristy Zack.

Others present via conference call: Ramona Advani, Minnesota Office of the State Auditor; Anne Mavity, Minnesota Housing Partnership.

3. Agenda Review

No changes.

4. Approval

A. Regular Meeting Minutes of September 23, 2021

Motion: Stephanie Klinzing moved to approve the September 23, 2021, Regular Meeting Minutes. Seconded by Terri Thao. Roll call was taken. Stephen Spears and Craig Klausing abstained. Motion carries 4-0. All were in favor.

5. Reports

A. Chair

None.

B. Commissioner

Commissioner Ho shared the following with the Board:

- Welcome new employees Tom Anderson and Caitlin Arreola
- Minnesota Housing won four 2021 Awards for Excellence at recent NCSHA Annual Conference

- Meetings with Build Wealth MN, Twin Cities Habitat for Humanity, and NAACP
- Visits to Onamia, Hinkley, and Rochester
- RentHelpMN Update
- HomeHelpMN Update

C. Committee

None.

6. Consent Agenda

- A. Reconfirmation and Extension of Deferred Loan Agreement, Workforce Housing Development Program
 - Schoolhouse Project, D8070, City of Albert Lea
- B. Approval, Interagency Agreement Extension and Additional Funding, Homeless Management Information System Funding to Department of Human Services

Motion: Craig Klausing moved to approve the Consent Agenda Items. Seconded by Chief Executive Benjamin. Roll call was taken. Terri Thao was not present for vote. Motion carries 6-0. All were in favor.

7. Action Items

A. 2022-2023 Affordable Housing Plan

John Patterson presented to the board a request for approval of the 2022-2023 Affordable Housing Plan. Chair DeCramer opened up the discussion. Board members asked questions and staff provided answers.

Motion: Craig Klausing moved 2022-2023 Affordable Housing Plan. Seconded by Stephanie Klinzing. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

B. Approval, Selection/Commitment, Housing Trust Fund and Family Homeless Prevention and Assistance Program Resources for Homework Starts with Home – Round 3

Erin Menne presented to the board a request for adoption of the resolution authorizing the selection and commitment of up to \$1,925,400 in Family Homeless Prevention and Assistance Program (FHPAP) funds and up to \$1,574,600 in Housing Trust Fund (HTF) funds for a total of \$3,500,000 for Homework Starts with Home (HSWH) – Round 3. Chair DeCramer opened up the discussion. Board members asked a series of questions and staff provided answers.

Motion: Auditor Blaha moved Approval, Selection/Commitment, Housing Trust Fund and Family Homeless Prevention and Assistance Program Resources for Homework Starts with Home – Round 3. Seconded by Terri Thao. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

C. Approval, Revisions to the Rental Rehabilitation Deferred Loan (RRDL) Program Guide

Dani Salus presented to the board a request for approval of the revised Rental Rehabilitation Deferred Loan (RRDL) Program Guide. Chair DeCramer opened up the

discussion. Board members asked a series of questions and staff provided answers. **Motion**: Terri Thao moved Approval, Revisions to the Rental Rehabilitation Deferred Loan (RRDL) Program Guide Seconded by Stephanie Klinzing. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

- D. Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Loan (LMIR) and Selection, Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Bridge Loan (LMIRBL)
 - Heritage Court Apartments, D8312, North Branch, MN

Ted Tulashie presented to the board a request for adoption of a resolution authorizing the issuance of a LMIR commitment not to exceed \$881,000, and the adoption of a resolution authorizing the issuance of a LMIRBL commitment not to exceed \$3,000,000. All commitments are subject to the terms and conditions of the Agency term letter. Chair DeCramer opened up the discussion. Board members asked a series of questions and staff provided answers.

Motion: Stephanie Klinzing moved Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Loan and Selection, Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Bridge Loan - Heritage Court Apartments, D8312, North Branch, MN. Seconded by Chief Executive Benjamin. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

- E. Selection and Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Loan (LMIR), Low and Moderate Income Rental Bridge Loan (LMIRBL), Modification Preservation Affordable Rental Investment Fund Programs and Waiver of the Predictive Cost Model 25% Threshold
 - Stonehouse Square Apartments, D0800, Minneapolis, MN

Erin Coons presented to the board a request for approval Adoption of a resolution authorizing the issuance of a LMIR program commitment not to exceed \$6,573,000;

- 2. Adoption of a resolution authorization the issuance of a LMIRBL product commitment not to exceed \$2,556,000;
- 3. Adoption of a resolution modifying the loan under the PARIF program, from \$2,086,673 to a maximum of \$5,928,000; and,
- 4. Approval of a waiver to the predictive cost model.

All commitments are subject to the terms and conditions of the Agency term letter. Chair DeCramer opened up the discussion. Board members asked a series of questions and staff provided answers.

Motion: Terri Thao moved Selection and Commitment, Low and Moderate Income Rental Loan, Low and Moderate Income Rental Bridge Loan, Modification Preservation Affordable Rental Investment Fund Programs and Waiver of the Predictive Cost Model 25% Threshold - Stonehouse Square Apartments, D0800, Minneapolis, MN. Seconded by Craig Klausing. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

- F. Modification, Housing Infrastructure Bond (HIB) Loans; and Waiver of Private Activity Bond Limitation RD Portfolio:
 - D8170, City Centre Apartments, Pine Island
 - D8169, Heather Court Apartments, Owatonna

- D5824, Malmquist Estates, Red Wing
- D6106, North States Apartments & BR Properties, Waseca
- D8173, Pine West & Springhaven, Cold Spring
- D8191, Riverside & Hillside Apartments, Watertown
- D8172, Town Edge Estates, Gaylord

Paul Marzynski presented to the board a request for adoption of the resolution authorizing the selection and commitment of up to \$1,925,400 in Family Homeless Prevention and Assistance Program (FHPAP) funds and up to \$1,574,600 in Housing Trust Fund (HTF) funds for a total of \$3,500,000 for Homework Starts with Home (HSWH) – Round 3.

Chair DeCramer opened up the discussion. Board members asked a series of questions and staff provided answers.

Motion: Stephanie Klinzing moved Modification, Housing Infrastructure Bond (HIB) Loans; and Waiver of Private Activity Bond Limitation – RD Portfolio and approval of all attached resolutions. Seconded by Terri Thao. Roll call was taken. Motion carries 7-0. All were in favor.

8. Discussion Items

None.

9. Information Items

- A. Post-Sale Report, Rental Housing Bonds 2021 Series C (Snelling Yards)
- B. Post-Sale Report, State Appropriation Bonds (Housing Infrastructure) 2021 Series ABCD

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None.

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The meeting was a	djourned at 2:40 p.m.
ohn DeCramer, Chair	

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Board Agenda Item: 6.A Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Modification to Acquisition Loan Terms

- Woodlawn Terrace, Richfield, D8461

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Tresa Larkin, 651.284.3177, tresa.larkin@state.mn.us

Request Type:	
	\square No Action Needed
	\square Discussion
□ Resolution	\square Information

Summary of Request:

Staff recommends approval of modification to specific loan terms related to the acquisition loan for Woodlawn Terrace, a manufactured home community in Richfield, MN.

Fiscal Impact:

The acquisition loan will be funded from Housing Investment Fund Pool 2 resources. Minnesota Housing will earn interest income on the loan and will earn additional fee income from originating the loan for this project.

Meeting Agency Priorities:

- ☑ Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities
- ☐ Support People Needing Services

Attachment(s):

- Background
- Resolution

BACKGROUND

On August 26,2021, the Minnesota Housing board approved a resolution which authorized a loan in an amount not to exceed \$2,775,000 with an interest rate of 4.50% per annum, along with other terms, for acquisition and related costs of the 30 unit Woodlawn Terrace manufactured home development located on approximately 5 acres in Richfield.

Following board approval, staff has continued to work with the proposed borrower, Woodlawn Terrace Cooperative, a nonprofit resident owned cooperative, and Northcountry Cooperative Foundation (NCF), the technical assistance provider chosen by the borrower, regarding certain details related to the financing. The following changes are recommended:

- 1) The interest rate on the loan will be reduced from 4.50% per annum to 4.00% per annum and language referencing a 35-year amortization period will be removed as this is an interest only loan with a 7 year term; and
- 2) A Minnesota Housing form of regulatory agreement will be recorded which will require the deposit of a fee equal to 0.5% per annum (\$1,156.25/month) for payment of the technical assistance/servicing fee. The fee will be made to Minnesota Housing with the monthly interest only payment and will then be paid to NCF via a draw process; and
- 3) Reduction of the repair escrow which was originally estimated at \$117,000 by \$60,000 resulting in the repair escrow amount of \$57,000. The project has received a grant from the City of Richfield to cover \$60,000 scope of work that was originally included in the repair schedule; and
- 4) Annual property financial statements (or more frequently in our sole discretion) must be submitted to Minnesota Housing.

All other terms and conditions of the original resolution remain in place, including:

- Woodlawn Terrace Cooperative must maintain a Technical Assistance Agreement with Northcountry Cooperative Foundation (or a similar entity) throughout the term of the acquisition loan.
- 2) An operating reserve in the amount of \$10,000 will be required.
- 3) The term shall be up to 7 years, with prepayment in full without penalty allowed at any time; and
- 4) The loan shall be non-recourse; and
- 5) The loan shall be secured by a mortgage; and
- 6) The Owner shall execute documents embodying the above in form and substance acceptable to Agency staff; and
- 7) The Owner and such other parties as Agency staff in its sole discretion deems necessary, shall execute all such documents relating to said loans, to the security therefore, and to the operation of the development, as Agency staff in its sole discretion deems necessary.

Page 11 of 190 Agenda Item: 6.A Resolution

MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY 400 Wabasha Street North, Suite 400 St. Paul, Minnesota 55102

RESOLUTION NO. MHFA 21-XXX

RESOLUTION MODIFYING LOAN TERMS FOR WOODLAWN TERRACE MANUFACTURED HOME PARK ACQUISITION LOAN

WHEREAS, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (Agency) has previously approved a request to provide financing to a manufactured home development through Resolution 21-044, as follows:

Name of Development: Woodlawn Terrace

Location of Development: Richfield

Owner: Woodlawn Terrace Cooperative, a nonprofit corporation

Number of Units: 30

Amount of Loan Commitment: \$2,775,000 (not to exceed)

WHEREAS, Agency staff has determined that it is necessary to modify and clarify the requirements related to such loan and recommends that the Board approve the following modifications to Resolution 21-044; and

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

THAT, the Board hereby modifies the existing authorization for Agency staff to issue a commitment to provide a mortgage loan to said Owner from the Housing Investment Fund (Pool 2) for acquisition and related costs of the indicated manufactured home development as set out in Resolution 21-044 as follows:

- 1. The interest rate shall be 4.00% per annum, with monthly interest only payments due beginning in the third month following loan closing; and
- 2. A Minnesota Housing form of regulatory agreement will be recorded which will require the deposit of a fee equal to 0.5% per annum (\$1,156.25/month) for payment of the technical assistance/servicing fee; and
- 3. Annual property financial statements (or more frequently in the agency's sole discretion) must be submitted to Minnesota Housing.

_	CHAIRMAN
	Adopted this 18th day of November 2021
All other terms and condition	ons of Resolution 21-044 remain in place.





Board Agenda Item: 6.B Date: 11/12/2021

Item: Approval, 2022 Minneota Housing Board of Directors Meeting Schedule Staff Contact(s): Rachel Franco, 651.296.2172, rachel.franco@state.mn.us **Request Type:** ☐ No Action Needed ☐ Discussion ☐ Resolution ☐ Information **Summary of Request:** Staff requests approval of the 2022 meeting schedule. Committee and special meetings will be scheduled as needed and in consultation with board members. **Fiscal Impact:** None. **Meeting Agency Priorities:** ☐ Address Specific and Critical Local Housing Needs ☐ Finance Housing Responsive to Minnesota's Changing Demographics ☐ Preserve Housing with Federal Project-Based Rent Assistance ☐ Prevent and End Homelessness ☐ Reduce Minnesota's Racial and Ethnicity Homeownership Disparity

Attachment(s):

Meeting schedule

Board Agenda Item: 6B Attachment: Meeting Schedule

All meetings are on Thursdays and will begin at 1:00 p.m. unless otherwise noted.

2022 Schedule of Minnesota Housing Board Meetings

January 27
February 24
March 24
April 21
May 26
June 23
July 21
August 25
September 22
October 27
November 17 (one week early due to Thanksgiving Holiday)

December 15 (one week early due to Christmas Holiday)



Board Agenda Item: 7.A Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program and Interim Construction Loan Selections

Staff Contact(s):

Song Lee, 651.296.2291, song.lee.mhfa@state.mn.us Leighann McKenzie, 651.296.8147, leighann.mckenzie@state.mn.us

Request Type:				
		No Action Needed		
☑ Motion		☐ Discussion		
☐ Resolution		\square Information		

Summary of Request:

Staff requests approval of funding recommendations for the Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program and Interim Construction loans.

Fiscal Impact:

The Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program funds are state appropriated resources provided in the form of grants that do not earn interest for the Agency. Interim Construction loans made from Pool 2 are repayable and earn interest for the Agency.

Meeting Agency Priorities:

\boxtimes	Improve the Housing System
\boxtimes	Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities
\boxtimes	Make Homeownership More Accessible

- ☐ Support People Needing Services

Attachment(s):

- Background and Funding Recommendations
- Map of Recommended Projects
- Project Summaries
- 2021 Single Family Workforce Development RFP Summary Spreadsheet
- 2021 Single Family Workforce Development RFP Non-Recommended Applications
- Resolution

BACKGROUND

The Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program (Workforce Development) provides state-appropriated grants for single family development and rehabilitation projects as well as land development and residential housing. The funds will serve households up to 115 percent area median income (AMI) except in the case where a project directly benefits a neighborhood or development that includes individuals with a wide range of incomes, such as a manufactured home community. The statute limits eligible program applicants to tribal governments, nonprofit organizations, cooperatives, cities (including county community development agencies/housing redevelopment authorities), and community land trusts.

Priority was given to smaller projects in Greater Minnesota and suburban communities within the seven-county Twin Cities metropolitan area, for communities with populations of less than 10,000, and new construction projects.

Applicants requested and were also reviewed for Interim Construction loans which are short term, repayable construction loans to administrators to finance the acquisition, rehabilitation, demolition and/or construction of homes. Although these loans are unsecured, by requiring monthly payments of interest due, as well as including covenants requiring the Borrower to maintain, on an ongoing quarterly basis, certain financial ratios, these loans may be viewed as investment quality and appropriate to be funded from Pool 2.

Proposal Review and Selection Process

Applications for the Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program funds and Interim Construction loans were received through the annual Single Family Consolidated Request for Proposals (RFP) process but follow a more accelerated timeline than the Single Family RFP. All proposals were reviewed, scored and ranked based on the 2021 Single Family Request for Proposals Scoring Criteria approved by the Agency's Board on March 25, 2021. First, staff assessed the extent to which a proposal meets the Selection Standards threshold that include organizational capacity, project feasibility and community need. The organizational capacity assessment includes a consideration of an applicant's financial health and ability to implement the proposed project. The project feasibility assessment includes a consideration of the economic viability of a project and the proposed project costs as compared to Impact Fund's historical cost thresholds which are based on an analysis of typical project costs under past Impact Fund awards. The community need assessment considers the identified need based on local demographics, housing needs of the local workforce, and economic factors in the community and how the proposal meets the identified need. If a proposal meets all three Selection Standards, then it will move forward to be scored under the Agency's funding priorities. These include workforce housing, efficient land use, location efficiency, community recovery, increase housing choice, rural and tribal designation, leverage, regulatory incentive, long term affordability, equitable access to homeownership, serve housing needs within a community, homeownership or financial education and counseling, business entities owned or led by people of color, Indigenous individuals and/or women, and advancement of housing innovation and technology.

FUNDING RECOMMENDATIONS

Staff recommends funding eight proposals for a total of \$8,475,752. The chart below represents the recommendations for the Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program funds and Interim Construction loans. Seven selections totaling \$2,851,170 or 34 percent of funding recommended

will serve communities in Greater Minnesota. One selection totaling \$4,358,000 or 51 percent of total funding recommended will serve the seven-county Twin Cities metropolitan area.

The Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development grants are funded by \$3,750,000 in state appropriations in the current biennium. The remaining \$324,248 of these grant funds not awarded in this round will be made available through the regular SF Consolidated RFP to fund additional eligible projects which are expected to be brought to the Board for consideration in January.

Staff recommends interim construction loan funding for five proposals for a total of \$5,050,000.

			Funding Type			
Applicant	Activity	Hon	orkforce and Affordable neownership evelopment	C	Interim onstruction Loans	
Greater Minnesota Projects						
Cass Clay Community Land Trust	Acquisition, Rehab, Resale	\$	200,000	\$	-	
Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota, Inc.	New Construction	\$	55,000	\$	1	
Headwaters Housing Development Corporation	New Construction	\$	60,000	\$	200,000	
Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation	New Construction	\$	106,170	\$	-	
One Roof Community Housing	Acquisition, Rehab, Resale	\$	940,000	\$	500,000	
One Roof Community Housing	New Construction	\$	390,000	\$	400,000	
Otter Tail Housing and Redevelopment Authority	New Construction	\$	516,582	\$	750,000	
Seven County Metropolitan Area Project						
Project for Pride in Living, Inc	New Construction	\$	1,158,000	\$	3,200,000	
	TOTAL	\$	3,425,752	\$	5,050,000	

Improve the Housing System

One Roof Community Housing will improve the housing system through a partnership with the Fond du Lac Band of Lake Superior Chippewa. The Fond du Lac Band will provide financial support for the renovation or construction for the community land trust (CLT) units in the Duluth and Cloquet area for tribally-enrolled members.

Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities

Cass Clay Community Land Trust (CCCLT) and One Roof Community Housing will preserve existing homes by acquiring, rehabilitating and reselling homes. The homes are expected to be sold at purchase price of

approximately \$163,000-185,000 and will be placed into a community land trust, preserving the long-term affordability of the homes.

Make Homeownership More Accessible

Project for Pride in Living (PPL) will make homeownership more accessible to low-income households. PPL's project will preserve the character of the neighborhood where the homes will be built and increase density and creating new homeownership opportunities for households of color and members of Indigenous communities.

All projects will reduce the homeownership disparity by marketing and providing outreach to Black, Indigenous and households of color. Additionally, all applicants will offer or provide resources to homebuyers to access homebuyer and financial education and counseling to support homebuyers to become successful long-term homeowners.

Strengthen Communities

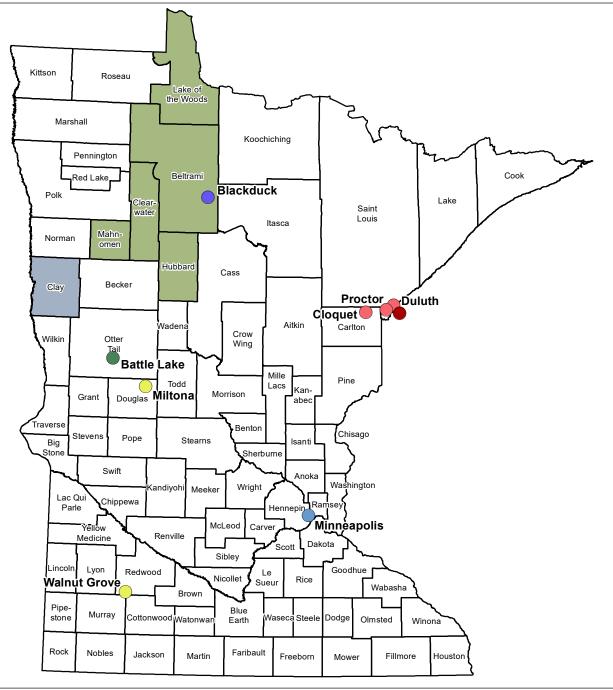
Otter Tail Housing and Redevelopment Authority will strengthen communities by partnering with the City of Battle Lake and investing in a community in Greater Minnesota.

NEXT STEPS

Funding Agreements

Final funding selection letters will be sent to the organizations if funding is approved by the Agency Board. Selections are subject to the program requirements as outlined in each individual Funding Agreement. Funding Agreements will be sent to all recipients in December.

Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Program



Recommended Applicant

- Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota Inc. New Construction
- Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corp. New Construction
- Otter Tail County HRA New Construction
- One Roof Community Housing New Construction
- One Roof Community Housing Acquisition, Rehab, Resale
- Project for Pride in Living, Inc. New Construction
- Headwaters Housing Development Corporation New Construction
- Cass Clay Community Land Trust Acquisition, Rehab, Resale





Cass Clay C	Cass Clay Community Land Trust (Cass Clay CLT)		
Project	Cass Clay Community Land Trust		
Location	Clay County		
Activity	Activity Acquisition, Rehabilitation, and Resale		
Typical # of	3 bedrooms		
Bedrooms	3 Deuroonis		

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	4	\$ 200,000
Funding Recommended	4	\$ 200,000

Organization Information

Cass Clay Community Land Trust (Cass Clay CLT) was a newly created CLT in 2019 in the Fargo-Moorhead area with the mission to preserve the quality, availability and affordability of owner-occupied homes to be built, made and kept affordable for households that meet the federal low-income definition with incomes below 80 percent AMI. In response to a growing need for affordable housing in the greater Fargo-Moorhead area and the search for effective long-term solutions, the Fargo Moorhead Area Foundation launched Cass Clay CLT to create permanently affordable owner-occupied homes in the region. Their initial goal is to develop and sustain 105 affordable workforce homes throughout Cass County in North Dakota and Clay County in Minnesota.

The recommendation is \$200,000 in grant funds for value gap.

Since May 2020, they have acquired eight properties and have worked with contractors to develop two twin-homes and one single-family home that were recently sold to income qualified buyers. Of the eight properties acquired, two were donated to them. One home was developed in partnership with Habitat for Humanity, one was purchased, and four were in partnership with Rebuilding Together. Through these projects, they have developed further understanding of the home building process and have created a network of quality contractors that believe in what Cass Clay CLT is doing and stand ready to help when and where they can.

Project Description

The funds will be used provide value gap to purchase four homes, rehabilitate the homes, convert them to Community Land Trust (CLT) properties and work with a realtor to list and sell the properties to homebuyers at a purchase price that is affordable. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI).

Cass Clay CLT will partner with Dakota Construction as a general contractor. They will also partner with Rebuilding Together, a non-profit organization, that has a team of volunteers with a variety of contractor experience. When applicable Cass Clay CLT will call on Rebuilding Togethers volunteers to help with rehabilitation projects. Finally, Home Builders Association (HBA) will not be a contractor on these projects but will help to identify quality rehabilitation construction firms.

The project furthers the Agency's strategic priorities to make homeownership more accessible and preserves and creates housing opportunities by purchasing homes, rehabilitating as needed and placing the homes into the CLT to protect the long-term affordability of the home. The project entails

acquiring properties that are blighted, distressed and/or need overall updates. The available affordably priced homes on the market are in need of repairs and often low-income households do not have the resources or funds to make the needed repairs. Delaying care and maintenance leads to major issues, which are often expensive and dangerous, making the home uninhabitable. With Cass Clay CLT purchasing the property and managing the repairs and updating, they will be able to offer low-income households move-in ready homes at affordable prices. This allows homebuyers the opportunity to save dollars for future repairs. Because Cass Clay CLT will be working with existing homes, they will be able extend a homes life and revitalize neighborhoods.

Through this project, Cass Clay CLT will be able to provide quality, safe affordable homeownership opportunities for anyone that can obtain a mortgage and wants to become a homeowner. They will guide all applicants through the mortgage process on their way to obtaining a mortgage. Providing affordable homeownership opportunities is the first step. Cass Clay CLT will create strong relationships with each community experiencing housing challenges and disparities. They will work with each community to overcome their barriers. Simply providing affordable housing will not be enough. Each community needs to understand and believe they can become a homeowner. Underserved communities will have more opportunities for households to become homeowners and build wealth.

Costs and Subsidy

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$235,000 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$249,299

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 6%

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$50,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$56,270

Percent Below Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 11%

Community Need

The greater Fargo-Moorhead (FM) area is experiencing rapid growth in its population and in its combined economic base, fueling a sustained surge in housing values and creating a shortage of affordably-priced owner-occupied homes. The current homes being developed are listed at unaffordable rates for working class families. Through a shared-equity model, Cass Clay CLT will safeguard each home's long-term affordability and ensure future generations have the opportunity to experience homeownership.

According to FM Realtors Association, the 2020 average home purchase price in Clay County was \$242,635, nearly an 8 percent increase over 2019's average home purchase -- which is nearly a 15 percent increase from 2016 average purchase prices. Based on the trends from recent years, these values are expected to continue to climb. Of the families looking to purchase a home, only 52 percent can afford one at the area's median home value or above. About 57.9 percent of the area's occupations pay less than the minimum wage needed to purchase a median priced home in the area. According to National Home Builders Association, for every \$1,000 a home increases in price, 200 potential buyers are priced out of the market. To further complicate the community's housing needs, an estimated 8,000 full-time positions will be created by Amazon, who will be opening a distribution

site, and work will begin on the Red River Diversion later this year. This increased workforce will create an increased demand for affordable workforce owner-occupied housing.

Acquiring and rehabilitating existing housing is more economical and efficient for homebuyers and the city. Cass Clay CLT will identify distressed properties and rehabilitate them and sell them to qualified buyers at an affordable price.

The community reviewer states that Clay County has the second highest renter cost-burden in the state at 55 percent. For cost-burdened renters looking into becoming homeowners, providing a mechanism for affordable entry into homeownership would assist in addressing this challenge. This proposal along with the CLT's shared-equity model provides opportunity for wealth-building for low-income households. By focusing on distressed housing, housing units would be preserved. Rehabilitation to the units would increase the curb appeal and assist in the revitalization of the neighborhood. By selling the home and improvements only and leasing the land, the cost of ownership can be made more affordable to low-income households. The program offers additional support through their Stewardship Program which assists new homeowners on the care and maintenance of their home and other topics. Additionally, the applicant has begun conversations with those in underserved communities including Native American, Somali and Liberian households to explain how this program can lead to homeownership.

Habitat for	Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota, Inc	
Project	Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota	
Location	Cities of Walnut Grove and Miltona	
Activity	New Construction	
Typical # of	2 hadraams	
Bedrooms	3 bedrooms	

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	2	\$ 55,000
Funding Recommended	2	\$ 55,000

Organization Information

Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota, Inc (Habitat MN) is a nonprofit organization that provides statewide resources and support for housing development and housing services. Through advocacy, collaboration, and leadership, Habitat MN advances the work of its affiliates to create and preserve affordable homeownership. Each Habitat affiliate has an independent Board of Directors that is locally formed and governs under the umbrella of Habitat for Humanity International.

The recommendation is \$55,000 in grant funds for value gap.

In fiscal year 2020 (FY20), Greater MN affiliates has constructed, recycled and rehabilitated 42 homes. Of this total, 32 units were new construction. During FY20, Douglas County Habitat completed four new construction homes and Redwood River Habitat completed one new construction home.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap to build two new construction homes in the Cities of Walnut Grove and Miltona. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI). Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota (Habitat MN) will provide funds to their Greater Minnesota (Greater MN) affiliates, Redwood River Habitat and Douglas County Habitat, to build new construction homes that will be sold to a Habitat homebuyer.

Habitat MN is the Affiliate Support Organization for the individual Habitat affiliates in Greater MN. Habitat MN gathers resources and provides training for the affiliates to provide a single administrator and point of contact for potential funders. Habitat MN will work with affiliates to ensure they comply with funder requirements, including pre-qualifying homebuyers, providing documents and templates, and providing development oversight. Habitat MN staff will coordinate and request disbursements on behalf of all affiliates.

The proposed project meets the Agency's strategic priority to improve the housing system by focusing on households most impacted. Habitat MN selects homebuyers in accordance with their Homeowner Selection Manual that focuses on the need for adequate housing, willingness to partner with Habitat MN and ability to afford the home being developed. Some key factors in determining households include overcrowding related to family size and degree of current cost burdened households. Habitat MN has a history of working with communities of color (including immigrant/refugee communities), people with disabilities and homes for larger families. In the past five years, Habitat MN has served

about 42 percent of BIPOC households and about 22 percent were households with a person with a disability. To date, Impact Funds have helped build over 60 – four or more bedroom homes. Twelve affiliates have built four to six bedroom homes for families of seven or more household members.

The project also meets the Agency's strategic priority to make homeownership more accessible through Habitat MN's flexible first mortgage financing. Habitat MN is able to structure the mortgage for Habitat MN homebuyers in a way that keeps payments affordable and is able to implement creative credit and underwriting solutions, opening homeownership to communities historically left out. With innovative underwriting guidelines and flexible credit analysis, this opens homeownership opportunities to households with poor, limited, or no credit, limited savings, criminal histories or history of eviction/bankruptcy, and other significant life transitions.

Habitat MN is uniquely poised to continue to tackle the homeownership disparities because of their role as a developer, lender and service provider. Using cost containment measures, innovative credit methodologies and underwriting guidelines, and a partnership model that includes homeownership education, Habitat MN makes homeownership attainable for households that would not be able to buy through conventional measures. Habitat MN's strategic plan includes partnering with Black, Indigenous and people of color (BIPOC)-led organizations to close the racial gaps in homeownership. This includes working with a Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) Contractor over the next two years to create Greater MN specific tools and resources that identify community specific disparities.

Costs and Subsidy

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$187,500 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$195,044

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 4%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$145,000 is below the industry average of \$146,943 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$27,500

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$18,235

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 51%

Community Need

The City of Walnut Grove has a population of 687 and Miltona has a population of 364. The current top five in-demand occupations in Minnesota are home health and personal care aides, retail salespersons, stockers and order fillers, registered nurses, and first-line supervisors of retail sales workers. Over the next ten years, demand for these occupations are expected to grow by an average rate of eight percent, with home health and personal care aids alone seeing an expected demand growth rate of 32 percent. These positions do not earn enough to afford quality housing. Many of these positions only pay a fraction of what is needed to afford market rents and the cost of a median value home. Of the current top occupations, the median annual income ranges from \$26,466 (retail salespersons) to \$79,373 (registered nurses). At these income levels, only registered nurses and first-

line supervisors of retail sales workers are able to afford the median market rent for the state at \$977 per month.

In Redwood and Douglas Counties, the income for families is not rising at the same pace as home values, where income increased one percent in the last year but home values increased 15 percent (Redwood County) and 16 percent (Douglas County), making it more difficult for families to purchase and own a home. Furthermore, while a significant portion of the rental and owner-occupied housing is aging, new construction is not keeping up with demand. In Redwood County, 1,129 households pay more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs with 515 households severely cost-burdened and pay more than 50 percent of their income on housing. In Douglas County, 4,256 households pay more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs with 1,764 are severely cost-burdened and pay more than 50 percent of their income on housing. Those working at the median wage and especially those earning the minimum wage cannot afford a two-bedroom apartment or the mortgage for a median price home. This shows that wages are certainly not keeping up with housing costs.

Habitat MN is in a unique position as both an affordable housing developer and a mortgage lender to contain costs and work with the lowest AMI households. In order for affiliates to be able to keep building affordably in light of rising construction costs, some value gap is necessary so these affiliates don't lose money that would otherwise be used to build their next affordable unit. The affiliates select families before home construction which guarantees a home sale.

The community reviewer indicates that rising housing costs (construction, values overall) across the state and wages not keeping pace with housing costs make homeownership more difficult. Habitat MN has a strong track record with statewide coverage through their 24 affiliates, working in rural communities with high immigrant populations, and their unique and effective model (education/coaching, sweat equity, donations, affordable/flexible financing, downpayment assistance) makes them a strong applicant.

Headwaters Housing Development Corporation (HHDC)		
Project	Regional Application	
Location	Counties of Beltrami, Hubbard, Clearwater, Mahnomen, and Lake of the Woods	
Activity	New Construction	
Typical # of	3 bedrooms	
Bedrooms	5 Deditionis	

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	2	\$ 260,000
Funding Recommended	2	\$ 260,000

Organization Information

Headwaters Housing Development Corporation (HHDC) is a nonprofit housing development organization with the mission to create affordable housing opportunities for low- to moderate-income households throughout the North Central Region of Minnesota. HHDC is a subsidiary of the Headwaters Regional Development Commission, a local unit of government.

The recommendation is \$60,000 in grant funds for value gap and \$200,000 in interim construction loan funds for the development of the homes.

Over the past five years, HHDC has developed 14 new single family homes throughout the region. The proposed homes will be of similar development and design as the 14 that HHDC has successfully completed.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap to construct two new single family detached homes on infill lots in the counties of Beltrami, Hubbard, Clearwater, Mahnomen, and Lake of the Woods. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI).

While HHDC has targeted specific cities and towns in past proposals, it has chosen to broaden its target area to its broader service area throughout the Northwest region of the state. This will provide more flexibility to complete projects sooner as lots in cities and towns come available for acquisition.

The project furthers the Agency's strategic objective to create housing opportunities through increasing the development of new housing that is affordable through constructing two new homes targeting lower income households at 80 percent.

The project also furthers the Agency's strategic priority to support older Minnesotans and people with disabilities because the homes will be accessible. They are designed as one-level, slab on grade homes with no-step entrances with 3 bedrooms and 2 baths.

Costs and Subsidy

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$215,000 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$252,296

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 15%

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$30,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$57,291

Percent Below Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 48%

Community Need

There is a low inventory of affordable homes for purchase in the proposed target area and a high demand for entry level homes. In the Northwest region of the state, 38 percent of owner-occupied housing was built prior to 1970. Private developers are not interested in building new homes due to high development costs and lower appraisals of the developed homes. The profit margin is not enough to draw developers to construct new and affordable homes in the area.

The top five in-demand jobs in the Northwest region of the state in 2020 were registered nurses, maids and housekeeping cleaners, home health and personal care aides, nursing assistants and laborers, freight, stock and material movers. These jobs have median annual income ranges from \$27,537 - \$33,677. In Beltrami County, 68 percent of households make less than \$50,000 per year and close to 19 percent of households live in poverty. In Mahnomen County, more than 54 percent of households make less than \$50,000 and close to 24 percent live below the poverty line. In Lake of the Woods County, close to 35 percent of households are cost-burdened. In Hubbard County, 25 percent of households are cost-burdened.

HHDC has successfully reach Black, Indigenous, and Households of Color as well as households with a person with a disability. In 2020, 95 percent of households served were BIPOC households and five percent of households included a person with a disability. In 2019, 100 percent of households served were BIPOC households and 10 percent of households included a person with a disability.

This project will address both the low inventory of homes and create affordable homeownership opportunities for cost-burdened, low-income households.

Midwest N	Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation	
Project	Blackduck Two-Lot Single Family Development	
Location	City of Blackduck	
Activity	New Construction	
Typical # of	2 bedrooms	
Bedrooms	2 bedrooms	

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	2	\$ 106,170
Funding Recommended	2	\$ 106,170

Organization Information

Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation (MMCDC) is a nonprofit with a mission to assist communities and individuals achieve a better quality of life. To support workforce development and retention, MMCDC creates affordable, quality housing to attract and retain workers.

The recommendation is \$106,170 in grant funds for value gap.

MMCDC began working in the City of Blackduck with Anderson Fabrics in 1992. In 2006 they constructed an 18-unit low-income housing tax credit development adjacent to the company and a duplex in a residential neighborhood. Both properties are fully occupied.

From 2016-2019 MMCDC constructed 21 homes with a total sales price of \$4,320,916 or an average of \$205,757.90 per home. In 2020, MMCDC developed six homes with a total sales price of \$1,383,350 or an average of \$230,000. The lowest priced home in 2020 was \$189,080.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap for the construction of two single family homes in the City of Blackduck. The applicant will serve households at or below 115 percent area median income (AMI).

MMCDC owns three additional lots and would like to develop two single-family units on two of these lots. For the proposed project they will construct two one-story slab-on grade homes, 2,000 square feet, two-bedroom, and two bathrooms with a two-car attached garage.

This project is in alignment with Minnesota Housing's strategic priority to create new housing opportunities by adding newly constructed housing units in Blackduck. The number of quality affordable homes available for purchase in Blackduck is one. The percentage of residents who have moved to the community within the last ten years is high. There is no evidence of newly constructed homes for sale in this community which indicates a need and demand for quality affordable housing. Blackduck is a very small community and has limited capacity to accomplish affordable housing development without assistance from a long-term partner such as MMCDC.

The project also supports people needing services by incorporating required visitability standards including a no-step entry, wider door entries and a main level bath. This is likely to appeal to area seniors although it also may serve a smaller family. MMCDC has been successful at pre-selling homes,

although this is more true in developments that are already under way. While visitability is a minimum standard a home could be designed with a bath that includes a walk-in shower and other handicapped accessibility features often sought by seniors.

Costs and Subsidy

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$228,085 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$252,296

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 10%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$195,000 is below the industry average of \$212,035 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$53,085

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$57,291

Percent Below Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 7%

Community Need

According to PolicyMap.com, which uses a variety of data sources, the median value of a home in Blackduck is currently between \$75,701 - \$103,500 (Census, 2015-2019) with the median year a housing unit was built is between 1960-1970. (Census, 2015-2019). The homeownership rate is 57.35 percent or less. (Census, 2015-2019). The City of Blackduck indicates a need for single-family homes.

There currently are three homes for sale in the city of Blackduck that are similar to those proposed by MMCDC but two are listed as "pending." The remaining home was constructed in 2004. It is a 2-bath, 4-bed split-level home with 1,920 square feet of living space, a two-stall attached garage, concrete driveway, fence-in yard, and on a .22 acre lot. The sales agent price history shows it was listed June 18, 2021 at \$189,900 and reduced to \$169,000 on July 7. There is one other home for sale with no purchase pending in the city limits, which is old, small and in very poor condition.

The community reviewer indicated that affordable housing is needed in the region and adding units in Blackduck would be beneficial. MMCDC has been working on housing in the City since 1992 with the completion of an 18-unit LIHTC project adjacent to Anderson Fabrics in 2006. The City lacks capacity to take on housing development and could use the expertise and experience of MMCDC as a seasoned developer.

One Roof Community Housing		
Project	One Roof Acquisition-Rehab-Resale – Duluth/Cloquet	
Location	City of Duluth and Cloquet	
Activity	Acquisition, Rehabilitation, and Resale	
Typical # of	3 bedrooms	
Bedrooms	5 Deditionins	

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	12	\$ 1,440,000
Funding Recommended	12	\$ 1,440,000

Organization Information

One Roof Community Housing (One Roof) is a non-profit organization with the mission to strengthen the foundation of its communities by providing housing services and building and sustaining affordable homes and health neighborhoods. One Roof develops affordable CLT homes and affordable rental housing; offers down-payment and closing costs assistance, homebuyer education and credit counseling, and loans for owner-occupied rehabilitation.

The recommendation is \$940,000 in grant funds for value gap and \$500,000 in interim construction loan funds for the development of the homes.

Since January 1, 2016, One Roof has acquired, rehabilitated, and resell of 50 properties.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap for the acquisition, rehabilitation, and resale of 12 single family homes in the Cities of Duluth and Cloquet. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI).

One Roof will acquire, rehabilitate and resell three single family homes in the community recovery areas in Duluth, seven units in the increasing housing choice areas in Duluth, and two units within the community recovery area in Cloquet. All the homes will be placed in the Community Land Trust (CLT). One Roof will serve as the Administrator and developer of the homes and will handle every aspect of the project. They will partner with the Duluth Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) for code compliance, and lead assessments and inspections.

The proposed project will further Minnesota Housing's strategic priority to improve the housing system. The proposed project will further the Agency's strategic priority to improve the housing system. One Roof is oriented around focusing on the people and places most impacted, especially children, and they work to ensure homeownership possibilities for Black, Indigenous and People of Color (BIPOC), people with disabilities, single-parent households. In the past five years, One Roof on average has served 23 percent of BIPOC households and 16 percent of households with a person with a disability.

The project will also further the Agency's strategic priority by preserving and creating housing opportunities. As the properties in the Duluth area aging, maintenance is a necessity for a substantial

portion of the properties. When this is considered, in the context of cost-burdened homeowners and in addition to the median household incomes, it shows that Duluth is at an increased risk of losing homes to disrepair. This proposed project seeks to ameliorate that risk in a way that allows for the homes to remain affordable to low-to-moderate income families.

One Roof has found that households of color and Indigenous households in particular face greater barriers when attempting to qualify for traditional mortgages. One Roof is developing an in-house mortgage product through its lending arm to provide first mortgages for households of color who are unable to obtain conventional financing. One Roof measures success on these outcomes by comparing the percentage of households with a given trait (i.e. BIPOC households or households with someone with a disability) who become new CLT homeowners each year to the percentage of households in Duluth that have the given trait. If One Roof is over-representing underserved populations, this is considered to be successfully meeting the goals.

Costs and Subsidy

Duluth – Community Recovery areas

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$253,500 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$249,299

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 2%

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$90,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$56,270

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 60%

Cloquet – Communtiy Recovery areas

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$253,500 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$249,299

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 2%

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$90,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$56,270

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 60%

Duluth – Increasing Housing Choice areas

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$278,000 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$249,299

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 12%

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$70,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$56,270

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 24%

Community Need

Currently, Duluth can't afford to lose existing housing stock to disrepair when the need for affordable home options is so great in the area. Given that new construction efforts have consistently lagged considerably behind the projected need, there is a critical need to preserve existing housing stock that can be sold to low-to-moderate income households. In 2014, a Maxfield report projected that 900 units of new construction single-family housing needed to be built by 2020 to meet projected demand. Duluth did not make it and lagged significantly behind the targets for each category of new single family housing construction. Maxfield released a new report in October of 2019 that estimated 698 new single-family homes would be needed by 2024. Given that Duluth had only been able to create 256 units of new housing from 2014 to 2019, it is clear that maintaining existing housing stock is a high priority to try to make up for the difficulties that have been encountered by the city in developing new construction homes.

Community need primarily exists along two lines, age of housing stock and a lack of affordable housing. The median household income for the 120 households that have purchased a CLT home through One Roof between January 2016 to the end of December 2020 was \$35,539. While homes are less expensive in the community recovery neighborhoods relative to other parts of the city, these homes often require estimated deferred maintenance costs of well more than \$30,000 in order to meet basic livability and energy-efficiency conditions. For this reason, market rate homeownership in these neighborhoods are simply not a reasonable option for many households earning the median income or even slightly above median income for those areas.

According to the City of Duluth's 2019 Housing Indicators Report, the city's 2019 median sale price for a single family home was \$195,000, an increase of \$10,000 from the 2018 median sale price. The 2018 5-year American Community Survey estimates that the median household income of the Duluth is \$49,441. Given that most of these households will not have five percent to put down on a home, have monthly debt, and homes will typically have a minimum of \$30,000-\$50,000 worth of deferred maintenance to address, this illustrates the affordability need in the city for CLT homes. One Roof is able to offer high-quality, energy-efficient homes at prices below the median sales price without the deferred maintenance problems older homes can present.

The Community Reviewer noted that by acquiring and rehabilitating older homes in disenfranchised neighborhoods and units that would fall into disuse, disrepair and demolition can be preserved. In addition, by adding the units to the CLT will maintain long-term affordability of those units and increase the number of affordable housing units in Duluth.

One Roof (One Roof Community Housing	
Project	One Roof Scattered Sites	
Location	Cities of Duluth, Proctor, and Cloquet	
Activity	New Construction	
Typical # of Bedrooms	2 or 3 bedrooms	
Bedrooms	2 of 5 beardoins	

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	6	\$ 790,000
Funding Recommended	6	\$ 790,000

Organization Information

One Roof Community Housing (One Roof) is a non-profit organization with the mission to strengthen the foundation of its communities by providing housing services and building and sustaining affordable homes and healthy neighborhoods. One Roof develops affordable CLT homes and affordable rental housing, offers downpayment and closing costs assistance, homebuyer education and credit counseling, and loans for owner-occupied rehabilitation. One Roof Community Housing has partnered with the Fond du Lac Band of Lake Superior Chippewa to build affordable housing for its members.

The recommendation is \$390,000 in grant funds for value gap and \$400,000 in interim construction loan funds for the development of the homes.

Since January 1, 2016, One Roof has developed and sold 31 new construction properties.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap to construct six new construction scattered site units in the Cities of Duluth, Proctor and Cloquet. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI) for the four community land trust (CLT) homes and up to 115 percent AMI on the two fee-simple units.

One Roof's proposed project will produce new construction single-family homes in areas of increasing housing choice and community recovery areas withing Duluth, Cloquet and Proctor, and offer affordability and quality homeownership opportunities. The six sites will be donated by the Cities of Duluth and Proctor, and St. Louis County as part of their affordable housing initiatives.

The proposed project will further the Agency's strategic priority to improve the housing system. One Roof is oriented around focusing on the people and places most impacted, especially children and they work to ensure homeownership possibilities for Black, Indigenous and People of Color (BIPOC), people with disabilities, single-parent households. In the past five years, One Roof on average has served 23 percent of BIPOC households and 16 percent of households with a person with a disability.

The project will also further the Agency's strategic priority by preserve and create housing opportunities. Duluth has been struggling with affordable single family new construction and this activity is highly desired and necessary for the community. There are a few affordable single family

new construction homes being built in Duluth aside from the new construction units being built by One Roof. This proposed project will continue to put new affordable homes into the communities and place the homes into the CLT to maintain the long-term affordability.

One Roof has found that households of color and Indigenous households in particular face greater barriers when attempting to qualify for traditional mortgages. One Roof is developing an in-house mortgage product through its lending arm at One Roof to provide first mortgages for households of color who are unable to obtain conventional financing. One Roof measures success on these outcomes by comparing the percentage of households with a given trait (i.e. BIPOC households or households with someone with a disability) who become new CLT homeowners each year to the percentage of households in Duluth that have the given trait. If One Roof is over-representing underserved populations, this is considered to be successfully meeting the goals.

Costs and Subsidy

Community Land Trust Units

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$287,000 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$348,281

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 18%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$240,000 is below the industry average of \$276,581 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

<u>Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit:</u> \$70,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$103,492

Percent Below Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 32%

Fee Simple Units

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$310,000 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$348,281

Percent Below Historical High Cost Threshold: 11%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$250,000 is below the industry average of \$276,581 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$55,000

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$103,492

Percent Below Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 47%

Community Need

In 2014, a Maxfield report projected that 900 units of new construction single-family housing is needed to be built by 2020 to meet projected demand. Duluth did not make it and lagged significantly behind the targets for each category of new single-family housing construction. Maxfield released a

new report in October of 2019 that estimated 698 new single-family homes would be needed by 2024. Duluth has been able to create 256 units of new single family housing from 2014 to 2019. It is clear that it is a high priority for any developers engaged in new construction activity to at least maintain current levels of activity, if not increasing them to make up for the difficulties that have been encountered by the City in developing new construction homes. One Roof is one of the only developers constructing new homes and at a price point that is affordable to low- to moderate-income households. However, increasing construction costs have only exacerbated this issue

There is a high demand for homes and a low-supply for affordable single family homes available to low- to moderate-income households. Per the 2019 Duluth Housing Indicator report, the median Duluth area income was \$49,441 in 2019 while the median sale price of purchased homes in that same year was \$195,000. The vast majority of the housing stock in the increasing housing choice areas is not affordable to low- to moderate-income households without direct intervention from One Roof, which is seeking to sell its CLT new construction homes for \$139,500. The reason for being able to sell the homes at this price point is due to the affordability gap leverage sources that includes sources from the City of Duluth's Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and the American Rescue Plan, and an individual donor fund.

The proposed project homes will be sold at price points where the greatest demand relative to newly emerging supply exists, targeting households up to 115 percent AMI. The case that could be made would be significantly weaker if there were more active participants in this area, but the housing crash in 2008 drove most developers out, which lower labor supply has led to rising construction costs. These higher costs, when combined with the price at which homes can be sold, make reasonably priced new construction housing a pursuit that few developers have an interest in. One factor is that the demand for the highest tier of homes is strong enough to support activity at this level despite the need being greater at lower tiers.

The community reviewer noted that the median price of single-family home in Duluth was \$205,000 and the median income in Duluth have remained relatively stable over the past decade with more than 66 percent of households earning less than \$75,000 a year. For this population housing affordability is crucial. Many of the older homes are so deteriorated and being demolished by the city. The proposed project will create new housing opportunities for a large segment of Duluth and Cloquet's population and meets several community developed plan objectives including new housing and affordability.

Otter Tail County Housing and Redevelopment Authority	
Project	Hidden Meadows Development
Location	City of Battle Lake
Activity	New Construction
Typical # of	2 and 3 bedrooms
Bedrooms	2 and 3 bedrooms

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	3	\$ 1,266,582
Funding Recommended	3	\$ 1,266,582

Organization Information

Otter Tail County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) in conjunction with the Battle Lake Economic Development Authority (EDA) is working to increase the number of housing units to serve the needs of current and prospective residents of Battle Lake, Minnesota.

The recommendation is \$516,582 in grant funds for value gap and \$750,000 in interim construction loan funds for the development of the homes.

While the Otter Tail County HRA has not taken on new construction projects during the past five years, the staff that has recently been hired has the knowledge and competency to complete this project. Barbara Dacy, Executive Director, has been working on housing and redevelopment projects since 1993 during her tenure as the City of Fridley Community Development Director and was responsible for infill scattered site housing and two townhome redevelopment projects. While at Washington County Community Development Agency (CDA), she was responsible for creating a 126unit life cycle housing redevelopment project and three affordable senior housing developments. Ms. Dacy has also worked with many housing finance tools including Housing Infrastructure Bonds, Minnesota Cities Participation Program, tax exempt bonding, low-income housing tax credits, and local gap financing programs. Tanya Westra, Project Manager, has over five years of building rehabilitation experience and has been responsible for authoring grant applications as well as program and her past rehabilitation projects included approximately 80 owner-occupied housing units, 33 individual rental units and eight commercial buildings. These projects utilized funding sources such as MN Department of Employment and Economic Development's (DEED) Small Cities Development Program funds, MHFA's Rehabilitation Loan Program and Emergency Loan Program funds as well as local owner-occupied and rental rehabilitation loan programs.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap to construct three new construction homes in the City of Battle Lake. The applicant will serve households at or below 115 percent area median income (AMI).

Otter Tail County HRA's proposed project will construct three new single-family homes within the Hidden Meadows Development in Battle Lake. The proposed project will build two slab-on grade, 2-bedroom, two-bathroom rambler at 1,200 square feet, two car attached garage home that will be marketable to the aging population. They also propose to build one 3-bedroom, one-bathroom rambler at 1,244 square feet, two car attached garage with an unfinished basement that will give the

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opportunity for a family to move in and finish the basement in a way that suits their needs in the future. This development is conveniently located within six blocks of a medical clinic, grocery store, pharmacy, seasonal farmer's market, senior center and community center and restaurants.

This project is in alignment with Minnesota Housing's strategic priority to create new housing opportunities by adding newly constructed housing units in Battle Lake. The lack of available housing is hindering community growth. The City of Battle Lake has taken a multi-faceted approach to address this issue. The City has been awarded a Small Cities Development Program grant from Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED). This grant will preserve 20 homes and eight commercial buildings within the community during the next two years. The development of Hidden Meadows will provide three families the opportunity of homeownership.

This project is also in alignment with the Agency's strategic priority to make homeownership more accessible. The City of Battle Lake and the Otter Tail County HRA will increase outreach to area residents. Households that face homeownerhip barriers such as poor credit, limited savings and income or other obstacles can begin or continue to work on these stumbling blocks in the hopes of being ready to purchase a home when they are available. The HRA will offer referrals to local organizations that offer assistance and education with regards to homeownership.

Costs and Subsidy

2 Bedrooms

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$389,644 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$252,296

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 54%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$305,000 is above the industry average of \$185,984 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$154,644

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$65,054

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 138%

3 Bedrooms

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$457,294 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$252,296

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 81%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$365,000 is above the industry average of \$195,042 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$207,294

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$65,054

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 219%

Community Need

According to information contained in the Battle Lake Housing Study conducted by West Central Initiative (WCI) that was presented on March 1, 2021, the vacancy and abandonment rates for both owner occupied and rental units within the city is extremely low at one percent

WCI report also shows that during the past ten years, 20 building permits have been issued with an average value of \$74,100. This information suggests that only a few of the issued permits were for new construction of a single family home. Currently, there are two homes for sale within the city limits of Battle Lake and with a decline in single family home construction and very few homes listed for sale, the housing market in Battle Lake is restricted. The cost to build a home is financially out of reach for the majority of its residents as the median income is \$63,400 per year. Utilizing standard mortgage rate calculations, a typical household would most likely qualify for a mortgage valued between \$200,000 and \$250,000 and the estimated sale price of the proposed homes are within this range.

Due to the low vacancy rate in Battle Lake, few homes listed for sale, increase in home prices being out of reach for households at the median income, this demostrates there's a need for affordable single famly homes in Battle Lake.

The community reviewer indicated that the lack of new housing starts over the past ten years and an increase in households moving to the region would support the need for additional housing in Battle Lake. That is in combination with the market study conducted by the University of MN that indicates the highest demand is for single-family units.

Project for	Pride in Living, Inc
Project	Portland Place
Location	City of Minneapolis (Phillips West neighborhood)
Activity	New Construction
Typical # of	3 bedrooms
Bedrooms	5 Deditionis

	# of Units	Total
Funding Requested	9	\$ 4,358,000
Funding Recommended	9	\$ 4,358,000

Organization Information

Project for Pride in Living's (PPL) is a non-profit organization that builds the hope, assets, and self-reliance of individuals and families who have lower incomes by providing transformative affordable housing and empowerment readiness services. At its core, the organization's goa is to address housing disparities ad build power in communities most impacted by housing challenges. PPL began as an affordable housing developer in 1972 and has since become a multi-service agency that serves 15,000 low income people annually.

The recommendation is \$1,158,000 in grant funds for value gap and \$3,200,000 in interim construction loan funds for the development of the homes.

Over the past five years, PPL completed 17 new construction homes similar to those outlined in the proposal. All of the homes were located in either Minneapolis or St. Paul and were sold to an income eligible household within one month of construction completion.

Project Description

The funds will be used to provide value gap to develop nine new construction single family row homes in the Phillips West neighborhood of south Minneapolis. The applicant will serve households at or below 80 percent area median income (AMI).

PPL's Portland Place new construction project will consist of nine single family row homes located within the Phillips West neighborhood in South Minneapolis. The Portland Place project will expand on PPL's redevelopment work in the Phillips West neighborhood. Beginning in the in 1990s PPL began the phased redevelopment of numerous duplexes and rowhomes on adjacent blocks of this project. The nine new homes outlined in this proposal will complement the scale and style of the neighboring structures and represent the final phase of PPL's Portland Place redevelopment work.

This project furthers the Agency's strategic priorities to make homeownership more accessible and preserve and create housing opportunities. PPL meets these priorities by assisting low-income communities to access affordable homeownership and build wealth through the equity of owning a home. Over the past five years, more than 75 percent of the households served by PPL were households of color or members of Indigenous communities. With the price of single-family homes in the proposed target area having dramatically increased in recent years, the proposed homes will

Agenda Item: 7.A Project Summaries

preserve the character of the neighborhood, while increasing density and creating new homeownership opportunities.

Costs and Subsidy

<u>Typical Development Cost Per Unit:</u> \$541,407 Historical High Cost Threshold: \$393,413

Percent Above Historical High Cost Threshold: 38%

The anticipated per-unit construction cost of \$427,786 is above the industry average of \$309,400 for a unit of similar new construction in a similar geographic area. This per-unit construction cost reflects only the hard costs and does not include soft costs and land.

Typical Impact Fund Value Gap Subsidy Per Unit: \$128,667

Historical High Subsidy Threshold: \$43,015

Percent Above Historical High Subsidy Threshold: 199%

Community Need

The Phillips West neighborhood is a vibrant, culturally diverse community located just south of Downtown Minneapolis. Minnesota Compass data from 2019 shows that over 70 percent of community members in Phillips West neighborhood identify as Black, Indigenous or People of Color (BIPOC) with an estimated population of 5,319. While the neighborhood has long suffered disinvestment in housing through racist practices like redlining and the use of racial covenants, it is currently in the midst of a significant revitalization effort, which has resulted in increased public transit, more community resources and improved economic opportunities. The Minneapolis 2040 Plan has designated Phillips West as a growth center, and neighborhood revitalization has caused population growth to the area by those seeking jobs or community resources. Because of this, the housing market is experiencing increased interest from buyers and is expected to see considerable market appreciation. Through this project, PPL seeks to use affordable homeownership as a mechanism to stabilize and protect those in the neighborhood against gentrification and displacement, while providing an opportunity to build wealth.

Minnesota Compass data from 2019 shows a median household income of residents in Phillips West at \$39,271, and the neighborhood's homeownership rate at 13 percent. At time of application, the average single-family home price in the Twin Cities was \$305,000. While for-sale homes in the Phillips West neighborhood tend to have lower sales prices compared to the rest of the city, home sale prices are rising and are still unattainable for many. From 2017 to 2019 single family homes in Phillips West sold for an average sale price of \$200,180. A recent competitive market analysis from realtor Stephanie Gruver shows three comparable listings (averaging 1,611 sq. ft. and 3.33BR/2BA) with an average sales price of \$234,833 and the average listing time was 21 days. This information indicates demand for medium to large townhouse and rowhouse style units on the south side of the city. The proposed development is well suited to respond to this demand in the market both for size and price.

Homeownership is a proven way to build generational wealth. According to the Joint Center for Housing Studies at Harvard University, each year of successful homeownership increases household wealth by about \$10,000. The homeownership gap in Minneapolis is significant with 59 percent of

Agenda Item: 7.A Project Summaries

white households are homeowners, while homeownership rates amongst households of color range from 21-31 percent. The low rate of homeownership in the Phillips West neighborhood (13 percent) shows the need to provide more diverse and affordable avenues to homeownership. Targeted homeownership programs can help to decrease the homeownership gap between households of color and white households.

PPL's Home Ready program improves access to sustainable homeownership for households of color by providing homeownership coaching, financial education, and innovative asset-building strategies, like lending circles. Home Ready follows the "Four Cornerstones of Financial Literacy" curriculum, providing one-to-one coaching for participants in topics such as budgeting for a 30-year mortgage and downpayment program resources. Expanding homeownership opportunities, especially among low income residents, people of color and Indigenous people will work to overcome the lasting effects of past barriers as well as current barriers in accessing homeownership for all people, specifically reducing racial disparities within homeownership.

The community reviewer indicates that the project is justifiable because it fits into the other development plans of the neighborhood and because of the rising house prices, illustrated by the market analysis provided by the applicant. Project would be a good addition to the neighborhood, providing a new (but also historically appropriate) form of affordable homeownership using an infill site.

2021 Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development Minnesota Housing Single Family Funding Selections

	<u> </u>	pact Fund Unit Count	Unit Cou	ınt			Total Funding
Location - Administrator - Project Name	Exist	New	Total Units	80% AMI	Workforce & Affordable Homeownership Development	Interim Loan	Total Minnesota Housing Funding
METRO AREA							
Seven-County Metro Area							
Project for Pride in Living – Portland Place	0	6	6	6	\$ 1,158,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 4,358,000
Total Seven-County Metro Area	0	6	6	6	\$ 1,158,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 4,358,000
Total METRO AREA	0	6	6	6	\$ 1,158,000	\$ 3,200,000	\$ 4,358,000
GREATER MINNESOTA							
Northeast							
One Roof Community Housing – One Roof Community Housing Acquisition-Rehab-Resale	12	0	12	12	\$ 940,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,440,000
One Roof Community Housing – One Roof Community Housing New Construction - Scattered Sites	0	9	9	9	\$ 390,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 790,000
Total Northeast	12	9	18	18	\$ 1,330,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 2,230,000
Northwest							
Cass Clay Community Land Trust – Cass Clay Community Land Trust	4	0	4	4	\$ 200,000	- \$	\$ 200,000
Headwaters Housing Development Corporation – Regional Application	0	2	2	2	\$ 60,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 260,000
Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation – Blackduck Two-Lot Single-family Development	0	2	2	0	\$ 106,170	- \$	\$ 106,170
Total Northeast	4	4	8	9	\$ 366,170	\$ 200,000	\$ 566,170
Southwest							
Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota, Inc. – Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota	0	2	2	2	\$ 55,000	· \$	\$ 55,000
Total Southwest	0	2	2	2	\$ 55,000	- \$	\$ 55,000
West Central							
Otter Tail County Housing & Redevelopment Authority – Hidden Meadows Development	0	3	3	0	\$ 516,582	\$ 750,000	\$ 1,266,582
Total West Central	0	3	3	0	\$ 516,582	\$ 750,000	\$ 1,266,582
Total GREATER MINNESOTA	16	15	31	56	\$ 2,267,752	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 4,117,752
Total STATEWIDE	16	24	40	35	\$ 3,425,752	\$ 5,050,000	\$ 8,475,752
*Units may achieve multiple priorities							
KEY: Exist: Includes Acquisition/Rehabilitation/Resale	New: Includ	New: Includes New Construction	nstruction				
p to 80 percent of area median income (AM	(E		5				

2021 Minnesota Housing Workforce and Affordable Homeownership Development **Program Non-Recommended Applications**

Applicant - Project Name	Funding Requested
GREATER MINNESOTA	
One Roof Community Housing - One Roof Community Housing New	¢1.070.000
Construction - Harbor Highlands - New Construction	\$1,970,000
Total STATEWIDE - 1 project	\$1,970,000
Total STATEWIDE - 1 project	\$1,970,000

Agenda Item: 7.A Resolution

MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY 400 Wabasha Street North, Suite 400 St. Paul, MN 55102

RESOLUTION NO. MHFA 21-

RESOLUTION APPROVING SELECTION OF PROJECTS FOR GRANT FUNDS UNDER THE WORKFORCE AND AFFORDABLE HOMEOWNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AND INTERIM CONSTRUCTION LOANS FUNDED THROUGH THE HOUSING INVESTMENT FUND (POOL 2)

WHEREAS, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (Agency) has received applications to provide grant funds and construction financing for single family homeownership housing units serving persons and families of low- and moderate-income; and

WHEREAS, Agency staff has reviewed the applications and determined that the applications are in compliance under the Agency's rules, regulations and policies; that such grants and loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders or other agencies upon equivalent terms and conditions; and that the applications will assist in fulfilling the purpose of Minn. Stat. Ch. 462A.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

The Board hereby authorizes Agency staff to enter into grant and loan contracts, for the applications and in the amounts set forth below, subject to the terms and conditions contained herein and in the respective grant and loan agreements:

2021 Applicant Name	Project/Program Name Title	Funding Source	\$ Awarded
Cass Clay Community Land Trust (Cass Clay CLT)	Cass Clay Community Land Trust	Grant	\$ 200,000
Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota, Inc	Habitat for Humanity of Minnesota	Grant	\$ 55,000
Headwaters Housing	Regional Application	Grant	\$ 60,000
Development Corporation		Loan (Pool 2)	\$ 200,000
Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation	Blackduck Two-Lot Single Family Development	Grant	\$ 106,170
One Roof Community Housing	One Roof Acquisition-Rehab-	Grant	\$ 940,000
	Resale – Duluth/Cloquet	Loan (Pool 2)	\$ 500,000
One Roof Community Housing	One Roof Scattered Sites	Grant	\$ 390,000
		Loan (Pool 2)	\$ 400,000
Otter Tail Housing and	Hidden Meadows Development	Grant	\$ 516,582
Redevelopment Authority		Loan (Pool 2)	\$ 750,000

Agenda Item: 7.A Resolution

Project for Pride in Living, Inc	Portland Place	Grant Loan (Pool 2)	\$ \$	1,158,000 3,200,000
		Total Awarded:	\$	8,475,752

- 1. The execution of the grant contract agreement or loan agreement for all funds awarded by the Agency in form and substance acceptable to the Agency shall occur no later than nine months from the adoption date of this Resolution; all Housing Investment Funds (Pool 2) must be repaid within 26 months from the effective date of the loan agreement; and all other funds must be expended and all reporting of the use of funds shall be completed within 26 months from the effective date of the grant contract agreement or loan agreement; and
- 2. The applicant and any other parties that Agency staff, in its sole discretion deem necessary, shall execute all such documents relating to the grant contract agreement or loan agreement, to the construction of the homeownership housing units, subject to such terms and conditions as the Agency, in its sole discretion, deems necessary.

Adopted this 18 th day of November 2021
CHAIRMAN



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Board Agenda Item: 7.B Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Selection and Commitment, Bridge Loan (BL)

- Knollwood Apartments, D1126, Pine Island, MN

Staff Contact(s):

Sarah Woodward, 651.297.5145, sarah.woodward@state.mn.us

Request Type:	
	No Action Needed
	☐ Discussion
☑ Resolution	\square Information

Summary of Request:

At the December 17, 2020 Minnesota Housing board meeting, the proposed development was selected for deferred funding under the Preservation Affordable Rental Investment Fund (PARIF) program under Resolution Number 20-064. The amount of the PARIF loan is unchanged. The selection did not include a bridge loan from Minnesota Housing, however, the need for a bridge loan has since been identified. Agency staff completed the underwriting and technical review of the proposed development and recommends the adoption of a resolution authorizing the issuance of a Bridge Loan commitment in the amount of up to \$1,534,000.

All commitments are subject to the terms and conditions of the Agency term letter.

Fiscal Impact:

This bridge loan will be funded from Housing Investment Fund Pool 2 resources, and as such, Minnesota Housing will earn interest income on the loan without incurring financing expenses. The bridge loan will also generate additional fee income.

Meeting Agency Priorities:

\boxtimes	Improve the Housing System
\boxtimes	Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities
	Make Homeownership More Accessible
	Support People Needing Services
\boxtimes	Strengthen Communities

Attachments:

- Development Summary
- Resolution
- Resolution Attachment: Term Letter

DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

SECTION I: PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Project Information				
Development Name	Knollwood Apartments		D#1126	M#18427
Address	505 5 th Street SW			
City	Pine Island	County	Goodhue	
Date of Selection	12/17/2020	Region	Greater M	innesota

A. Project Description and Population Served

- The Development involves the acquisition and substantial rehabilitation of 24 units in two buildings, each of which is a two-story walkup apartment building with units ranging from one to two bedrooms.
- The development will provide general occupancy workforce housing for singles and family households.
- No units will serve high priority homeless households.
- The development will serve households with incomes at and below 60% MTSP.
- Eighteen units will benefit from United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development (USDA RD) rental assistance and it is expected that 6 new Rural Development rental assistance will be available at transfer for the balance of the units, as a result, all units will be deeply affordable to households at 30% MTSP with the presence of rental assistance.
- The project is anticipated to begin construction in February 2022 and is estimated to be completed by October 2022.

B. Mortgagor Information

Ownership Entity:	Knollwood Apartments LP
Sponsor:	Three Rivers Community Action, Inc.
General Partner:	Knollwood Apartments GP LLC
Guarantor(s):	Three Rivers Community Action, Inc.

C. Development Team Capacity Review

The sponsor, Three Rivers Community Action, Inc., has the experience and capacity to complete the project. The sponsor is partnering with Rippley Richard Real Estates Development Services, LLC as processing agent. The developer has experience utilizing Agency deferred as well as first mortgages and United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development 515 financing.

Agenda Item: 7.B Development Summary

The property manager, Lloyd Management Company, was established in 1971 and currently has 114 developments with 3,824 units in properties of a similar size and type. The property manager has the capacity to manage this development.

Blumentals/Architecture Inc. is the architect and Frerichs Construction Company is the general contractor. Both have the capacity and experience to effectively design and construct the project. Both have a history of completing projects on time and on budget.

The project sponsor represents a Women Business Enterprise (WBE).

D. Current Funding Request

Loan Type	Program	Source	Amount	IR	MIP	Term	Amort/ Cash Flow	Construction /End Loan
Bridge	Bridge Loan	Pool 2	\$1,534,000	3.75%	N/A	18 months	N/A	Construction

 The Bridge Loan will be repaid by syndication proceeds. The Bridge Loan is a new recommendation that was not part of the selection recommendation for the 2020 Consolidated Request for Proposals.

Permanent Mortgage Loan to Cost: N/A Permanent Mortgage Loan to Value: N/A

E. Significant Changes Since Date of Selection

Due to the ongoing pandemic conditions, the investor requires temporary tenant relocation offsite while in-unit rehabilitation is being completed, to minimize contact between residents and contractors.

In addition, two existing tenants were found to be over the 60% Multifamily Tax Subsidy Program (MTSP) tax credit income limits, but below the 80% of the statewide median income as determined by HUD limits, the upper bound for PARIF. The owner has engaged a relocation specialist that is following Universal Relocation Act (URA) requirements for both temporary and permanent relocations.

SECTION II: FINAL SOURCES AND USES; FINANCING DETAILS

A. Project Uses

Description	Amount	Per Unit	
Acquisition or Refinance	\$ 1,373,500	\$	57,229
Construction Costs	\$ 1,661,923	\$	69,247
Environmental Abatement	\$ 0	\$	0
Professional Fees	\$ 298,783	\$	12,449
Developer Fee	\$ 425,000	\$	17,708
Financing Costs	\$ 133,887	\$	5,579
Total Mortgageable Costs	\$ 3,893,093	\$	162,212
Reserves	\$ 301,991	\$	12,583
Total Development Cost	\$ 4,195,084	\$	174,795

B. Permanent Capital Sources

Description	Amount	Per Unit
Permanent Mortgage	\$ 521,299	\$ 21,721
(Rural Development 515)	Ş 321,239	\$ 21,721
General Partner Cash	\$ 0	\$ 0
HTC Equity Proceeds (Midwest	¢ 2 44E 724	¢ 101.006
Housing Equity Group)	\$ 2,445,734	\$ 101,906
Agency Funding (PARIF)	\$ 970,000	\$ 40,417
Existing Replacement Reserves	\$ 219,000	\$ 9,125
Rebates	\$ 38,798	\$ 1,617
Deferred Developer Fee	\$ 252	\$ 11
Total Permanent Financing	\$ 4,195,083	\$ 174,795

C. Financing Structure

- \$286,108 annual 9% Housing Tax Credit allocation which will result in estimated equity proceeds of \$2,445,734 from Midwest Housing Equity Group. The term of the Land Use Restrictive Agreement will be 40 years.
- The \$970,000 PARIF loan will include fixed annual payments in the amount of \$15,429 commencing on September 1, 2023, upon stabilization, with the remaining amount due at the end of the loan term.

D. Cost Reasonableness

- The budgeted total development cost per unit of \$174,795 is 10% above the predictive model estimate of \$159,363 but within the 25% tolerance and therefore does not require board approval.
- This project did not receive points for cost containment points in the RFP.

SECTION III: UNDERWRITING

A. Rent Grid

Unit Type	Number	Net Re	nt*	Rent Limit (% of MTSP)	Income Limit (%, of MTSP)	Rental Assistance Source
1 BR	4	\$	630	60% MTSP	60% MTSP	RD Existing
1 BR	2	\$	630	60% MTSP	60% MTSP	RD New
2 BR	14	\$	665	60% MTSP	60% MTSP	RD Existing
2 BR	4	\$	665	60% MTSP	60% MTSP	RD New

^{*}Net Rents are the underwriting rents and are net of a utility allowance. The underwriting rents may not reflect the maximum rent limits

B. Feasibility Summary

All projects are underwritten within the Agency's underwriting guidelines unless a modification is approved by the Mortgage Credit Committee. This includes management and operating expenses, vacancy rate, rent and income inflators, and annual replacement reserve contributions. Projects also undergo a sensitivity analysis on property operations to further enhance underwriting.

- Rent and income restrictions will be required for the PARIF loan and for Housing Tax Credits.
 - Under the PARIF loan, 24 units with incomes not exceeding 60% MTSP and rents at 60% MTSP. Notwithstanding these restrictions, in no case may the initial income exceed 80% of the statewide median income as determined by HUD.
 - The project will also be subject to the Housing Tax Credit 40-60 minimum set aside, with rents and incomes restricted to 60% MTSP.
- The project maintains positive cash flow for 15 years, with a projected debt coverage ratio in year 15 of 1.09.
- The project was underwritten at 7% vacancy, with 2% income and 3% expense inflators.
- Other income includes laundry income.
- 18 units have Rural Development rental assistance whereby tenants pay no more than 30% of their income toward rent. The term of the Rural Development mortgage is 30 years with 50-year amortization. After transfer, it is expected that Rural Development will provide 6 additional units of rental assistance, therefore making all units assisted.
- Replacement reserves will be capitalized at \$219,000 at construction closing, which is the
 estimated balance of existing project reserves that will be purchased at transfer. In
 addition, \$958 monthly will be deposited into reserves. In addition, an operating reserve
 of \$82,991 will be funded from the last equity installment at stabilization.

Agenda Item: 7.B Resolution

MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY 400 Wabasha Street North, Suite 400 St. Paul, Minnesota 55102

RESOLUTION NO. MHFA 21-XX

RESOLUTION APPROVING MORTGAGE LOAN COMMITMENT BRIDGE LOAN (BL) PRODUCT

WHEREAS, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (Agency) has received an application to provide construction and permanent financing for a multiple unit housing development to be occupied by persons and families of low and moderate income, as follows:

Name of Development: Knollwood Apartments

Sponsors: Three Rivers Community Action, Inc.

Guarantors: Three Rivers Community Action, Inc.

Location of Development: Pine Island, MN

Number of Units: 24

Amount of BL \$1,534,000

(not to exceed)

WHEREAS, Agency staff has determined that such applicant is an eligible sponsor under the Agency's rules; that such mortgage loan is not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions; and that the acquisition and rehabilitation of the development will assist in fulfilling the purpose of Minn. Stat. ch. 462A; and

WHEREAS, Agency staff has reviewed the application and found the same to be in compliance with Minn. Stat. ch. 462A and Agency's rules, regulations and policies;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

THAT, the Board hereby authorizes Agency staff to issue a commitment to provide construction mortgage loan to the sponsor or an affiliate thereof from the Housing Investment Fund (Pool 2) for the indicated development, upon the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The term of this commitment shall expire on May 31, 2022.
- 2. The amount of the BL shall not exceed \$1,534,000; and

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Resolution

- 3. The interest rate on the BL will be 3.75% payable monthly, and the principal will be due in a balloon payment in no more than 18 months after closing.
- 4. The BL commitment shall be entered into on or before May 31, 2022 and shall have a sixmonth term (which shall also be the BL commitment expiration date); and
- 5. The mortgagor shall comply with the terms set forth in the attached Agency term letter. The Commissioner is authorized to approve non-material modifications to those terms; and
- 6. The mortgagor shall execute documents embodying the above in form and substance acceptable to Agency staff; and
- 7. The sponsor, the general contractor, the architect, the mortgagor, and such other parties as Agency staff in its sole discretion deems necessary, shall execute all such documents relating to said loans, to the security therefore, to the construction of the development, and to the operation of the development, as Agency staff in its sole discretion deems necessary.

Adopted this 18th day of November 2021

CHAIRMAN	

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400 Wabasha Street North, Suite 400 St. Paul, MN 55102

P: 800.657.3769 F: 651.296.8139 | TTY: 651.297.2361 www.mnhousing.gov

October 26, 2021

Jennifer Larson Three Rivers Community Action, Inc. 1414 North Star Drive Zumbrota, MN 55992

RE:

Term Letter

Knollwood Apartments, Pine Island

D #1126, M #18427

Dear Ms. Larson:

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency ("Minnesota Housing") staff has approved your request for a loan or loans subject to the terms and conditions contained in this letter (the "Terms"). The Terms are subject to Minnesota Housing's Board of Directors' approval and meeting all underwriting standards, delivery of required due diligence items, satisfactory loan documentation and other loan closing requirements. The Terms do not constitute a commitment to lend on the part of Minnesota Housing and relate only to the specific financing referenced in this letter.

Borrower:

A single asset entity: Knollwood Apartments LP

General Partner:

Knollwood Apartments GP LLC

Development

Acquisition and rehabilitation of a 24-unit affordable housing

Description/Purpose:

development located in Pine Island, Minnesota

Minnesota Housing Loan Type/Terms

Program	Bridge Loan (BL)	Preservation Affordable Rental Investment Fund (PARIF)
Loan Amount	\$1,534,000	\$970,000
Interest Rate	3.75%	0.0%
Mortgage Insurance Premium (%)	N/A	Not Applicable
Term	18 months	30 years
Amortization/Repayment	Interest only	Fixed annual payment equal to \$15,439 commencing upon stabilization, with deferred lump sum payment due in 30 years.
Prepayment Provision	Prepay at any time without penalty.	Prepay at any time without penalty.

October 26, 2021 Page 2

Nonrecourse or Recourse	Recourse	Nonrecourse
Construction/Permanent Loan or Construction Bridge Loan or End Loan	Construction	Construction to Permanent
Lien Priority	First (During construction)	Second (Third during construction)

Origination Fee:

Not applicable

Inspection Fee:

\$3,777 (payable at the earlier of loan commitment or loan closing)

Guaranty/Guarantor(s):

Three Rivers Community Action, Inc. will be the guarantor of the following for the bridge loan:

- Construction Completion Guaranty
- Repayment Guaranty
- Operations Guaranty

Operating Deficit Escrow Reserve

Account:

Not applicable.

Operating Cost Reserve

Account:

Capitalized operating reserve in the amount of \$82,991 funded at stabilization. The operating reserve will not be held by Minnesota Housing.

Replacement Reserve Account:

Capitalized replacement reserve in the approximate amount of \$219,000 funded at loan closing, as purchased from seller. In addition, a replacement reserve will be required in the amount of \$479/unit/annum commencing the month after issuance of a certificate of occupancy. The monthly replacement reserve will be \$958. The replacement reserve will not be held by Minnesota Housing.

Escrows:

Real estate tax escrow and property insurance escrow to be established at the time of loan closing (outside of the development budget) and not held by Minnesota Housing.

Collateral/Security:

Mortgage and Assignment of Rents and Leases for each loan; UCC-1 Financing Statement on fixtures, personal property, accounts and equipment.

HAP or other Subsidy

Agreement:

Commitment to 30 years of affordability from the date of the loan closing under the Rural Development program for 18 units.

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Rent and Income Requirements:

Commitment to 40 years of affordability from the date of loan closing.

• 24 units with incomes not exceeding 60% MTSP and rents at 60% MTSP. Notwithstanding these restrictions, in no case may the initial income exceed 80% of the statewide median income as determined by HUD.

Other Occupancy Requirements:

Not applicable.

Other Requirements:

The PARIF loan is subject to the terms in the attached Deferred

Selection Criteria.

The PARIF mortgagor will enter into an agreement with the Agency that complies with Minn. Stat. § 462A.21 and the rider to the

appropriation providing funds to the program

(Minnesota Laws 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 1, article 5,

section 2, subdivision 11).

Closing Costs:

Borrower agrees to pay all closing costs related to the specific

financing referenced in this letter.

Expiration Date:

This term letter will expire on the earlier of six months from the date

of this letter or loan closing/end loan commitment.

Additional Terms:

Not applicable.

Other Conditions:

Rural Development will subordinate to the Bridge Loan.

Board Approval:

Commitment of the Bridge Loan is subject to Minnesota Housing's board approval and adoption of a resolution authorizing the

commitment of the loan.

Not a Binding Contract:

This letter is not a commitment to be bound by the Terms in this letter. The parties expressly agree that this letter does not create a legally binding agreement. The parties further agree that the Terms are subject to the Borrower's ability to obtain all necessary financing for the Development, which may include additional financing from

Minnesota Housing not referenced in this letter.

Please sign this letter and return it to Maggie Nadeau at maggie.nadeau@state.mn.us on or before November 8, 2021.

Agenda Item: 7.B Resolution Attachment Page 57 of 190

October 26, 2021 Page 4

If you have any questions related to this letter, please contact Sarah Woodward at 651.297.5145 or by e-mail at sarah.woodward@state.mn.us.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on your affordable housing development.

Sincerely,

James Lehnhoff

Assistant Commissioner, Multifamily

AGREED AND ACCEPTED BY:

KNOLLWOOD APARTMENTS LP

-DocuSigned by:

By:

-9A76CF77D693434...

Jennifer Larson

Date Accepted: _____10/27/2021

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Board Agenda Item: 7.C Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of Minnesota Housing Finance Agency fixed rate Residential Housing Finance Bonds (RHFB)

Staff Contact(s):

Poquest Type:

Kevin Carpenter, 651.297.4009, kevin.carpenter@state.mn.us Debbi Larson, 651.296.8183, debbi.larson@state.mn.us Paula Rindels, 651.296.2293, paula.rindels@state.mn.us

nequest type.	
	☐ No Action Needed
⋈ Motion	☐ Discussion

Summary of Request:

□ Resolution

Agency staff is preparing to issue bonds, under the Residential Housing Finance Bond (RHFB) indenture, to finance the acquisition of newly originated mortgage-backed securities that funded the origination of single family mortgages. This resolution authorizes additional fixed rate RHFB bonds, in an amount up to \$300 million over time. The initial bond offering utilizing a portion of this authority will likely be designated 2021 Series GHI. The RHFB 2021 Series GHI bond issue is expected to be sized at approximately \$150 million, to price on or about December 7, with a closing preliminarily scheduled for December 23; the attached Preliminary Official Statement describes the transaction.

☐ Information

Fiscal Impact:

The upcoming transaction will enable the Agency to put interest earning mortgage assets on the balance sheet at a profitable spread such that the Agency builds the sustainability of future income.

Meeting Agency Priorities:

Ш	Improve the Housing System
\boxtimes	Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities
\boxtimes	Make Homeownership More Accessible
	Support People Needing Services
	Strengthen Communities

Attachment(s):

- Series Resolution
- Preliminary Official Statement

RESOLUTION NO. MHFA 21-047

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE AND SALE OF MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY RESIDENTIAL HOUSING FINANCE BONDS, 2021/2022 SERIES

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY:

Section 1. Authorization.

(A) <u>General Provisions</u>. By Resolution No. MHFA 95-82, adopted August 24, 1995 (which amended and restated in whole Resolution No. MHFA 76-32, adopted July 27, 1976, as amended) (together with any amendments or supplements heretofore or hereafter adopted from time to time as permitted therein, the "Bond Resolution"), the Agency has provided the terms and conditions for the issuance and has established covenants and agreements for the security of its Residential Housing Finance Bonds to be issued for the purposes of its Program of facilitating the purchase, development or rehabilitation of residential housing in the State of Minnesota at prices that persons and families of low and moderate income can afford. Terms used but not defined in this resolution will have the meanings given those terms in the Bond Resolution.

This resolution (the "Series Resolution") is adopted pursuant to Section 2.5 of the Bond Resolution to authorize the issuance and sale and establish the terms and provisions of one or more Series of Bonds of the Agency to be sold prior to December 31, 2022, the first two Series of which may be designated as "Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series "[G]", "Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series "[H]", and "Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series "[I]", each in the aggregate principal amount to be determined pursuant to the terms of Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution (together, the "Series GHI Bonds"), with additional Series of Bonds designated as "Residential Housing Finance Bonds, [2021] [2022] Series ___," with the blank completed with an uppercase letter as appropriate for the order of issuance and to eliminate any gaps in the designation of Series; any Series issued pursuant to this Series Resolution may additionally be designated with "(Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program)". The maximum aggregate principal amount of all Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the Series Resolution must not exceed \$300,000,000; the number of Series of the Series Bonds and their corresponding principal amounts will be as determined by an Authorized Officer pursuant to Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution, and as set out in the Agency Certificate or Agency Certificates, as the case may be, delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution. All the Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the Series Resolution are the "Series Bonds."

(B) <u>Appointment of Trustee</u>. Pursuant to Section 8.1 of the Bond Resolution, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association has been appointed as Trustee under the Bond Resolution and is vested with all the property, rights, powers and duties granted, pledged and assigned to it by the Bond Resolution, in trust for the Owners of Bonds issued and to be issued thereunder.

Section 2. <u>Authorization of Series Bonds</u>.

(A) <u>Purposes</u>. It is determined to be in the best interests of the Agency to issue the Series Bonds for the purpose of providing funding for the Program, and in particular for the

making and purchase of DPA Loans and Program Securities backed by pools of Program Loans, that constitute qualified Program Loans in accordance with the provisions of Section 143 of the Code and Sections 10 and 11 of the Series Resolution and the Series Program Determinations made for the Series Bonds in Section 7 of the Series Resolution. This funding will be provided by:

- (i) the allocation, for federal income tax purposes, of sale proceeds of the Series Bonds in the amount to be determined by an Authorized Officer pursuant to Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution and set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution and deposit the sale proceeds, together with certain contributed funds of the Agency, if any, into the Funds and Accounts set forth in Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution to be expended for the Program; and/or
- (ii) the allocation, for federal income tax purposes, of sale proceeds of the Series Bonds in the amount determined by an Authorized Officer pursuant to Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution and to be set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution to the refunding, on the date or dates to be determined by the Agency, of certain outstanding obligations of the Agency to be listed in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution (the "Refunded Bonds"), and the deposit of certain transferred assets together with transferred loans and securities, if any (as hereinafter defined, the "Transferred Program Obligations"), and certain "transferred," "replacement" and sale proceeds that will become allocable to the Series Bonds upon the refunding of certain series of the Refunded Bonds, together with certain contributed funds of the Agency, if any, into the Funds and Accounts set forth in Section 9 of the Series Resolution to be expended for the Program.
- (B) <u>Single Issue</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1.150-1(c)(1) of the Income Tax Regulations (the "Regulations"), the Agency intends to treat all Bonds sold on the same date as a single issue of bonds.
- (C) <u>Pledge</u>. The pledge made and security interests granted in the Bond Resolution with respect to all Revenues, Program Obligations, money, securities and Funds and Accounts therein defined and created, and all covenants and agreements made by the Agency therein, are made and granted for the equal benefit, protection and security of the Owners of all Bonds issued and to be issued thereunder, including the Series Bonds, without preference, priority or distinction of one Bond over any other of any Series, as fully as though set out at length and resolved herein, except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Series Resolution as permitted thereby.
- (D) <u>Approval of Contract of Purchase</u>. The Agency will negotiate for the sale of the initial series of the Series Bonds issued pursuant to this Series Resolution to RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Piper Sandler & Co., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (collectively, the "Underwriters"). The Agency will negotiate for the sale of additional series of Series Bonds to be issued pursuant to this Series Resolution with the

investment banks selected by the Agency in accordance with its most recent request for proposals for investment banking services.

Any Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to approve the final terms of the Series Bonds, subject to the following parameters:

- (i) the principal amount of each Series of the Series Bonds; provided that the aggregate principal amount of all Series of the Series Bonds is not in excess of \$300,000,000;
- (ii) the maturity schedule of each Series of the Series Bonds (including any mandatory sinking fund schedule); provided that the Series Bonds mature at any time or times in the amount or amounts not later than 32 years from the Issue Date thereof:
- (iii) the interest rates borne by each Series of the Series Bonds; provided that the combined yield on the Series Bonds issued on a particular Issue Date does not exceed 6.00% per annum; and
- (iv) the fee or other compensation payable to the Underwriters of the Series Bonds; provided that the fee or other compensation does not exceed 1.00% of the principal amount of the Series Bonds.

That approval will be conclusively evidenced by the execution of one or more Contracts of Purchase (each a "Purchase Contract") with the Underwriters by an Authorized Officer. The Agency has received and examined the general form of the Purchase Contract which will set forth the terms and conditions upon which the Underwriters will purchase the related Series Bonds from the Agency. The Purchase Contract is hereby approved substantially in the form submitted and an Authorized Officer is authorized and directed to execute Purchase Contracts on behalf of the Agency with those revisions, consistent with the foregoing parameters, as may be required or approved by counsel for the Agency and the Authorized Officer of the Agency executing the same. The final terms of the Series Bonds, including any mandatory sinking fund provisions for the Series Bonds, other redemption provisions and the purchase price of the Series Bonds, will be set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) to be delivered pursuant to Section 8(A)(5) of the Series Resolution.

(E) Official Statement. The Agency has examined a draft of the form of the Preliminary Official Statement of the Agency, to be dated the date of distribution thereof, containing information relating to the Agency and the Series GHI Bonds; the form of the Preliminary Official Statement with respect to subsequent Series of the Series Bonds will be revised as to (i) the number and designation of Series, (ii) the structure of each Series and (iii) whether the Series is intended to be bonds the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes ("Tax-Exempt Series Bonds"), all as approved by an Authorized Officer and subject to the limitations of Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution. An Authorized Officer is hereby authorized to (i) approve a final version of the Preliminary Official Statement describing the proposed terms of, and number of Series of, the Series Bonds to be issued and the use thereof by the Underwriters in the public offering of the Series GHI Bonds,

and (ii) approve any Preliminary Official Statements in substantially similar form to be used by the Underwriters in connection with any additional Series of the Series Bonds authorized by the Series Resolution. Final Official Statements, substantially in the form of the related Preliminary Official Statement except for revisions required or approved by counsel for the Agency and an Authorized Officer, and insertion of the terms of the related Series Bonds as provided in the related Purchase Contract, are approved and authorized to be signed by an Authorized Officer, and furnished to the Underwriters for distribution to investors.

- (F) Approval of Continuing Disclosure Undertaking. The Agency has received and examined the form of a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking relating to the Series Bonds, wherein the Agency will covenant for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Series Bonds to provide annually certain financial information and operating data relating to the Agency and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events. The Continuing Disclosure Undertaking is approved substantially in the form submitted and a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking is authorized to be signed on behalf of the Agency by an Authorized Officer for each Series of Series Bonds, with the revisions as may be required or approved by counsel for the Agency, and the Authorized Officer of the Agency executing the same.
- Section 3. <u>Forms of Series Bonds</u>. Each of the Series Bonds will be prepared in substantially the form appearing as Exhibits A (which is hereby incorporated herein and made a part hereof), with the additions, deletions or modifications as are permitted or required by the Bond Resolution or the Series Resolution.

Section 4. Terms.

<u>Issue and Interest Payment Dates; Denominations; Manner of Payment; Execution</u> and Delivery. The Issue Date of the Series Bonds will be the date of original delivery thereof. The Series Bonds of each Series will be issued as fully registered Bonds in denominations as set forth in the related Agency Certificate delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of this Series Resolution. Interest will accrue on the outstanding principal amount of the Series Bonds in the manner as set forth in the related Agency Certificate delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of this Series Resolution, and be paid on the dates as set forth in that Agency Certificate (the Interest Payment Dates for those Series Bonds). Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. Interest on the Series Bonds will be paid by check or draft mailed to the Owner as shown on the registration books of the Agency maintained by the Trustee on the 15th day of the calendar month immediately preceding the Interest Payment Date (the "Record Date") or, upon the written request of an Owner of Series Bonds of a Series in an aggregate principal amount of at least \$100,000, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, by wire transfer on each Interest Payment Date from the Trustee to a domestic bank or trust company designated by the Owner; provided, however, that so long as all of the outstanding Series Bonds of a Series are registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its designee, or other securities depository, payment will be made in accordance with the operational arrangements of DTC or its designee, or other securities depository, as agreed to by the Agency. The principal of and any redemption premium on the Series Bonds of a Series will be payable at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee upon presentation and surrender of the Series Bonds on or after the date of maturity or redemption thereof; provided, however, that so long as all outstanding Series Bonds of a Series are registered in the name of DTC or its designee, or

other securities depository, DTC or any other securities depository may, in its discretion, make a notation on any Series Bond of the Series indicating the date and amount of any reduction of principal except in the case of final maturity or payment in full, in which case the Series Bonds of the Series will be surrendered to the Trustee for payment. The Series Bonds will be executed in the manner provided in Article III of the Bond Resolution by the facsimile signatures of the Chair and Commissioner of the Agency. Each Series Bond will be authenticated by the Trustee by the manual signature of its authorized representative on the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication on each Series Bond, attesting that it is delivered pursuant to the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution, and will be delivered to the Underwriters upon compliance with the conditions set forth in Section 8 of the Series Resolution.

(B) <u>Maturities, Interest Rates and Redemption</u>. The Series Bonds will mature on the date or dates and in the principal amounts, will bear interest at the rate or rates per annum, and will be subject to redemption as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A)(5) of the Series Resolution, all subject to the limitations in Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution.

(C) <u>Manner of Redemption</u>.

(i) <u>Mandatory Redemption</u>. Notice of the date or amount of any mandatory redemption of any Series Bond redemption (other than through mandatory sinking fund installments, if any) will be given to any Bondowner as set forth in the related Agency Certificate delivered pursuant to Section 8(A)(5) of this Series Resolution.

If Series Bonds are to be redeemed in part upon any mandatory redemption, each of the Series Bonds then outstanding will be redeemed as set forth in the related Agency Certificate delivered pursuant to Section 8(A)(5) of this Series Resolution.

Optional Redemption. Notice of any optional redemption of Series (ii) Bonds will be mailed, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the last address on the registry books of the Owners of those Series Bonds, or, if all Outstanding Series Bonds are registered in the name of DTC or its designee, or other Bond Depository, the Trustee must give notice to the Bond Depository in accordance with its operational arrangements, in each case not less than 30 days before the optional redemption date. Upon an optional redemption of the Series Bonds, the principal amount of the Series Bonds to be redeemed will be selected by an Authorized Officer and certified to the Trustee on behalf of the Agency in accordance with the provisions of Article V of the Bond Resolution and this Series Resolution. Upon redemption of any of the Series Bonds that are Term Bonds (other than through sinking fund installments), an Authorized Officer will also determine and certify to the Trustee the years in which and the amounts by which the Sinking Fund Installments, if any, referred to in the related Agency Certificate delivered pursuant to Section 8(A)(5) of this Series Resolution are to be reduced, in the manner that the aggregate reduction equals the aggregate principal amount of the Series Bonds so redeemed.

If less than all Series Bonds are to be optionally redeemed, the Series Bonds to be optionally redeemed will be selected (i) as DTC determines under DTC's current operational arrangements, or (ii) if the Series Bonds are held under the name of another Bond Depository, under the operational arrangements of that Bond Depository. All actions of the Agency and the Trustee in the redemption of Series Bonds must conform to the provisions of Article V of the Bond Resolution and this Series Resolution.

Section 5. [Reserved]

Section 6. Securities Depository.

(A) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Section 6, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Beneficial Owner" means, whenever used with respect to a Series Bond, the Person in whose name the Series Bond is recorded as the beneficial owner of that Series Bond by a Participant on the records of the Participant, or that Person's subrogee.

"Cede & Co." means Cede & Co., the nominee of DTC, and any successor nominee of DTC with respect to the Series Bonds.

"Participant" means any broker-dealer, bank or other financial institution for which DTC holds Series Bonds as securities depository.

(B) General Provisions. The Series Bonds of each Series will be initially issued as separately authenticated fully registered bonds, and one Series Bond will be issued in the principal amount of each Series and stated maturity of the Series Bonds. Upon initial issuance, the ownership of the Series Bonds will be registered in the bond register in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. The Trustee and the Agency may treat DTC (or its nominee) as the sole and exclusive owner of the Series Bonds registered in its name for the purposes of payment of the principal or purchase price of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series Bonds, selecting the Series Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, if any, giving any notice permitted or required to be given to Owners of Series Bonds under the Bond Resolution or the Series Resolution, registering the transfer of Series Bonds, and for all other purposes whatsoever, and neither the Trustee nor the Agency will be affected by any notice to the contrary. Neither the Trustee nor the Agency will have any responsibility or obligation to any Participant, any Person claiming a beneficial ownership interest in the Series Bonds under or through DTC or any Participant, or any other Person that is not shown on the bond register as being an Owner of any Series Bonds, with respect to the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any Participant, with respect to the payment by DTC or any Participant of any amount with respect to the principal or purchase price of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series Bonds, with respect to any notice that is permitted or required to be given to owners of Series Bonds under the Bond Resolution or the Series Resolution, with respect to the selection by DTC or any Participant of any Person to receive payment in the event of a partial redemption or mandatory tender of the Series Bonds, or with respect to any consent given or other action taken by DTC as Owner of the Series Bonds. So long as any Series Bond is registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee

of DTC, the Trustee will pay all principal and purchase price of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series Bond, and will give all notices with respect to the Series Bond, only to Cede & Co. in accordance with DTC's Operational Arrangements, and all the payments must be valid and effective to fully satisfy and discharge the Agency's obligations with respect thereto to the extent of the sum or sums so paid. Upon delivery by DTC to the Trustee of written notice to the effect that DTC has determined to substitute a new nominee in place of Cede & Co., the Series Bonds will be transferable to the new nominee in accordance with Subsection (D) of this Section 6.

- (C) <u>Discontinuation of Book-Entry System</u>. In the event the Agency determines to discontinue the book-entry system for the Series Bonds or any Series thereof, the Agency may notify DTC and the Trustee, whereupon DTC will notify the Participants of the availability through DTC of Series Bonds of the Series in the form of certificates. In that event, the Series Bonds of the Series will be transferable in accordance with Subsection (D) of this Section 6. DTC may determine to discontinue providing its services with respect to the Series Bonds or one or more Series at any time by giving notice to the Agency and the Trustee and discharging its responsibilities with respect thereto under applicable law. In that event the Series Bonds of that Series will be transferable in accordance with Subsection (D) of this Section 6.
- (D) Transfer and Exchange. In the event that any transfer or exchange of Series Bonds is permitted under Subsection (B) or (C) of this Section 6, the transfer or exchange will be accomplished upon receipt by the Trustee of the Series Bonds to be transferred or exchanged and appropriate instruments of transfer to the permitted transferee in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution. In the event Series Bonds of a Series in the form of certificates are issued to Owners other than Cede & Co., its successor as nominee for DTC as Owner of all the Series Bonds, or another securities depository as Owner of all the Series Bonds, the provisions of the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution will apply to all matters relating thereto, including, without limitation, the preparation of the Series Bonds in the form of bond certificates, the method of payment of principal and purchase price of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the Series Bonds and the method of giving notice of redemption and other events.

Section 7. Series Program Determinations for the Series Bonds; Covenants.

(A) <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this Section 7 and in Sections 9 and 11 of the Series Resolution, the following terms have the following respective meanings:

2021/2022 Series Program Loan: A DPA Loan, a Transferred Program Loan or a Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loan.

2021/2022 Series Program Security: A Program Security financed in whole or in part with amounts on deposit in the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account and bearing interest at a rate equal to the stated interest rate on the corresponding Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loans less the applicable servicing fee and guaranty fee.

Conventional Mortgage Loan: A 2021/2022 Series Program Loan other than a DPA Loan, an FHA Insured Program Loan, a VA Guaranteed Program Loan or a USDA

Rural Development Guaranteed Program Loan, satisfying the requirements of Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, as applicable.

Defaulted DPA Loan: A DPA Loan on which payment is not made on the sale or transfer of the property, or when the property is no longer occupied by the Mortgagor.

Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan: A Transferred Mortgage Loan on which payments are 60 days in arrears (but not a Transferred Mortgage Loan as to which all defaults have been cured to the satisfaction of the Agency).

Delivery Period: If all Program Securities allocable to a Series of Bonds will not be purchased on the date of issuance of that Series of Bonds, the period of time for the purchase of Program Securities from the Master Servicer. The entire Delivery Period will be as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution, unless extended by the Agency pursuant to Section 7(E) of the Series Resolution; provided the Delivery Period may not be extended beyond the date named in the related Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution, provided that the date is not greater than 42 months from the Issue Date of the Series Bonds.

DPA Loan: A junior lien, interest-free, deferred payment Program Loan made by the Agency for down payment and closing cost assistance in connection with a first lien Program Loan purchased or financed by the Agency .

Fannie Mae: The Federal National Mortgage Association, or any successor thereto.

Fannie Mae Security: A single pool, guaranteed mortgage pass-through Fannie Mae program security or UMBS, guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and backed by Conventional Mortgage Loans, or FHA Insured or VA Guaranteed Program Loans, in the related mortgage pool.

FHA: The Federal Housing Administration of the Department of Housing and Urban Development or any agency or instrumentality of the United States of America succeeding to the mortgage insurance functions thereof.

FHA Insurance: FHA mortgage insurance issued under one of the FHA Insurance programs pursuant to the National Housing Act, including but not limited to: (a) FHA §203(b), Home Unsubsidized; (b) FHA §234(c), Condominiums; (c) FHA §203(b)(2), Veteran's Status, or (d) FHA Section 184, Indian Housing Loans.

FHA Insured: Insured by FHA Insurance.

Freddie Mac: The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, a corporate instrumentality of the United States created pursuant to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Act (Title III of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1451-1459), and any successor to its functions.

Freddie Mac Security: A single pool, guaranteed mortgage pass-through Freddie Mac program security or UMBS, guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Freddie Mac and backed by Conventional Mortgage Loans, or FHA Insured or VA Guaranteed Program Loans, in the related mortgage pool

GNMA: The Government National Mortgage Association, a wholly owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and any successor to its functions. Its powers are prescribed generally by Title III of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C., §1716 *et seq.*).

GNMA Security: A GNMA I Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate or a GNMA II Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate issued by the Master Servicer in the name of the Trustee in exchange for Program Loans and guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA pursuant to Section 306(g) of Title III of the National Housing Act of 1934 and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and backed by FHA Insured Program Loans, USDA Rural Development Guaranteed Program Loans or VA Guaranteed Program Loans in the related pool.

Home: Real property and improvements in the State, comprising not more than four dwelling units, occupied or to be occupied by one or more persons or families.

Lender: Any of the following institutions making or holding a 2021/2022 Series Program Loan: (i) any bank, savings bank, credit union, mortgage company or nonprofit corporation organized or licensed under the laws of the State or the United States, and any mortgagee or lender approved or certified by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or by the Administrator of Veteran Affairs; or (ii) any agency or instrumentality of the United States or the State, or a political subdivision of the State.

Master Servicer: The Person designated as servicer under the Participation Agreements and the Master Servicing Agreement, and its successors or assigns, or any substitute servicer designated by the Agency in accordance with the Master Servicing Agreement.

Master Servicing Agreement: The Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013, between the Agency and U.S. Bank National Association, as Master Servicer, as the same has been or may be amended from time to time or any agreement executed by the Agency replacing that agreement.

Mortgage: A mortgage deed, deed of trust, or other instrument securing a 2021/2022 Series Program Loan and constituting a lien on a Home.

Mortgagor: The obligor or joint obligors on a 2021/2022 Series Program Loan.

Participation Agreements: One or more of the Participation Agreements, as amended from time to time, relating to the origination of Program Loans under the Program, either (i) between the Agency, the Master Servicer (with respect to a Participation Agreement relating to Program Loans to be pooled to back Program

Securities), and a Lender, or (ii) between the Agency and a Lender (together with a separate participation agreement between the Master Servicer and a Lender with respect to a participation agreement relating to Program Loans to be pooled to back Program Securities).

Pool Purchase Contract: (i) Any Fannie Mae Pool Purchase Contract between the Master Servicer and Fannie Mae relating to the sale by the Master Servicer of Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loans to Fannie Mae and the servicing thereof, or (ii) any Fannie Mae Pool Purchase Contract between the Agency and Fannie Mae relating to the sale by the Agency of Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loans to Fannie Mae and the servicing thereof, or (iii) any Freddie Mac Pool Purchase Contract between the Master Servicer and Freddie Mac relating to the sale by the Master Servicer of 2021/2022 Series Program Loans to Freddie Mac and the servicing thereof.

Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loan: A loan to a Mortgagor, secured by a Mortgage on a Home and evidenced by a promissory note, or a security payable from or evidencing an interest in Program Loans, and financed in whole or in part with amounts on deposit in the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account, acquired by the Master Servicer pursuant to Subsection (F) of this Section 7.

Servicer: The Agency or any other public or private institution (including the Trustee or a Depository) with which the Agency has executed a Servicing Agreement.

Servicing Agreement: A contractual agreement of the Agency with a Servicer for the servicing of a Transferred Mortgage Loan.

Transferred Program Loans: The Transferred Mortgage Loans and the Program Loans pooled into the Transferred Program Securities, if any.

Transferred Mortgage Loan: The Program Loans allocable to the Series Bonds upon the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, if any.

Transferred Program Obligations: Collectively, the Transferred Mortgage Loans and the Transferred Program Securities allocable to the Series Bonds upon the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, if any.

Transferred Program Securities: The Program Securities allocable to the Series Bonds upon the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, if any.

UMBS: The common, single mortgage-backed securities backed by fixed-rate mortgages formally known as the Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, issued as of June 3, 2019 by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, guaranteed by either Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, depending upon which issues the UMBS. UMBS are a type of Program Security.

USDA Rural Development: Rural Development, a division of the United States Department of Agriculture, and any successor to its functions. Its powers are prescribed by the Housing Act of 1949, as amended.

USDA Rural Development Guaranteed: Guaranteed by USDA Rural Development under the USDA Rural Development Guaranteed Rural Housing Loan Program.

VA: The Veterans Administration, an agency of the United States of America, or any successor to its functions.

VA Guaranteed: Guaranteed by the VA under the Serviceman's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended

- (B) <u>Debt Service Reserve Requirement</u>. In accordance with the provisions of the Bond Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for the Bond Resolution is the sum of amounts established for each Series of Bonds by each respective Series Resolution. The Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to each Series of the Series Bonds will be in that amount or that percentage of the principal amount of the then Outstanding Series Bonds of the Series as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution.
- (C) <u>Insurance Reserve Requirement</u>. In accordance with the provisions of the Bond Resolution, the Insurance Reserve Requirement for the Bond Resolution is the sum of amounts established for each Series of Bonds by each respective Series Resolution. The Insurance Reserve Requirement with respect to each Series of the Series Bonds will be in that amount or that percentage of the principal amount of the then Outstanding Series Bonds of the Series as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution.
- Requirements for 2021/2022 Series Program Securities. The Agency will designate in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution whether or not the Series Bonds are intended to be Tax-Exempt Bonds. A portion of the sale proceeds of Series Bonds may be used for the purchase of DPA Loans which were made by the Agency in connection with Program Loans backed by Mortgages that are in compliance with the Act, the Program and the Code. The sale proceeds of Series Bonds not used to purchase DPA Loans or to refund certain obligations of the Agency will be used to purchase Program Securities that (1) are backed by Mortgages that are in compliance with the Act, the Program, and, in the case of Series Bonds that are Tax-Exempt Bonds, the Code, and (2) comply with the requirements set forth in the Master Servicing Agreement. The Agency represents that the Transferred Program Loans were made in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Bond Resolution and the Agency's Mortgage Program Procedural Manual as in effect at the time the Transferred Program Loans were purchased by the Agency, those provisions will constitute the Series Program Determinations with respect to the Transferred Program Loans, and those Transferred Program Loans will be Program Loans within the meaning of the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution. Except as expressly provided, the provisions of Subsection (E) of this Section 7 will not apply to the Transferred Program Loans. The provisions of the Agency's Start Up Procedural Manual, and the Master Servicer's lending guide, each as most recently revised and as revised from time to time, the applicable Participation Agreements and the Master Servicing Agreement will be used to administer the financing of the Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loans.

(E) Acquisition of 2021/2022 Series Program Securities and DPA Loans. For any Series Bonds designated as Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program, prior to the issuance of those Series Bonds, the Master Servicer must have acquired Program Loans from Lenders and pooled the Program Loans into Series Bond Program Securities as provided in the Master Servicing Agreement. For any Series Bonds not designated as Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program, during the Delivery Period for each issuance of a Series or Series of Series Bonds, the Master Servicer will acquire Program Loans from Lenders and pool the Program Loans into 2021/2022 Series Program Securities as provided in the Master Servicing Agreement. In each case, the Trustee will disburse moneys from the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series for the acquisition of Program Securities pursuant to the Master Servicing Agreement and this Subsection (E). The Trustee will pay the Master Servicer the purchase price of each Program Security acquired from the Master Servicer as approved by an Authorized Officer, plus applicable fees or charges payable to a Federal Mortgage Agency and not paid by the Mortgagor, plus accrued interest, if any.

The Trustee will disburse moneys from the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series for the acquisition of DPA Loans as set out in the Agency Certificate or Agency Certificates, as the case may be, delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution.

For any Series Bonds with a Delivery Period, the Agency may at any time transfer any proceeds of a Series of the Series Bonds in a 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series to the 2021/2022 Series Account related to the Series in the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of the Series Bonds. In addition, at the end the Delivery Period related to the Series of Series Bonds, the Agency must transfer from the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series any amounts not expended to that date to the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of Series Bonds within 41 days thereafter; provided that the Agency may (instead of redeeming those Series Bonds from unexpended proceeds) extend the related Delivery Period with respect to all or any portion of the unexpended amounts remaining in a 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series, for the period as the Agency determines consistent with the final sentence of this paragraph, but only if the Agency has delivered to the Trustee on or prior to the expiration of the Delivery Period designated in the related Agency Certificate a Certificate (i) designating the new ending date for that Delivery Period, (ii) certifying that the Agency has delivered a Cash Flow Certificate and a Parity Certificate confirmed by an investment banking firm, financial consulting firm or accounting firm, in each case nationally recognized with respect to the cash flow analysis of qualified mortgage bonds, that Cash Flow Certificate and Parity Certificate will accompany the Agency Certificate; (iii) certifying that, to the extent necessary to satisfy the requirements of the Cash Flow Certificate and each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds, an Investment Obligation has been arranged for investment of amounts in the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series to a date not earlier than the ending date of the extended Delivery Period; (iv) designating the amount of any additional deposits, if any, required by the Cash Flow Certificate, the Parity Certificate and each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds to be made into funds held under the Resolution in connection with the extension, those deposits must be made on or before the date of expiration of that Delivery Period and must be made only from the Agency's funds; and (v) certifying that the Agency has notified each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds that the extension is being planned and has provided copies of the Cash Flow Certificate and Parity Certificate to each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds, together with any

other documentation as each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds may request, and has received written confirmation that the Rating of Outstanding Bonds will not be impaired by the extension of the Delivery Period. On any date subsequent to any extension of the related Delivery Period, the Agency may transfer any unexpended proceeds remaining in the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series and allocable amounts, as reasonably determined by the Agency, held in the 2021/2022 Series Accounts in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund, in each case allocable to the related Series, to the 2021/2022 Series Account related to those Series Bonds in the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to redemption of those Series Bonds as provided in Section 4(C) of the Series Resolution. At the end of each Delivery Period for a Series of Bonds, including any extension thereof as provided in this Subsection (E), the Trustee must transfer from the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series Bonds an amount equal to the amount of proceeds of the Series Bonds in the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account not expended to that date and allocable amounts, as reasonably determined by the Agency, held in the 2021/2022 Series Accounts in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund, and in each case related to the Series Bonds, to the 2021/2022 Series Account in the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of those Series Bonds in accordance with Section 4(C) of the Series Resolution. The Delivery Period may not be extended pursuant to this Subsection (E) beyond the date named in the related Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution, provided that the date is not greater than 42 months from the Issue Date of the related Series Bonds. Notwithstanding any provision in this Subsection (E) to the contrary, the Trustee must apply amounts in a 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account related to the Series to the redemption of the Series Bonds in accordance with Section 4(C) of the Series Resolution.

The Agency may participate each 2021/2022 Series Program Security between different sources of funds of the Agency, so long as the interest of each has equal priority as to lien in proportion to the amount of the 2021/2022 Series Program Security secured, but those interests need not be equal as to interest rate.

(F) Enforcement of Transferred Mortgage Loans and DPA Loans.

(1) Subject to the right of the Agency to modify the Transferred Mortgage Loans and DPA Loans pursuant to Section 6.5(E) of the Bond Resolution, the Agency will take or require a Servicer to take all measures, actions and proceedings as are reasonably necessary and are deemed by it to be most effective to recover the balance due and to become due on each Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan or Defaulted DPA Loan, including the curing of the default by the Mortgagor, foreclosure of the Mortgage, acceptance of a conveyance in lieu of foreclosure, sale of the Transferred Mortgage Loan, renting or selling the Home, collection of any applicable mortgage insurance or guaranties, and preservation of the title to and value of the Home pending recovery of the balance of the Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan or the Defaulted DPA Loan, but any action will, to the extent legally necessary, conform to the requirements of, and protect the interests of any agency or instrumentality of the United States guaranteeing, insuring or otherwise assisting the payment of that Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan or the Defaulted DPA Loan. All collection recoveries for Defaulted DPA Loans are subject to any collection recoveries applicable to the related first lien Program Loan.

(2) Upon receipt of any Revenues with respect to any Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan and any Defaulted DPA Loan or from operation of the Home subject to that Defaulted Transferred Mortgage Loan or Defaulted DPA Loan, after foreclosure or conveyance of the Home to the Agency in lieu of foreclosure, in excess of the amounts needed to preserve title to and the value of the Home, the Agency will transmit those Revenues to the Trustee for deposit in the Revenue Fund.

(G) Enforcement of 2021/2022 Series Program Securities.

- The 2021/2022 Series Program Securities acquired by the Trustee on (1) behalf of the Agency, and the Transferred Program Securities, if any, will be held at all times by the Trustee in trust and subject to the pledge of the Bond Resolution. If the Trustee does not receive a payment on a GNMA I Security when due by the close of business on the 17th day of each month, or if the Trustee does not receive a payment on a GNMA II-Custom Pool Security when due by the close of business on the 22nd day of each month, the Trustee will immediately notify, and demand payment from GNMA. If the Trustee does not receive payment or advice from the depository of payment, with respect to a Fannie Mae Security when due by the close of business on the 25th day of any month (or the next Business Day if the 25th is not a Business Day), the Trustee will immediately demand payment from Fannie Mae in connection with the guaranty of timely payments of principal and interest by Fannie Mae. If the Trustee does not receive payment on a Freddie Mac Security when due by the close of business (a) for Freddie Mac Securities which are not UMBS, on the 18th day of each month (or the next Business Day if the 18th day is not a Business Day) or (b) for Freddie Mac Securities which are UMBS, on the 25th day of each month (or the next Business Day if the 25th day is not a Business Day), the Trustee will immediately demand payment from Freddie Mac.
- (2)The Agency agrees that the Trustee in its name or (to the extent required by law) in the name of the Agency may enforce all rights of the Agency and all obligations of a Master Servicer under and pursuant to a Master Servicing Agreement for and on behalf of the Bondowners whether or not an Event of Default under the Bond Resolution or the Series Resolution has occurred or is continuing. The Agency will supervise, or cause to be supervised, each Lender's compliance with the Participation Agreements. In the event the Master Servicing Agreement is cancelled or terminated for any reason, the Agency will proceed with due diligence to procure a successor Master Servicer, subject to the provisions of the Master Servicing Agreement and the requirements of each applicable Federal Mortgage Agency. During the period necessary to obtain that successor, the Trustee will, subject to the approval of the applicable Federal Mortgage Agency, cause to be performed the duties and responsibilities of the Master Servicer, under the Master Servicing Agreement and will be compensated therefor, in addition to the compensation payable to it under the Bond Resolution or any other instrument, in the same manner and amounts as provided under the Master Servicing Agreement.
- (H) [Reserved].
- (I) [Reserved].

- (J) <u>Information to be Furnished</u>. The Trustee will furnish information concerning the Series Bonds and the Program to each Rating Agency upon reasonable request thereof.
- (K) <u>Amendments</u>. This Section 7 of the Series Resolution may be amended subsequent to the issuance of the Series Bonds to reflect changes in requirements applicable to the 2021/2022 Series Program Securities, DPA Loans or the Transferred Program Obligations; provided that the amendment will become effective only if Bond Counsel renders an opinion to the effect that the amendment will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the Series Bonds from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and if the Agency delivers an Agency Certificate to the Trustee to the effect that the amendment will not impair the Ratings on the Series Bonds by each Rating Agency.

Section 8. Conditions Precedent to Issuance.

- (A) <u>Documents Furnished to Trustee</u>. Prior to the delivery of each Series of the Series Bonds an Authorized Officer will cause to be furnished to the Trustee, unless previously furnished, the following items as required by Sections 2.5 and 2.6 of the Bond Resolution:
 - (1) Certified copies of the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution.
 - (2) An opinion of counsel to the Agency that the Bond Resolution and the Series Resolution have been duly adopted by the Agency and are valid and binding upon it and enforceable in accordance with their terms, that the Bond Resolution creates the valid pledge that it purports to create, and that the principal amount of the Series Bonds and other obligations heretofore issued by the Agency does not exceed any legal limitation.
 - (3) The Opinion of Bond Counsel required by Section 2.5(2) of the Bond Resolution.
 - (4) A Counsel's Opinion that the Series Bonds are exempt from registration under, or have been registered in accordance with, the Securities Act of 1933 and that the Series Resolution is qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 or that qualification is not necessary.
 - Bonds, and deliver them to the Underwriters upon payment or the purchase price set forth in the related Agency Certificate, (ii) certifying that the Agency is not in default in the performance of any of the covenants, conditions, agreements or provisions contained in the Bond Resolution, (iii) setting forth the amount of the proceeds of the Series Bonds and other funds to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to Section 4.1 of the Bond Resolution and the Funds and Accounts into those deposits should be made, (iv) certifying that upon the issuance and delivery of the Series Bonds, the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund will be at least equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and the amount on deposit in the Insurance Reserve Fund will be at least equal to the Insurance Reserve Fund will be at least equal to the Bonds will have no adverse material effect on the ability of the Agency to pay the Debt Service on the Bonds then Outstanding, (vi) stating whether or not the Series of

Series Bonds are intended to be Tax-Exempt Bonds, (viii) setting forth whether any of the funds deposited to the related 2021/2022 Acquisition Account may be used for purchase of DPA Loans as provided in Section 7(E) of the Series Resolution, and (viii) setting forth the terms of the Series Bonds to be specified as provided in Section 2(D) and Section 4(C) of the Series Resolution.

- (6) An Agency Certificate as required by Section 2.5(6) of the Bond Resolution and any information required to be filed with the Trustee upon deposit of amounts in an Acquisition Account pursuant to Section 4.4 of the Bond Resolution. A Cash Flow Certificate need not be filed with the Trustee in connection with the issuance of any Series of the Series Bonds.
- (7) Written confirmation from each Rating Agency that issuance of the Series Bonds will not impair then existing Rating on the Bonds.
- (8) If applicable, evidence that the Agency has given irrevocable instructions of the redemption of all the related Refunded Bonds, if any, and the redemption dates, if any, upon which the related Refunded Bonds are to be redeemed, to the Trustee or to the owners of the related Refunded Bonds or the trustee for those owners, as applicable.
- (9) Evidence that money or Government Obligations in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the applicable redemption price, or amount payable on maturity, of the related Refunded Bonds, if any, have been deposited with the Trustee in accordance with the Bond Resolution, or have been received by the owners of the related Refunded Bonds or the trustee for those owners, in accordance with the resolution of the Agency whereby the related Refunded Bonds were issued, as applicable.
- (10) If applicable, an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that issuance of the Series Bonds will not result in interest on the related Refunded Bonds being included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- (B) Acceptance and Certification by Trustee. Prior to the delivery of any Series of the Series Bonds, the Agency will also receive from the Trustee a certificate stating that it has received the documents listed in Subsection (A); and that the amounts to be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund, if any, are sufficient to increase the amount in those Funds to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and Insurance Reserve Requirement effective after the issuance of the Series Bonds as computed by the Trustee. The Trustee will administer and observe on behalf of the Agency all applicable requirements of the Code now or hereafter relating to information reporting, withholding and similar requirements with respect to ownership or payment of the Series Bonds, including, without limitation, the requirements imposed by Sections 871(h)(2)(B), 1441, 1442, 3406, 6045 and 6049 of the Code.
- (C) <u>Program Securities</u>. Prior to each delivery of Series Bonds designated as Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program, Transferred Program Securities and/or Series Bond Program Securities in an aggregate principal amount equal to or greater than the aggregate principal amount of those Series Bonds and to constitute the Transferred Program

Securities or Series Bond Program Securities, as applicable, for those Series of Bonds must be identified by the Agency in a manner acceptable to the Trustee.

- (D) <u>Documents Required by the Purchase Contract</u>. Prior to delivery of a Series of the Series Bonds, an Authorized Officer will also cause to be furnished to the Underwriters each of the certificates, opinions and other documents required by the related Purchase Contract.
- (E) <u>Certification Under Applicable Federal Tax Law</u>. An Authorized Officer is also authorized and directed, on the date of delivery of a Series of the Series Bonds that are intended to be Tax-Exempt Bonds, to prepare and execute a certificate on behalf of the Agency, setting forth in brief and summary terms the facts, estimates and circumstances on the basis of which the Agency reasonably expects that the proceeds of the Series Bonds will be used in a manner that would not cause the Series Bonds to be arbitrage bonds under applicable federal tax law, and on the basis of which the Series Bonds will be "qualified mortgage bonds" under the provisions of applicable federal tax law.
- (F) <u>Delivery</u>. Upon fulfillment of the above conditions an Authorized Officer will direct the Trustee to authenticate and deliver the related Series Bonds as provided in the related Purchase Contract upon receipt by the Trustee of the purchase price to be paid by the Underwriters under the Purchase Contract.

Section 9. Deposit of Bond Proceeds and Other Funds; Investment Obligations.

- 2021/2022 Series Accounts. Within the Acquisition Account, the Revenue Fund, the Bond Fund Interest Account, the Bond Fund Principal Account, the Debt Service Reserve Fund (but only if the Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to the Series Bonds is greater than zero), the Insurance Reserve Fund (but only if the Insurance Reserve Requirement with respect to the Series Bonds is greater than zero) and, as applicable, the Bond Redemption Fund and the Alternative Loan Fund, the Trustee may maintain a combined 2021/2022 Series Account designated for each Series of Series Bonds issued on the same Issue Date, as directed in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution, for the purpose of recording the proceeds of the related Series Bonds and other amounts directed by the Series Resolution to be deposited therein and the Transferred Program Obligations, other transferred proceeds, 2021/2022 Series Program Securities, DPA Loans, and Investment Obligations purchased therefrom or allocated thereto and the prepayments and other receipts from the Transferred Program Obligations, the 2021/2022 Series Program Securities, the DPA Loans, and Investment Obligations, and the Revenues received with respect to the related Series of Series Bonds. In addition, the Trustee will establish a separate Cost of Issuance Account for the Series of Series Bonds issued on the same Issue Date.
- (B) <u>Deposits of Funds</u>. The proceeds of each Series of the Series Bonds, the DPA Loans acquired with, or reimbursed from the proceeds of a Series of the Series Bonds, the Transferred Program Obligations, other transferred proceeds and funds of the Agency, if any, will be deposited by the Trustee into the Accounts established pursuant to Section 9(A), as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution.

- (C) <u>Investment Agreements</u>. If deemed advantageous, the Commissioner or other Authorized Officer is authorized to negotiate and execute one or more investment agreements for the investment of all or a portion of the proceeds of the Series Bonds and other funds of the Agency related thereto.
- Section 10. <u>Tax Covenant and Restrictions</u>. The below covenants relate to all Series Bonds intended to be Tax-Exempt Bonds ("Tax-Exempt Series Bonds"):
- (A) General Tax Covenant. The Agency covenants that it will at all times do and perform all acts and things permitted by law and necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid by the Agency on Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be excludable from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation, and that no part of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will at any time be used directly or indirectly to acquire securities or obligations the acquisition of which, from the funds used for that purpose, if reasonably anticipated on the date of issuance of any Tax-Exempt Series Bond, would have caused the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to be arbitrage bonds, unless that acquisition is at that time permitted by applicable federal tax law and the Treasury Regulations thereunder, as then in effect. The Agency must at all times do and perform all acts and things permitted by law and the Bond Resolution and necessary or desirable in order to assure that the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, and the Revenues attributable thereto, will be used in a manner consistent with the provisions of applicable federal tax law so that the interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- (B) Qualified Program Loans. The covenants and restrictions set forth in Section 11 of the Series Resolution will apply to each Program Loan, including Program Loans purchased by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security from the sale proceeds of any Tax-Exempt Series of Series Bonds. The Agency retains the right to impose covenants with respect to Program Loans, Homes and Mortgagors more restrictive than those imposed by applicable federal tax law.
- (C) <u>Amendments</u>. Any particular covenant or restriction set forth in Sections 10 and 11 of the Series Resolution, other than the covenant in Subsection (A) of this Section 10, will apply only to the extent that the same is necessary to implement the provisions of applicable federal tax law to assure that the interest to be paid on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be and remain excluded from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation. If and to the extent that applicable federal tax law is amended or supplemented, and the Agency determines on the advice of counsel that the effect thereof is to add to, delete from or change the restrictions and limitations contained in applicable federal tax law or the Agency's interpretation thereof, any provision of Section 10 and 11 of the Series Resolution may be amended or supplemented to conform to applicable federal tax law as then in effect, without the consent of the Trustee or Bondowners, as contemplated in Section 9.1(B)(6) of the Bond Resolution.

Section 11. Compliance with Applicable Federal Tax Law.

(A) <u>Code Provisions</u>. Unless otherwise determined in the Agency Certificate to be delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution, the Agency determines that Section 143 of the Code is applicable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds as a "qualified mortgage issue."

Under Section 143(a), a "qualified mortgage bond" is one issued as part of a qualified mortgage issue, all proceeds of which, exclusive of issuance costs and a reasonably required reserve, are to be used to finance owner-occupied residences, and that meets the requirements of subsections (c) through (i), inclusive, and (m)(7), of Section 143.

- Mortgage Eligibility Requirements; Good Faith and Corrective Action. Actions to assure compliance with the requirements of applicable federal tax law as applicable to Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are set forth in Subsections (C) through (L) of this Section 11. As to the mortgage eligibility requirements of applicable federal tax law as set forth in subsections (c) through (f), and (i), of Section 143 of the Code, the Agency and its staff have attempted, and will in good faith attempt, to meet, or cause the Master Servicer to meet, all of them before each Mortgage is executed, and to assure that 95% or more of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds devoted, directly or indirectly, to owner-financing are devoted to residences with respect to which, at the time the Mortgages were or are executed, all those requirements were or are met, and that any failure to meet those requirements will be corrected within a reasonable period after the failure is first discovered, if necessary by accelerating or selling the Program Loan or replacing it with a qualifying Program Loan. With respect to the Transferred Program Loans, certifications and warranties of Mortgagors, Lenders and the Servicers and provisions of the Mortgages and related promissory notes designed for this purpose were set forth in the Agency's Mortgage Program Procedural Manual as in effect at the time the Transferred Program Loans were executed. With respect to the Pooled 2021/2022 Series Program Loans, certifications and warranties of Mortgagors, Lenders and the Master Servicer and provisions of the Mortgages and related promissory notes designed for this purpose are set forth in the Agency's Mortgage Loan Program Procedural Manual: MBS, the Participation Agreements and the Master Servicing Agreement. As to the arbitrage and recapture requirements of Sections 143 and 148 of the Code, the Agency and its staff will in good faith attempt to meet all the requirements and will take all reasonable steps to avoid failure due to inadvertent error.
- Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security to be financed in whole or in part by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security to be financed in whole or in part from the proceeds of, or allocated to, the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, will have been made or will be made to finance the cost of construction of a new Home, or to finance the cost of acquisition, with or without rehabilitation or improvement, of an existing Home, or to finance the cost of rehabilitation or improvement of an existing Home owned by the Mortgagor located in Minnesota and containing not more than four dwelling units, that is or can reasonably be expected to become the principal residence of the Mortgagor as established by an affidavit secured by the Lender from the Mortgagor stating his or her intent so to occupy the Home not later than 60 days after final closing and thereafter to maintain it as his or her principal residence, and that no use will be made of the Home (or of the area occupied by the Mortgagor in the case of a two- to four-family Home) that would cause any Tax-Exempt Series Bond to meet the private business use tests of Section 141(b) of the Code, and that the Home is not to be used as an investment property or a recreational home.
- (D) <u>Three-Year Prior Ownership</u>. No Program Loan will be purchased in whole or in part by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security, unless the originating Lender secures, or has secured, and retains an affidavit of the Mortgagor stating that he or she has not had a present ownership interest in a principal residence at any time during the three-year period

ending on the date when the Mortgage is executed, unless the Program Loan is made for a residence within a "targeted area," as defined in Section 143(h) of the Code and Section 6a.103A-2(b)(3) of the Regulations, or the Program Loan is made to a "veteran" borrower (as defined in 38 U.S.C. Section 101) who has not previously obtained mortgage loans financed by single family mortgage revenue bonds utilizing the veteran exception. In addition, except for Program Loans in targeted areas, or to "veteran" borrowers, the Lender must secure, or have secured, from the Mortgagor copies of the Mortgagor's federal tax returns that were filed with the Internal Revenue Service for the preceding three years (if due for these years), in order to ascertain and certify to the Agency whether the Mortgagor has claimed a deduction for taxes on property that was the Mortgagor's principal residence or for interest on a mortgage secured by that property. The Program Loan must not be purchased if either the Lender or the Master Servicer, as applicable, has reason to believe the affidavit to be false. Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this Subsection (D) of Section 11, a Program Loan may be purchased by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security, financing the rehabilitation of a Home owned by the Mortgagor, or the purchase of a Home rehabilitated by the seller, of which the Mortgagor is the first resident after the rehabilitation work is completed, provided that the Program Loan is or has been provided in connection with a "qualified rehabilitation" as defined in Section 143(k)(5) of the Code.

- (E) Purchase Price. No Program Loan will be purchased in whole or in part by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security, if the acquisition cost of the Home for which it is made exceeds 90%, or 110% if located in a targeted area as defined in Subsection (D) above, of the average area purchase price applicable to the Home as of the date of purchase or the date of financing commitment by the Lender, whichever is earlier, as established by average area purchase price limitations published by the Treasury Department for the statistical area where the Home is located, or as established by the Agency pursuant to more accurate and comprehensive data available to the Agency. Acquisition cost will be determined in accordance with Section 6a.103A-2(b)(8) of the Regulations, including all cash and non-cash items deemed therein to be included under particular circumstances as a cost of acquiring a residence from the seller as a completed residential unit. The Lender must secure and retain, or file with the Master Servicer, affidavits from both the seller and the Mortgagor, establishing facts showing that the acquisition cost requirement has been met.
- (F) <u>Income Requirements</u>. All Program Loans to be financed in whole or in part from the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, including Program Loans purchased by the Master Servicer to be pooled in a Program Security, must be made, or have been made, to Mortgagors whose family income is 115 percent or less of the applicable median family income, except as otherwise permitted for targeted areas pursuant to Section 143(f)(3) of the Code or high housing cost areas pursuant to Section 143(f)(5) of the Code. The Lender must secure, or have secured, and retain, or file with the Master Servicer, income information from available loan documents, as specified in Rev. Rul. 86-124, and an affidavit of the Mortgagor that the family income restrictions have been met. The family income limits will be adjusted for families of fewer than three individuals in accordance with Section 143(f)(6) of the Code.
- (G) <u>Limitation of Amount</u>. Certain Series of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be, for federal tax purposes, current refunding bonds issued pursuant to either the provisions of Section 1313(a) of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 or Section 146(i) of the Code and the Agency

will not be required to apply the principal amount of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds against the unused volume cap of the Agency for the issuance of qualified mortgage bonds during calendar year 2021, or 2022 if applicable, as provided pursuant to Section 146 of the Code and applicable state law.

The unused volume cap of the Agency for the issuance of qualified mortgage bonds during calendar year 2021, or 2022 if applicable, including the amount carried forward from calendar years 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 if applicable, as provided pursuant to Section 146 of the Code and applicable state law, is in excess of the amount of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. The Agency must apply the portion of the principal amount of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds against the unused volume cap as required for the allocation of volume cap pursuant to Section 146 of the Code as set forth in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution.

(H) <u>Placement in Targeted Areas</u>. To the extent the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are, for federal tax purposes, issued to refund bonds with respect to which the requirements of Section 143(h) of the Code have previously been met, the Agency will not be required to make available any amount of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds for the making of Program Loans in targeted areas (as defined in Section 143(j) of the Code).

With respect to any portion of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds that are not issued to refund bonds with respect to which the requirements of Section 143(h) of the Code have previously been met, the Agency must make available an amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds deposited into the 2021/2022 Series Acquisition Account for the making of Program Loans in targeted areas (as defined in Section 143(j) of the Code).

- (I) <u>Recapture of Federal Subsidy</u>. The Agency will take all action necessary to comply with the requirements of Section 143(m) applicable to it, including particularly the requirements of Section 143(m)(7) and applicable Regulations, as well as the provisions of Revenue Ruling 91-3 and Revenue Procedure 91-8.
- (J) <u>Arbitrage</u>. The Agency must take all actions as may be prescribed in the future by Regulations or rulings of the Internal Revenue Service applicable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to assure that the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will meet the requirements of Section 143(g) of the Code and Section 148 of the Code relating to arbitrage, to-wit:
 - (1) The effective rate of interest on the Transferred Program Loans and the portions of 2021/2022 Series Program Loans purchased with, or allocated to, the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds may not exceed the yield of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, computed in accordance with Section 143(g)(2) of the Code and the Regulations, by more than one and one-eighth percentage points.
 - (2) The Agency must pay or cause to be paid the rebate amount required by Section 148(f) of the Code and applicable Regulations, as provided in the Arbitrage Rebate Certificate executed by the Trustee and the Agency in conjunction with the issuance and delivery of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds.

- (K) Special Requirements Relating to Use of Certain Amounts on Deposit in the 2021/2022 Series Account in the Revenue Fund. The Agency must take all necessary action pursuant to Section 143(a)(2)(A) of the Code to ensure that scheduled repayments and prepayments of principal of Transferred Mortgage Loans and 2021/2022 Series Program Securities are used to pay and redeem Tax-Exempt Series Bonds in the amounts and within the time periods mandated by that Section 143(a)(2)(A); provided that the provisions of this Subsection (K) will be not generally be applicable if (i) there is a change in the Code or Regulations, or notice or other announcement from the Treasury Department or Internal Revenue Service, that has the effect of removing the requirement for those redemptions of Tax-Exempt Series Bonds or (ii) there is delivered to the Trustee an opinion of nationally recognized bond or tax counsel that failure to make those redemptions will not adversely affect the exclusion from federal gross income of interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of this Subsection (K), the Agency agrees that, so long as Tax-Exempt Series Bonds maturing on the date or dates and designated as "Specified Bonds," if any, in the Agency Certificate(s) delivered pursuant to Section 8(A) of the Series Resolution (the "Specified Bonds") remain Outstanding, the provisions of Section 143(a)(2), as existing on the date of issue of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, will be considered as being in full force and effect (notwithstanding any subsequent change in law or regulation) and the Agency, to the full extent permitted by law, must comply with the provisions of the Agency's final Official Statement furnished to the Underwriters pursuant to Section 2(F) of the Series Resolution relating to the special redemption of Specified Bonds from certain mortgage prepayments and/or regularly scheduled repayments of principal of the Transferred Mortgage Loans and the portion of 2021/2022 Series Program Loans allocable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds.
- (L) New Mortgage and Assumption Requirements. None of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be used, and none of the proceeds of any of the Refunded Bonds, if any, were used, to acquire or replace an existing mortgage, and all of the lendable proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be used, and all of the lendable proceeds of any Refunded Bonds were used, to purchase Program Loans, or Program Securities backed by Program Loans, made to persons who did not have a mortgage (whether or not paid off) on the Home securing the Program Loan at any time prior to the execution of the Mortgage, except in the cases of (i) a mortgage securing a construction period loan, (ii) a mortgage securing a bridge loan, or similar initial temporary financing having a term of 24 months or less, (iii) an existing mortgage in the case of a Program Loan for a qualified rehabilitation as described in Section 143(k)(5) of the Code and (iv) certain contract for deed arrangements as set forth in Section 143(i)(1) of the Code. The relevant instruments relating to each 2021/2022 Series Program Loan and Mortgage purchased in whole or in part from the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will contain a clause to the effect that the 2021/2022 Series Program Loan will be due on sale of the Home unless assumption by the purchaser is consented to by the Agency, which consent will be given only if the Agency has determined that the requirements of Subsections (C), (D), (E) and (F) of this Section 11 are met with respect to that assumption for any 2021/2022 Series Program Loan funded with proceeds of Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. In the event that those requirements are not met, notwithstanding that determination, the error will be corrected as provided in Subsection (B) of this Section 11.

Section 12. <u>Discretion of Authorized Officer</u>. An Authorized Officer will determine the number and aggregate principal amount of each Series of the Series Bonds, subject to the limitations in Section 2(D) of the Series Resolution. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing sections of the Series Resolution, if an Authorized Officer, upon consultation with the Chair and upon the advice of Bond Counsel or counsel to the Agency, determines that it is not in the best interests of the Agency to issue and sell the Series Bonds or any Series thereof (subject to any applicable provisions of any bond purchase agreement theretofore executed), then the Series Bonds will not be issued or sold in accordance with the Series Resolution.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

	y the Minnesota Housing	
Finance As	gency this 18th day of Novem	ber, 2021
	g,,	,
By:		
•	Chair	
Attest:		
	Commissioner	

[Resolution No. MHFA 21-047]

EXHIBIT A

[Form of Series Bond]

No. \$

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA - STATE OF MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

RESIDENTIAL HOUSING FINANCE BOND, [2021] [2022] SERIES [_]

[(MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM)]

Rate	Maturity Date	Date of Original Issue	<u>CUSIP</u>
		. 2021/2022	

The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, a public body corporate and politic organized and existing under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 462A, for value received promises to pay to

CEDE & CO.

or registered assigns, the principal sum of

DOLLARS

on the maturity date specified above, with interest thereon from the Date of Original Issue set forth above at the annual rate specified above, computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months, payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing ____, to the order of the registered owner hereof as shown on the Bond Register maintained by the Trustee (as hereinafter defined) on the fifteenth (15th) day (whether or not a business day) of the immediately preceding month, subject to the provisions referred to herein with respect to the redemption of principal before maturity. The interest hereon and, upon presentation and surrender hereof, the principal and any redemption premium with respect to this Series Bond are payable in lawful money of the United States by check or draft, or other agreed means of payment, by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, in Minneapolis, Minnesota, Trustee under the Bond Resolution referred to below, or its successor (the "Trustee"). For the prompt and full payment thereof when due the full faith and credit of the Agency are irrevocably pledged. This Series Bond is a general obligation of the Agency, payable out of any of its moneys, assets or revenues, subject to the provisions of resolutions or indentures now or hereafter pledging particular moneys, assets or revenues to particular notes or bonds, or state or federal laws appropriating particular funds for a specified purpose. The Agency has no taxing power. The State of Minnesota is not liable hereon, and this Series Bond is not a debt of the State.

This Series Bond is one of a duly authorized Series of Residential Housing Finance Bonds, [2022] [2022] Series [_____][(Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program)], in the original principal amount of \$_____ (the "Series Bonds"), issued to provide funds needed for the Agency's Program of making or purchasing Program Obligations to facilitate the purchase, development or rehabilitation of a sufficient supply of residential housing in Minnesota at prices that persons and families of low and moderate income can afford. The Series Bonds are issued under and pursuant to the Agency's Amended and Restated Residential Housing Finance Bond Resolution, adopted August 24, 1995, as amended and supplemented (the "Bond Resolution"), and the Agency's series resolution[s], adopted [April 22, 2021 and] November 18, 2021 ([together,] the "Series Resolution"), to which resolutions, including all supplemental resolutions that may be adopted pursuant to the provisions thereof, reference is made for a description of the revenues, moneys, securities, funds and accounts pledged to the Trustee for the security of the Owners of the Series Bonds, the respective rights thereunder of the Agency, the Trustee and other Fiduciaries and the Owners of the Series Bonds, and the terms upon which the Series Bonds are issued, delivered and secured. [The Series Bonds are issued contemporaneously with the Agency's Residential Housing Finance Bonds, [2021] [2022] Series [__][____][(Mortgage-Backed Securities Pass-Through Program)].]

The Series Bonds are issuable in fully registered form. The Series Bonds are issued in denominations of \$[____] principal amount or integral multiples thereof of a single stated maturity.

[The Series [___] Bonds [maturing on _____] are required to be redeemed (unless previously purchased or redeemed) by the application of sinking fund installments on the dates and in the amounts specified pursuant to the Series Resolution, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, without premium.]

[All Series Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption on each Interest Payment Date, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium, in a principal amount equal to all principal repayments, including Prepayments, on the [2021][2022] [__] Program Securities purchased with proceeds of the Series Bonds on deposit in the Revenue Fund received during the immediately preceding calendar month, as further provided in the Series Resolution.]

All Series Bonds are subject to (i) special redemption at any time at a price of par plus accrued interest, without premium, from unexpended proceeds of the Series Bonds not used to purchase Program Obligations and allocable amounts, if any, held in the 2021/2022 Series Accounts in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund, and (ii) special redemption at any time at a price of par plus accrued interest, without premium, from Excess Revenues (as hereinafter defined) on deposit in the Revenue Fund. "Excess Revenues," for this purpose, means Revenues, including Prepayments, on deposit in the Revenue Fund received in excess of (i) the Principal Installments and interest from time to time due and payable on Bonds Outstanding under the Bond Resolution, (ii) amounts required by the provisions of series resolutions heretofore or hereafter adopted to be used for the mandatory redemption of certain Outstanding Bonds as specified in said series resolutions, (iii) amounts required to maintain the required balance in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund, (iv) amounts

payable to a Swap Counterparty, and (v) amounts required to pay fees and other costs of the Agency in connection with the Program.

All Series Bonds with stated maturities on or after _____ are also subject to redemption at the option of the Agency in whole or in part from any amounts available to the Agency for that purpose, on _____ and any date thereafter, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, without premium.

Upon redemption of any of the Series Bonds, the maturities and amounts of the Series Bonds to be redeemed will be selected by the Agency in a manner determined to have no material adverse effect on its ability to pay when due the Principal Installments of and interest on all Bonds Outstanding under the Bond Resolution after the redemption.

If less than all Series Bonds of a maturity are to be redeemed, the Trustee will select them at random. Upon partial redemption of a Series Bond, a new Series Bond or Series Bonds will be delivered to the Owner without charge, representing the remaining amount Outstanding.

Notice of any redemption of Series Bonds will be mailed, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the last address on the registry books of the registered owner of any Series Bond, not less than 30 days before the redemption date. Notice having been given, the Series Bonds or portions of Series Bonds specified will be due and payable at the specified redemption date and price, with accrued interest, and funds for that payment being held by or on behalf of the Trustee so as to be available therefor, interest thereon will cease to accrue, and those Series Bonds or portions thereof will no longer be considered Outstanding under the Bond Resolution. Any failure to give that mailed notice, or defect therein, will not impair the validity of redemption of any Series Bond not affected by that defect or failure.

The Agency has issued other Series of Bonds and the Bond Resolution authorizes additional Series of Bonds to be issued (collectively with the Series Bonds, the "Bonds"), all of which are secured by the pledge made and security interest granted therein, regardless of the times of issue or maturity, are of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction of any Bond of any Series over any other except as expressly provided or permitted in the Bond Resolution; subject to conditions specified in the Bond Resolution, including conditions that upon the issuance of each Series of Bonds (a) the amount held by the Trustee in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Insurance Reserve Fund will be increased to an amount not less than their respective requirements effective after the issuance of the Bonds, and (b) each Rating Agency will confirm that issuance of a Series of Bonds will not impair then existing rating on the Outstanding Bonds.

The Bond Resolution permits, with certain exceptions, the modification or amendment thereof and of the rights and obligations of the Agency and of the Owners of the Bonds thereunder, by a supplemental bond resolution adopted with the written consent, filed with the Trustee, of the Owners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding or affected by the amendment at the time the consent is given. Any resolution will be binding upon the Agency and all Fiduciaries and Owners of Bonds at the expiration of thirty days after filing with the Trustee of proof of the mailing of notice that the required consent has been given.

Supplemental resolutions may also be adopted, effective immediately, for the purpose of adding restrictions on or covenants by or surrendering privileges of the Agency, authorizing additional Bonds, or making provisions affecting only Bonds not yet issued or reasonably necessary to assure that interest on an applicable Series of Bonds will be, or remains, excludable from gross income under the Code; and may also be adopted, effective upon consent of the Trustee, for the purpose of curing or correcting an ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency, or inserting provisions not inconsistent with the Bond Resolution, clarifying matters or questions arising under it, or for any other purpose as will not be, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially adverse to the security or other interests of the Bondowners. Every Owner hereof is deemed by its purchase and retention of this Series Bond to consent to be bound by every supplemental resolution and every modification and amendment adopted in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Resolution, whether or not noted or endorsed hereon or incorporated herein.

No Owner of any Series Bond may institute any suit, action or proceeding in equity or at law for the enforcement of any provision of the Bond Resolution or for the execution of any trust thereunder or for any other remedy thereunder except upon the conditions therein provided, but nothing therein affects or impairs the right of any Owner to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on any Series Bonds held by that Owner, or the obligation of the Agency to pay the same at the time and place expressed in the Series Bonds.

IT IS CERTIFIED AND RECITED that all acts, conditions and things required by the Constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota to exist, to happen and to be performed precedent to and in the issuance of the Series Bond in order to make it a valid and binding general obligation of the Agency in accordance with its terms do exist, have happened and have been performed in due form, time and manner as so required; that the issuance of the Series Bonds does not cause the indebtedness of the Agency to exceed any constitutional or statutory limitation; and that the opinion attached hereto is a full and correct copy of the legal opinion given by Bond Counsel with reference to the Series Bonds, dated the date of original issuance and delivery of the Series Bonds.

As provided in the Bond Resolution and subject to certain limitations set forth therein, this Series Bond is transferable upon the books of the Agency at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee, by the registered owner hereof in person or by the owner's attorney duly authorized in writing, upon surrender hereof together with a written instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Trustee, duly executed by the registered owner or the owner's duly authorized attorney and may also be surrendered in exchange for Series Bonds of other authorized denominations. Upon the transfer or exchange the Agency will cause to be issued in the name of the transferee or owner a new Series Bond or Series Bonds of the same aggregate principal amount, maturity, interest rate and terms as the surrendered Series Bond, subject to reimbursement for any tax, fee or governmental charge required to be paid by the Agency or the Trustee with respect to the transfer.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Series Bond, so long as this Series Bond is registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, or in the name of any other nominee of The Depository Trust Company or other securities depository, the Trustee will pay all principal of, premium, if any, and interest on this Series Bond, and will give all notices with respect to this Series Bond, only to Cede & Co. or other nominee in accordance

with the operational arrangements of The Depository Trust Company or other securities depository as agreed to by the Agency.

The Agency and the Trustee may deem and treat the person in whose name this Series Bond is registered upon the books of the Agency as the absolute owner hereof, whether this Series Bond is overdue or not, for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of the principal, redemption price or interest and for all other purposes, and all payments so made to the registered owner or upon the owner's order will be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon this Series Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid, and neither the Agency nor the Trustee will be affected by any notice to the contrary.

Unless the Trustee's Certificate hereon has been manually executed on behalf of the Trustee, this Series Bond will not be entitled to any benefit under the Bond and Series Resolution or be valid or obligatory for any purpose.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

facsimile signatures of its Chairperson and Commissioner, the Agency having no corporate seal. Date of Authentication: Trustee's Certificate This is one of the Series Bonds MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY delivered pursuant to the Bond Resolution and Series Resolution mentioned within. By: (Facsimile Signature) Chairperson WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee Attest: (Facsimile signature) By_

Commissioner

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Agency has caused this Series Bond to be executed by the

Authorized Representative

ASSIGNMENT

For value received, the undersigned hereby sells, assigns and transfers unto

	e and address of transferee)
the within Series Bond and all rights thereun appoint	ader and does hereby irrevocably constitute and attorney to transfer the
within Series Bond on the books kept for registhe premises.	stration thereof, with full power of substitution in
Dated:	
	NOTICE: The assignor's signature to this assignment must correspond with the name as it appears upon the face of the within Series Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever.
Signature Guaranteed:	
Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an "eligible guarantor institution" meeting the requirements of the Trustee, which requirements include membership or participation in STAMP or any other "signature guaranty program" as may be determined by the Trustee in addition to or in substitution for STAMP, all in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.	
Please insert social security or other identifying number of assignee:	

NEW ISSUE

RATINGS: Moody's: S&P: " (See "Ratings" herein.)

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency has prepared this Official Statement to provide information about the Series Bonds. Selected information is presented on this cover page for the convenience of the user. To make an informed decision regarding the purchase of the Series Bonds, a prospective investor should read all of this Official Statement. Capitalized terms used on this cover page have the meanings given in this Official Statement.



\$150,000,000*

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency ,000* Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series G (AMT) (Social Bonds) \$----- ,000* Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series H (Non-AMT) (Social Bonds) ,000* Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series I (Taxable) (Social Bonds)



Dated Date: Date of Delivery

Due: As shown on inside front cover

Tax Exemption

Interest on the 2021 Series G Bonds and the 2021 Series H Bonds (collectively, the "Tax-Exempt Series Bonds") is not includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes or taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for state of Minnesota (the "State") income tax purposes. (For additional information, including on the application of federal and state alternative minimum tax provisions to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, see "Tax Exemption and Related Considerations" herein.) Interest on the 2021 Series I Bonds is includable in gross income for purposes of federal income taxation and is includable in the taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for State income tax purposes.

Redemption and Tender

The Agency may redeem all or a portion of the Series Bonds by optional or special redemption, and must redeem a portion of the Series Bonds by mandatory sinking fund redemption, as described under "The Series Bonds" herein.

Security

Payment of principal and interest on the Series Bonds is secured, on an equal basis with payment of principal and interest on all Outstanding Bonds that the Agency has issued, and may subsequently issue, under the Bond Resolution, by the Agency's pledge of all Bond proceeds, Program Obligations, Investment Obligations, Revenues and other assets held under the Bond Resolution, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Bond Resolution or in a Series Resolution. The Series Bonds are also general obligations of the Agency, payable out of any of its generally available moneys, assets or revenues. The Agency has no taxing power. The State is not liable for the payment of the Series Bonds and the Series Bonds are not a debt of the State. (See "Security for the Bonds" herein.)

Interest Payment Dates

January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2022,* and, in respect of a Series Bond to be redeemed, the redemption

date.

Denominations

\$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Closing/Settlement

December ___, 2021* through the facilities of DTC in New York, New York.

Bond Counsel

Kutak Rock LLP.

Underwriters' Counsel

Dorsey & Whitney LLP.

Trustee

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, in Minneapolis, Minnesota. (See "Trustee" herein.)

Book-Entry-Only System

The Depository Trust Company. See Appendix E hereto.

The Series Bonds are offered when, as and if issued, subject to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice and to the opinion of Kutak Rock LLP, Bond Counsel, as to the validity of the Series Bonds, and tax exemption of interest on, the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds.

RBC Capital Markets

J.P. Morgan

Piper Sandler & Co.

Wells Fargo Securities

The date of this Official Statement is , 2021.

^{*}Preliminary; subject to change.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES AND PRICES*

2021 Series G Bonds (AMT) (Social Bonds)

Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	\$,000* Serial	Bonds Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	CUSIP**
		I	Price of Serial Bo	nds —%			
		2021 Series	H Bonds (Non-	-AMT) (Social Bo	nds)		
Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	\$,000* Serial	Bonds Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	CUSIP**
	\$,000* _ \$,000* _ \$,000* _ \$,000*	% Term B % Term l % Term l	Price of Serial Bostonds Due Bonds Due Bonds Due m Bonds Due	nds —% _* at% (CUSIP _* at% (CUSIP _* at% (CUSIP* at% (CUS	P**)**) IP**)		
		2021 Seri	es I Bonds (Tax	able) (Social Bond	<u>ls)</u>		
Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	\$,000* Serial CUSIP**	Bonds Due*	Principal Amount*	Interest Rate %	CUSIP**
		I	Price of Serial Bo	nds —%			
	\$,000* _ \$,000* _ \$,000* _	% Term B % Term l % Term l	Sonds Due Bonds Due Bonds Due	_* at% (CUSIP _* at% (CUSIP _* at% (CUSIP	**) **) **)		

^{*}Preliminary, subject to change.

^{**}CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an organization not affiliated with the Agency and are included for the convenience of the owners of the Series Bonds. The Agency is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, nor is any representation made as to their correctness on the Series Bonds or as indicated above. A CUSIP number for a specific maturity may be changed after the issuance date. CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association.

Page

Neither Minnesota Housing Finance Agency nor any of the Underwriters has authorized any dealer, broker, salesperson or other person to give any information or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement. Prospective investors must not rely on any other information or representations as being an offer to buy. No person may offer or sell Series Bonds in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for that person to make that offer, solicitation or sale. The information and expressions of opinion in this Official Statement may change without notice. Neither the delivery of the Official Statement nor any sale of the Series Bonds will, under any circumstances, imply that there has been no change in the affairs of the Agency since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement contains statements that, to the extent they are not recitations of historical fact, constitute "forward-looking statements." In this respect, the words "estimate," "intend," "expect," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. A number of important factors affecting the Agency, its Program and the Series Bonds could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in the forward-looking statements.

The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as a part of, their respective responsibilities under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information.

In connection with this offering, the Underwriters may over-allot or effect transactions that stabilize or maintain the market price of the Series Bonds at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market. This stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued.

NO FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY HAS RECOMMENDED THESE SECURITIES. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to \$150,000,000* MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY RESIDENTIAL HOUSING FINANCE BONDS, 2021 SERIES G, 2021 SERIES H AND 2021 SERIES I (SOCIAL BONDS)

This Official Statement (which includes the cover page, inside front cover and Appendices) provides certain information concerning the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (the "Agency"), and its Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2021 Series G (the "2021 Series G Bonds"), 2021 Series H (the "2021 Series H Bonds," and collectively with the 2021 Series G Bonds, the "Tax-Exempt Series Bonds"), and 2021 Series I (Taxable) (the "Taxable Series Bonds," and collectively with the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, the "Series Bonds"). The Agency is issuing the Series Bonds pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 462A, as amended (the "Act"), a resolution of the Agency adopted as amended and restated on August 24, 1995, and as further amended and supplemented in accordance with its terms (the "Bond Resolution"), and series resolutions of the Agency adopted on April 22, 2021 and November 18, 2021 (the "2021/2022 Series Resolutions"). (The Bond Resolution and the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions are herein sometimes referred to as the "Resolutions.")

The Residential Housing Finance Bonds Outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,804,515,000 as of October 31, 2021 under the Bond Resolution, and any additional Residential Housing Finance Bonds hereafter issued pursuant to the Bond Resolution, including the Series Bonds (collectively referred to as the "Bonds"), are and will be equally and ratably secured under the Bond Resolution (except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Series Resolution).

The Resolutions include definitions of capitalized terms used in this Official Statement, some of which are reproduced in Appendix C. The summaries and references in this Official Statement to the Act, the Resolutions and other documents are only outlines of certain provisions and do not summarize or describe all the provisions thereof. All references in this Official Statement to the Act and the Resolutions are qualified in their entirety by the complete text of the Act and the Resolutions, copies of which are available from the Agency. All references to the Series Bonds are qualified in their entirety by the complete form thereof and the provisions in the Resolutions establishing the terms of the Series Bonds.

INTRODUCTION

The Agency is a public body corporate and politic, constituting an agency of the state of Minnesota (the "State"). The Act authorizes the Agency to issue bonds for the purpose, among other purposes, of purchasing, making or otherwise participating in the making of long-term mortgage loans to persons and families of low and moderate income for the purchase of residential housing upon the determination by the Agency that those loans are not otherwise available from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions.

Since its creation in 1971, the Agency has issued bonds to purchase single family mortgage loans, to purchase home improvement loans and to finance multifamily developments. In addition to financing loans through the issuance of debt, the Agency finances grants and loans through State and federal appropriations and its Alternative Loan Fund in the Bond Resolution. Please refer to the information in the notes to the financial statements included in Appendix A to this Official Statement at pages [63 and 64] under the heading "Net Position — Restricted by Covenant."

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^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

The global outbreak of the coronavirus COVID-19 ("COVID-19") and measures taken by federal, state and local governments in response thereto are impacting individuals and businesses in a manner that to an unknown extent will have negative effects on economic activity across the country and the State, including mortgage loan repayments. For descriptions of certain of these measures, their impacts on the Agency and the Agency's responses, see "The Agency—COVID-19 Economic Disruption" herein.

Prior to the fall of 2009, the Agency implemented its single-family mortgage lending program by purchasing "whole loans" from lenders and financing purchases of the loans with proceeds of its bonds. In September 2009, the Agency began acquiring mortgage-backed securities guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by a Federal Mortgage Agency (as defined in the Resolutions, "Program Securities") instead of directly acquiring mortgage loans from lenders. (See "'MBS' Model.")

The Agency is issuing the Series Bonds to provide money, from proceeds of the Series Bonds and from available funds associated with certain other outstanding single family mortgage bonds to be refunded by the Series Bonds, to be used, along with certain contributed funds of the Agency, to continue its Program by purchasing Program Securities guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA Securities"), the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae Securities") or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac Securities") and backed by pools of mortgage loans ("Program Loans"), that certain mortgage lending institutions (the "Lenders") have made to qualified persons or families of low and moderate income to finance the purchase of single-family residences in Minnesota. Program Securities guaranteed by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") may also include Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities ("UMBS"). (See "The Residential Housing Finance Program—Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities.") Each Program Loan must be (i) insured by the Federal Housing Administration (the "FHA") of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended (the "Housing Act"), (ii) guaranteed by the Veterans Administration ("VA") pursuant to the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, (iii) guaranteed by USDA Rural Development (formerly Rural Economic and Community Development) ("USDA Rural Development"), under its Guaranteed Rural Housing Loan Program, or (iv) insured by private mortgage insurance issued by an entity acceptable to Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac or have certain loan-to-value ratios or other characteristics acceptable to Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. As a result of the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, the Agency will allocate to the Series Bonds certain Program Securities allocable to the Refunded Bonds. (See "Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds.")

Payment of principal and interest on the Series Bonds is secured, on an equal basis with payment of principal and interest on all Outstanding Bonds that the Agency has issued, and may subsequently issue, under the Bond Resolution (except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Series Resolution), by the Agency's pledge of all Program Obligations, Investment Obligations, Revenues and other assets held and received by the Agency pursuant to the Bond Resolution. Under the Bond Resolution, the Agency is authorized to acquire Program Obligations in connection with Housing, which is defined to include single family loans, home improvement loans, multifamily loans and other housing related loans, and to secure those loans in the manner as the Agency determines, which would include first mortgage loans, subordinate mortgage loans or loans that are unsecured. The Program Obligations acquired with the proceeds of Bonds have primarily consisted of Program Loans comprising single family housing loans secured by first or subordinate mortgages. In addition, the Agency has financed certain home improvement loans as Program Obligations by a single Series of Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution. The Agency intends to apply certain proceeds of the Series Bonds to acquire Program Securities backed by qualifying single family first mortgage loans. (See "Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds.") The Agency does not currently anticipate that future Series of Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution will finance Program Obligations other than Program Securities backed by single family loans, Deferred Payment Loans and Deferred Payment Loans Plus (each a "DPA Loan") or certain home improvement loans. (See "Security for the Bonds," "Appendix C – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bond Resolution" and "Other Programs—Deferred Payment Loans.")

The Series Bonds are also general obligations of the Agency payable from any of its moneys, assets or revenues, subject only to the provisions of other resolutions or indentures now or hereafter pledging and appropriating particular moneys, assets or revenues to particular notes or bonds, or State or federal laws or restrictions that provide that particular funds must be applied for a specified purpose. The net position of the General Reserve and the

Alternative Loan Fund is legally available if needed to pay debt service on any obligations of the Agency, including the Series Bonds. (See "The Agency—Net Position Restricted By Covenant and Operations to Date—General Reserve; Alternative Loan Fund.") (For purposes of the Resolutions, the General Reserve is designated as the "General Reserve Account.")

Although the State has appropriated amounts to the Agency for various specific purposes (see "The Agency —State Appropriations"), the Agency generally pays its general and administrative expenses from certain interest earnings and fees charged in connection with its bond-funded programs. For programs funded through State appropriations, the Agency recovers the costs of administering the programs from those appropriations only to the extent of interest earnings on the appropriations. The appropriations are not available to pay debt service on the Bonds.

The Agency has no taxing power. Neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof is or will be obligated to pay the principal or redemption price of or interest on the Series Bonds and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to that payment.

DESIGNATION OF THE SERIES BONDS AS SOCIAL BONDS

General

Kestrel Verifiers, a division of Kestrel 360, Inc. ("Kestrel Verifiers") has designated the Series Bonds as "Social Bonds." The information under the headings "Social Bond Designation" and "Independent Second Party Opinion on Social Bond Designation and Disclaimer" below has been provided by Kestrel Verifiers.

None of the Agency, any of the Underwriters, CSG Advisors Incorporated, Kutak Rock LLP or Dorsey & Whitney LLP has independently confirmed or verified the information below or assumed any obligation to ensure that the Series Bonds comply with any legal or other standards or principles that may be related to Social Bonds. "Social Bonds" is an entirely self-designating label lacking any objective guidelines or criteria and the Agency has designated the Series Bonds as Social Bonds based solely on their designation as Social Bonds by Kestrel Verifiers. The designation of the Series Bonds as Social Bonds does not entitle the Owner of any Series Bond to any benefit under the Code. Owners of the Series Bonds do not have any security other than as described under "Security for the Bonds."

Social Bonds Designation

Per the International Capital Market Association (ICMA), Social Bonds are any type of bond instrument where the proceeds will be exclusively applied to finance or re-finance, in part or in full, new and/or existing eligible Social Projects and which are aligned with the four core components of the Social Bond Principles. The four core components are: 1. Use of Proceeds; 2. Process for Project Evaluation and Selection; 3. Management of Proceeds; and 4. Reporting.

Kestrel Verifiers has determined that the Series Bonds are in conformance with the four core components of the ICMA Social Bond Principles, as described in Kestrel Verifiers' "Second Party Opinion," which is attached hereto as Appendix K.

Independent Second Party Opinion on Social Bond Designation and Disclaimer

For over 20 years, Kestrel Verifiers has been consulting in sustainable finance. Kestrel Verifiers, a division of Kestrel 360, Inc. is an Approved Verifier accredited by the Climate Bonds Initiative (CBI) and an Observer for the ICMA Green Bond Principles and Social Bond Principles. Kestrel Verifiers reviews transactions in all asset classes worldwide for alignment with ICMA Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles, Sustainability Bond Guidelines and the Climate Bonds Initiative Standards and criteria.

The Second Party Opinion issued by Kestrel Verifiers does not and is not intended to make any representation or give any assurance with respect to any other matter relating to the bonds. Designations by Kestrel Verifiers are not

a recommendation to any person to purchase, hold, or sell the bonds and such labeling does not address the market price or suitability of these bonds for a particular investor and does not and is not in any way intended to address the likelihood of timely payment of interest or principal when due.

In issuing the Second Party Opinion, Kestrel Verifiers has assumed and relied upon the accuracy and completeness of the information made publicly available by the Agency or that was otherwise made available to Kestrel Verifiers.

Use of Proceeds Report

Upon the expenditure of the proceeds of the Series Bonds deposited in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account, the Agency will prepare a report regarding the Program Loans backing the Program Securities financed with the proceeds of the Series Bonds consisting of the information set forth in Appendix J.

THE AGENCY

Purpose

The Agency was created in 1971 by the Act as a public body corporate and politic, constituting an agency of the State, in response to legislative findings that there existed in Minnesota a serious shortage of decent, safe, and sanitary housing at prices or rentals within the means of persons and families of low and moderate income, and that the then present patterns of providing housing in the State limited the ability of the private building industry and the investment industry to produce that housing without assistance and resulted in a failure to provide sufficient long-term mortgage financing for that housing.

Structure

Under the Act, the membership of the Agency consists of the State Auditor and six public members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years. Pursuant to the Act, each member continues to serve until a successor has been appointed and qualified. The Chair of the Agency is designated by the Governor from among the appointed public members. Pursuant to State law, the State Auditor may delegate duties and has delegated her duties as a member of the Agency in the event that the Auditor is unable to attend a meeting of the Agency.

The present members of the Agency, who serve without compensation (except for per diem allowance and expenses for members not otherwise compensated as public officers), are listed below.

John DeCramer, Chair — Term expires January 2024, Marshall, Minnesota – Magnetics Engineer

The Honorable Julie Blaha — Ex officio, St. Paul, Minnesota – State Auditor

Melanie Benjamin, Member — Term expires January 2025, Onamia, Minnesota – Consultant

Craig Klausing, Member — Term expires January 2023, Roseville, Minnesota – Attorney

Stephanie Klinzing, Member — Term expires January 2023, Elk River, Minnesota – Writer and Publisher

Stephen Spears, Member — Term expires January 2022, Plymouth, Minnesota – Banker

Terri Thao, Vice Chair — Term expires January 2024, St. Paul, Minnesota – Program Director

Staff

The staff of the Agency presently consists of approximately 265 persons, including professional staff members and contractors who have responsibilities in the fields of finance, law, mortgage underwriting, architecture, construction inspection and housing management. The Attorney General of the State provides certain legal services to the Agency.

The Commissioner is appointed by the Governor. The Act authorizes the Commissioner of the Agency to appoint the permanent and temporary employees as the Commissioner deems necessary subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Management and Budget.

The principal officers and staff related to the Program are as follows:

Jennifer Ho — Commissioner-Designee, appointed effective January 2019. When Governor Tim Walz took office on January 7, 2019, Ms. Ho was appointed Commissioner and has all of the powers and will perform all of the duties of the office. The appointment of Ms. Ho as Commissioner may be confirmed or rejected by the advice and consent of the state of Minnesota Senate. Prior to her appointment, Ms. Ho was the Senior Policy Advisor for Housing and Services at the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development during the Obama Administration. Prior to that, she served as deputy director at the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH), shepherding the creation of Opening Doors, the nation's first-ever comprehensive federal plan to prevent and end homelessness. Ms. Ho worked with former First Lady Michelle Obama to launch the Mayors Challenge to End Veteran Homelessness that resulted in reducing the number of veterans experiencing homelessness on any night by nearly half. In 1999, as Executive Director of Hearth Connection, a Minnesota non-profit, she began her work to end homelessness by managing a nationally-recognized demonstration project on supportive housing and long-term homelessness for single adults, youth and families in Ramsey and Blue Earth counties. Ms. Ho oversaw the replication of that project in 34 additional counties in partnership with the Fond du Lac, Bois Fort and Grand Portage Tribal Bands. She has served on the Boards of Directors for West Side Community Health Services in St. Paul, and nationally for the Corporation for Supportive Housing and the Melville Charitable Trust. Ms. Ho received a Bachelor of Arts Degree in philosophy from Bryn Mawr College.

Rachel Robinson — Deputy Commissioner, appointed effective March 2019. Prior to this position, Ms. Robinson was Fund Manager for the NOAH Impact Fund, a subsidiary of the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund, a certified Community Development Financial Institution, from 2016 to 2019, responsible for securing investment commitments, structuring transactions, developing investor and partner relations, and ensuring that social impact goals and compliance requirements were met. She has worked in affordable housing development and finance for over 15 years, including with CommonBond Communities from 2011 to 2015, where as Vice President she developed and led enterprise asset management systems, and as Senior Housing Development Manager from 2008 to 2011. Ms. Robinson was also Director of Property Development at Artspace Projects, Inc. from 2015 to 2016. She holds a Master's degree in Urban and Regional Planning from the University of Minnesota Humphrey School of Public Affairs and a Bachelor of Arts degree in Urban Studies from Macalester College, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Kevin Carpenter — Chief Financial Officer, appointed effective March 2016. In this position, Mr. Carpenter leads the finance and accounting teams of the Agency and provides strategic direction regarding the organization's financial resources. Prior to this position, Mr. Carpenter was the Chief Financial Officer at the City of Minneapolis from May 2011 to November 2015, and also had significant tenure in various senior financial and operating positions at RBC Capital Markets, LLC. He previously was an investment banker at RBC Capital Markets, LLC and at Lehman Brothers. Mr. Carpenter earned a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Harvard University Business School and a Bachelor of Arts degree in Government from Dartmouth College.

Debbi Larson — Director of Finance appointed effective December 2019. Ms. Larson was Controller and Director of Financial Operations for the Agency from August 2015 to December 2019. Prior to that position, she was Director of Finance and Information Technology for a subsidiary of Taylor Corporation and responsible for domestic and international locations and, prior to that, was the Chief Financial Officer for a division of the Minnesota

Department of Corrections. Ms. Larson previously held various accounting positions of increasing responsibility. Ms. Larson holds a Bachelor of Science degree with a concentration in Accounting from the University of Phoenix, and an MMBA (accelerated MBA program) Executive Leadership certification from the University of St. Thomas.

Anne Smetak — General Counsel, appointed effective June 2020. Ms. Smetak has been a member of the Agency's legal team since April 2016 and served as Deputy General Counsel for the Agency from July 2019 to June 2020. Her experience prior to joining the Agency includes corporate litigation, affordable housing preservation as a legal services attorney, and clinical teaching roles at the Washington College of Law and The George Washington University School of Law. Ms. Smetak earned a law degree and a Master of Laws degree from The George Washington University School of Law and holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science from Kenyon College.

[Kasey Kier — Assistant Commissioner, Single Family Division appointed effective December 2014. Ms. Kier's previous experience with the Agency includes Single Family Business Operations Manager from August 2012 to December 2014, Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program Manager from 2005 to 2012, Multifamily Housing Program Professional from 2000 to 2005 and various positions in the Single Family Division with increasing responsibility from 1994 to 2000. Prior to that, Ms. Kier held positions at Prudential Home Mortgage and ITT Financial Corporation. Ms. Kier holds a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Business Management and Management Information Systems from Augsburg College, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Ms. Kier is a graduate of the Mortgage Bankers Association School of Mortgage Banking and holds the Accredited Mortgage Professional (AMP) specialist designation. Ms. Kier also holds Project Management Professional (PMP) certification through the Project Management Institute and Housing Development Finance Professional certification through the National Development Council. Ms. Kier has accepted a position with another employer but will continue her duties at the Agency until a successor is identified.]

The Agency's offices are located at 400 Wabasha Street North, St. Paul, Minnesota 55102, and its general telephone number is (651) 296-7608. The Agency's Investor Relations Representative may be reached at the Agency's general telephone number. The Agency's website address is http://www.mnhousing.gov. No portion of the Agency's website is incorporated into this Official Statement.

Independent Auditors

The financial statements of the Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, included in this Official Statement as Appendix A, have been audited by RSM US LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing herein. RSM US LLP has not been engaged to perform, and has not performed, any procedures on the financial statements after June 30, 2021. RSM US LLP also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

Financial Statements of the Agency

The Agency financial statements included in this Official Statement as Appendix A as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are presented in combined "Agency-wide" form followed by "fund" financial statements presented for its major funds in order to comply with the requirements of Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Information regarding the Minnesota State Retirement System ("MSRS"), to which the Agency contributes, is included in Appendix A in the Notes to Financial Statements at pages [65 through 67] under the heading "Defined Benefit Pension Plan." The Agency's allocable portion of net pension liability reported at June 30, 2021 with respect to MSRS is \$10.189 million.

Disclosure Information

The Agency will covenant in a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking for the benefit of the Owners and Beneficial Owners (as defined in Appendix B hereto) of the Series Bonds to provide annually certain financial information and operating data relating to the Agency (the "Agency Annual Report") and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events. (There is no other obligated person under the Continuing Disclosure

Undertaking.) The Agency must file the Agency Annual Report no later than 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, at its EMMA internet repository. The Agency also must file notices of the occurrence of the enumerated events, if any, with EMMA. (See "Appendix B — Summary of Continuing Disclosure Undertaking.")

During the prior five years, one disclosure report timely filed with EMMA was not timely linked to all outstanding CUSIPs for the associated Bonds of the Agency. The Agency timely filed the Agency Annual Report for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 with EMMA; however, that Agency Annual Report was not specifically linked to two CUSIPs for the Agency's Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2014 Series C, and three CUSIPs for the Agency's Residential Housing Finance Bonds, 2014 Series E. The Agency posted that Annual Report to CUSIP 60416SHP8, the only one of the five omitted CUSIPs with respect to bonds still outstanding, on February 1, 2021.

The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Agency Annual Report or the notices of events, and the manner in which these materials are to be filed, are summarized in "Appendix B — Summary of Continuing Disclosure Undertaking." The Agency has made these covenants to assist the Underwriters in complying with SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) (the "Rule").

In addition to the information required by the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking, the Agency also uses its best efforts to prepare a quarterly disclosure report for each of its single family bond resolutions (including the Bond Resolution) and a semiannual disclosure report for its rental housing bond resolution. Recent reports are available at the Agency's website at http://www.mnhousing.gov/investors, but no information on the Agency's website is incorporated into this Official Statement. The Agency is also committed to providing appropriate credit information as requested by any rating agency rating the Bonds at the Agency's request.

Net Position Restricted By Covenant and Operations to Date—General Reserve; Alternative Loan Fund

In addition to its bond funds pledged to the payment of particular bonds by bond resolutions of the Agency, the Agency has also established certain other funds that it has restricted by covenant. Currently, the restricted funds are the General Reserve and the Alternative Loan Fund. The General Reserve contains the Housing Endowment Fund (also referred to as "Pool 1") and the Agency's net investment in capital assets. The Alternative Loan Fund, which is held under the Bond Resolution but is not pledged to pay the Bonds, comprises the Housing Investment Fund (also referred to as "Pool 2") and the Housing Affordability Fund (also referred to as "Pool 3"). The net position of the General Reserve and the Alternative Loan Fund is not pledged to the payment of the Bonds or any other debt obligations of the Agency but, to the extent funds are available therein, are generally available to pay any debt obligations of the Agency, including the Bonds.

Subject to the restrictions in the Bond Resolution and its other bond resolutions, the Agency may withdraw excess assets from bond funds held thereunder. To the extent the Agency withdraws excess assets from bond funds, the Agency has pledged to deposit those excess assets in the General Reserve or the Alternative Loan Fund, except for any amounts as may be necessary to reimburse the State for money appropriated to restore a deficiency in any debt service reserve fund.

The Agency has further covenanted that it will use the money in the General Reserve and the Alternative Loan Fund only to administer and finance programs in accordance with the policy and purpose of the Act. This includes creating reserves for the payment of bonds and for loans made from the proceeds thereof, and accumulating and maintaining a balance of funds and investments as will be sufficient for that purpose. To ensure that assets available in the General Reserve and the Alternative Loan Fund provide security for the Agency's bondowners as covenanted in the bond resolutions, the Agency has established investment guidelines for Pools 1 and 2. The investment guidelines are subject to change by the Agency from time to time in its discretion.

Under the net position requirements and investment guidelines effective January 23, 2014, the required size of Pool 1 (which is intended to be a liquidity reserve) is 1 percent of gross loans receivable (excluding mortgage-backed securities, appropriated loans and loans credited to Pool 3) and the required size of Pool 2 is an amount that would cause the combined net position (exclusive of unrealized gains and losses resulting from marking to market

investment securities, including mortgage-backed securities, and swaps entered into by the Agency for which the unrealized loss or gain will not be realized if the security or swap is held to maturity or its optional termination date; and realized gains and losses resulting from the purchase and sale of investment securities between Agency funds) in the General Reserve, in Pool 2, and in the funds pledged under bond resolutions to be at least equal to the combined net position of the same funds as of the immediately preceding fiscal year end. Currently, this amount is \$868.730 million, representing the combined net position of these funds so calculated as of June 30, 2021. Pool 2 is intended to comprise amortizing interest-bearing housing loans or investment grade securities. Pool 1 and Pool 2 represent, with assets pledged to pay bonds of the Agency, the sustainable lending operations of the Agency. Pool 3 represents the more mission-intensive operations of the Agency and is intended to comprise deferred, zero percent and low interest-rate loans and grants and, for unapplied funds, investment grade securities. Pool 3 is not subject to the investment guidelines. Loan activity related to loans financed by funds in Pool 2 and Pool 3 is recorded as part of the Alternative Loan Fund. The Agency approves all interfund transfers. A further discussion of Pools 1, 2 and 3 and the amounts credited thereto as of June 30, 2021 appears in the Notes to Financial Statements of the Agency included in Appendix A to this Official Statement at pages [63 and 64] under the heading "Net Position — Restricted by Covenant."

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The following summary indicates the revenues earned, the expenses paid, and funds transferred to and from the General Reserve (which contains Pool 1 and net investment in capital assets), for the two most recent audited fiscal years of the Agency (in thousands) [UPDATE 2021 IF AUDIT NUMBERS DIFFER]:

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
Revenues		
Fees earned and other income ⁽¹⁾ Interest earned on investments Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$12,676 212 	\$12,971 590
Administrative reimbursement ^{(2), (3)} Total revenues	33,144 46,032	31,336 44,897
Expenses		
Salaries and benefits Other general operating expenses Total expenses	32,501 <u>7,424</u> 39,925	30,283 <u>6,900</u> 37,183
Revenues over expenses	6,107	7,714
Non-operating transfer of assets between funds ⁽⁴⁾	(8,363)	(9,876)
Change in net position Net position beginning of period Net position end of period	(2,256) <u>12,307</u> <u>\$10,051</u>	(2,162) <u>14,469</u> <u>\$12,307</u>

⁽¹⁾ Fees earned consist primarily of fees collected in conjunction with the administration of the low income housing tax credit program and HUD contract administration of certain non-Agency financed Section 8 developments.

State Appropriations

Over the years, the State Legislature has appropriated funds to the Agency to be used for low interest loans, grants, programs for low and moderate income persons and families and other housing related program costs. The Agency generally does not pay its general or administrative expenses from appropriated funds, although it can recover

⁽²⁾ The Agency transfers bond funds to the General Reserve for administrative reimbursement in accordance with the Agency's Affordable Housing Plan based on the adjusted assets of the bond funds. Adjusted assets are defined generally as total assets (excluding the reserve for loan loss), unrealized gains or losses on investments (including mortgage-backed securities and interest rate swap agreements), deferred loss on interest rate swap agreements and assets relating to escrowed debt.

⁽³⁾ Reimbursement from appropriated accounts consists of the portion of direct and indirect costs of administering the programs funded by the appropriations. The Agency recovers costs associated with administering State appropriations only to the extent of interest earnings on the appropriations. Costs associated with administering federal appropriations generally are recovered from the appropriations.

⁽⁴⁾ The Agency may transfer excess assets from bond funds to the General Reserve to the extent permitted by the resolution or indenture securing bonds of the Agency. In addition, the Agency may transfer funds in excess of the requirement for Pool 1 from the General Reserve to the Alternative Loan Fund. See the comments under the headings "Interfund Transfers" and "Net Position Restricted by Covenant" in the Notes to Financial Statements of the Agency in Appendix A to this Official Statement for additional information.

its allocable costs of administering State appropriations from investment earnings thereon. The State Legislature has appropriated funds to the Agency for its programs in every biennium since 1975. The Agency has expended or committed most of the appropriations.

Over the biennial periods ended June 30, 2015, 2017, 2019 and 2021, the total appropriations to the Agency aggregated approximately \$436.5 million. For the biennium ending June 30, 2023, the Legislature has appropriated approximately \$125.6 million to the Agency.

The appropriations are not available to pay debt service on the Bonds.

Agency Indebtedness

The principal amount of bonds and notes of the Agency that are outstanding at any time (excluding the principal amount of any refunded bonds and notes) is limited to \$5,000,000,000 by State statute. The following table lists the principal amounts of general obligation indebtedness of the Agency outstanding as of October 31, 2021:

			Original Principal	Principal Amount
	Number of	Final	$Amount^*$	Outstanding
	Series*	Maturity	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
Rental Housing Bonds	9	2049	\$ 47,840	\$ 46,785
Residential Housing Finance Bonds	58	2052	3,181,135	1,804,515
Homeownership Finance Bonds	57	2051	2,573,804	1,226,361
Multifamily Housing Bonds (Treasury HFA				
Initiative)	1	2051	15,000	12,920
Totals	125		\$5,817,779	\$3,090,581

^{*}Does not include series of bonds or the original principal amount of any bonds that had been, as of October 31, 2021, defeased or paid in full, whether at maturity or earlier redemption.

The payment of principal of and interest on general obligations of the Agency as shown above may be made, if necessary, from the General Reserve or the Alternative Loan Fund. (See "Net Position Restricted By Covenant and Operations to Date—General Reserve; Alternative Loan Fund" above.)

The Agency has entered into liquidity facilities and interest rate swap agreements in respect of its outstanding Bonds that bear interest at a variable rate and are subject to optional and mandatory tender. Certain information related to those liquidity facilities is included in Appendix H – Certain Information Relating to Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Outstanding and certain other information related to variable rate bonds and swap agreements is included in the notes to the audited financial statements contained in Appendix A to this Official Statement. The Agency does not make any representation as to the creditworthiness of any provider or counterparty on facilities and agreements relating to its variable rate bonds.

Certain of the swap agreements obligate the Agency to make periodic fixed rate payments and entitle the Agency to receive periodic payments based on the United States dollar-denominated London Interbank Offered Rate ("USD LIBOR"). In 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority, a United Kingdom regulatory body which supervises USD LIBOR's administrator, stated that it would not attempt to persuade or compel panel banks that currently submit interest rate information used in the setting of USD LIBOR rates to continue to do so after December 31, 2021. The Federal Reserve System and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (the "NY Fed") convened its Alternative Reference Rate Committee ("ARRC") in 2014, consisting of public and private United States capital market participants, to identify alternative reference rates as an alternative to USD LIBOR, identify best practices for contract robustness in the interest rate market, and create an implementation plan to support an orderly adoption of new references rates. In 2017, the ARRC identified the secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR"), which the NY Fed publishes, as the rate that represents best practice for use in certain new U.S. dollar derivatives and other financial contracts. Likewise, the International Swaps and Derivatives Association's ("ISDA") working group chose SOFR as its replacement for USD LIBOR, and ISDA has released its IBOR Fallbacks Supplement which amends the 2006

ISDA Definitions (applicable to trades occurring on and after January 25, 2021), as well as its IBOR Fallbacks Protocol, which allows contract participants to amend existing contracts to include the new fallback provision. Each of the NY Fed and ISDA has made certain information concerning their respective activities relating to USD LIBOR and alternative reference rates on their respective websites. The Financial Conduct Authority has indicated that USD LIBOR will continue to be available through June 30, 2023, at which time these amendments are expected to become effective and SOFR will replace USD LIBOR. There can be no assurance as to the timing or outcome of these and other USD LIBOR-related regulatory developments, or as to the effects of market reaction to such developments. Further regulatory developments, or the official cessation of USD LIBOR publication, might affect the determination of certain scheduled and, if applicable, termination payment obligations upon those derivatives agreements. The Agency continues to monitor the USD LIBOR-related developments and anticipates it will adhere to the IBOR Fallbacks Protocol or enter into substantially similar agreements directly with its swap providers. In addition, the Agency may seek additional amendments to its other agreements which still use USD LIBOR.

In 2009, the Agency issued \$13,270,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Nonprofit Housing Bonds (State Appropriation), Series 2009, to finance permanent supportive housing in two different multifamily housing developments. In 2011, the Agency issued \$21,750,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Nonprofit Housing Bonds (State Appropriation), Series 2011, to finance permanent supportive housing in five additional multifamily housing developments. Both series of bonds were issued under a separate indenture of trust, are not general obligations of the Agency and are not payable from any funds or assets of the Agency other than the appropriations the Agency expects to receive from the State General Fund pursuant to a standing appropriation made by the Legislature in 2008.

From time to time, beginning in 2012, the Legislature has authorized the Agency to issue housing infrastructure bonds (the "Housing Infrastructure Bonds") for various purposes payable, like the Nonprofit Housing Bonds, solely from a standing appropriation from the State General Fund and not from any other funds or assets of the Agency. The aggregate principal amount of Housing Infrastructure Bonds that the Agency may issue is \$415,000,000. The Agency has issued 27 series of its State Appropriation Bonds (Housing Infrastructure) in 2013 through 2021 in an aggregate principal amount of \$367,300,000 under a separate indenture of trust.

On November 12, 2020, the Agency issued its Second Amended and Restated Bank Note (the "Amended Bank Note") to Royal Bank of Canada (the "Bank"), pursuant to a Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of June 1, 2018, as amended by a First Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of October 28, 2019, a Second Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of November 22, 2019, and a Third Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of November 12, 2020 (as further amended by the Fourth Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of February 25, 2021, the "Amended Revolving Credit Agreement"), and as further amended from time to time, for the purpose of preserving current private activity bond volume cap by refunding the maturing principal or redemption price, as the case may be, of portions of Bonds and Homeownership Finance Bonds previously issued by the Agency (collectively, the "Single Family Housing Bonds"). Upon the refunding of Single Family Housing Bonds with amounts advanced to the Agency pursuant to the Amended Revolving Credit Agreement as evidenced by the Amended Bank Note, funds representing prepayments and repayments of mortgage loans financed with Single Family Housing Bonds, and other amounts available under the applicable bond resolution for the payment of those Single Family Housing Bonds, will be deposited into a cash collateral fund established under a separate amended and restated indenture of trust, as amended (the "2018 Revolving Credit Indenture"), between the Agency and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, as security for the repayment of the principal amount of the Amended Bank Note that has been advanced to the Agency. The Bank agrees to make advances until December 31, 2021, a later date if extended by the Bank or an earlier date upon an event of default or a termination pursuant to the terms of the Amended Revolving Credit Agreement or if the Agency elects an earlier termination. The amount of the advances outstanding and not repaid with respect to the Amended Bank Note bear interest at a variable interest rate equal to one month USD LIBOR plus a spread (currently 0.40%) and may not exceed \$150,000,000 at any time, and the cumulative amount of the advances made may not exceed \$1,100,000,000. The obligation of the Agency to pay the interest on, but not the principal of, the Amended Bank Note is a general obligation of the Agency. A portion of the proceeds of the Series Bonds will be used to repay a portion of the Amended Bank Note and the equivalent amount released from the cash collateral fund under the 2018 Revolving Credit Indenture will be deposited in the 2021 Series G-H-I subaccount in the Acquisition Account. The Agency has requested advances in the aggregate principal amount of [\$914,401,280, \$54,346,387] of which is outstanding.

Agency Continuity of Operations Plan

Certain external events, such as pandemics, natural disasters, severe weather, technological emergencies, riots, acts of war or terrorism or other circumstances, could potentially disrupt the Agency's ability to conduct its business. A prolonged disruption in the Agency's operations could have an adverse effect on the Agency's financial condition and results of operations. To plan for and mitigate the impact such an event may have on its operations, the Agency has developed a Continuity of Operations Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is designed to (i) provide for the continued execution of the mission-essential functions of the Agency and minimize disruption if an emergency threatens, interrupts or incapacitates the Agency's operations, (ii) provide Agency leadership with timely direction, control and coordination before, during and after an emergency or similar event, and (iii) facilitate the return to normal operating conditions as soon as practical based on the circumstances surrounding any given emergency or similar event. No assurances can be given that the Agency's efforts to mitigate the effects of an emergency or other event will be successful in preventing any and all disruptions to its operations.

Cybersecurity

The Agency relies on a complex technology environment to conduct its operations. As a recipient and provider of personal, private and sensitive information, the Agency faces multiple cyber threats including, but not limited to, hacking, viruses, malware, ransomware, phishing, business email compromise, and other attacks on computers and other sensitive digital networks, systems, and assets. Housing finance agencies and other public finance entities have been targeted by outside third parties, including technologically sophisticated and well-resourced actors, attempting to misappropriate assets or information or cause operational disruption and damage. Further, third parties, such as hosted solution providers, that provide services to the Agency, could also be a source of security risk in the event of a failure of their own security systems and infrastructure.

The Agency uses a layered approach that employs sound operational strategies and security technology solutions to secure against, detect, and mitigate the effects of cyber threats on its infrastructure and information assets. The Agency conducts regular information security and privacy awareness training that is mandatory for all Agency staff. The Agency's Business Technology Support group has management responsibility for all information technology and leads the efforts of the Agency to keep its cyber assets secure. The Agency's Business Technology Support group and contracted services from the Office of MN.IT Services, an agency of the executive branch of the State, regularly conduct risk assessments, audits and tests of the Agency's cybersecurity systems and infrastructure.

Despite its efforts, no assurances can be given that the Agency's security and operational control measures will be successful in guarding against any and each cyber threat and attack, especially because the techniques used by perpetrators are increasingly sophisticated, change frequently, are complex, and are often not recognized until launched. To date, cyber attacks have not had a material impact on the Agency's financial condition, results or business; however, the Agency is not able to predict future attacks or their severity. The results of any attack on the Agency's computer and information technology systems could impact its operations for an unknown period of time, damage the Agency's digital networks and systems, and damage the Agency's reputation, financial performance, and customer or vendor relationships. Such an attack also could result in litigation or regulatory investigations or actions, including regulatory actions by state and federal governmental authorities. The costs of remedying any such damage could be substantial and such damage to the Agency's reputation and relationships could adversely affect the Agency's ability to conduct its programs and operations in the future.

COVID-19 Economic Disruption

The global outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease declared to be a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization in March 2020, was declared an emergency by federal and state governments. Since the start of the Pandemic, Presidential administrations, Congress, the Federal Reserve, HUD/FHA (including GNMA), the Federal Housing Finance Agency (including Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac), USDA Rural Development, the VA, the Centers for Disease Control, and the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, along with the State, have enacted legislation and/or issued orders or directives (collectively, "Governmental Actions") to alleviate the effects of the Pandemic on homeowners, renters, landlords, servicers and lenders. Governmental Actions have included loan forbearance directives, moratoriums on foreclosures and/or evictions, loan modification directives, loan servicing

assistance, rental assistance, and homeownership loan assistance. Some legislation and/or orders have been extended and/or modified, while others have expired or been enjoined. While it is generally expected that new legislation may be enacted, new orders may be issued, and existing and new orders may be extended, modified, contested, or allowed to expire, no guarantee can be made with regards to the duration and/or effectiveness of any such legislation or orders.

From April 1, 2020 to November , 2021, the Agency granted forbearance approvals for [481] Program Loans that are not pooled into Program Securities in an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$[41] million, which is [12.0] percent of the principal amount of all Program Loans not pooled into Program Securities held under the Bond Resolution as of March 31, 2020, and paused foreclosure actions on occupied single-family residences with respect to [25] Program Loans not pooled into Program Securities in an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$[2] million, which is [0.5] percent of the principal amount of all Program Loans not pooled into Program Securities held under the Bond Resolution as of that date. As of November ___, 2021, [136] of those Program Loans in an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$[11] million, which is [3.3] percent of the principal amount of all Program Loans not pooled into Program Securities held under the Bond Resolution as of March 31, 2020, were still in forbearance. Of the [345] Program Loans with an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$[30] million no longer in forbearance, approximately [18] percent in aggregate principal amount of those Program Loans have had missed payments deferred until maturity, approximately [11] percent have had missed payments subordinated as a junior lien payable to HUD, approximately [22] percent have had payments modified, approximately [43] percent have either not missed any payments or have had missed payments repaid and the remaining approximately [6] percent may be eligible for loss mitigation but no specific option has yet been identified. As of September 30, 2021, Program Loans not pooled into Program Securities comprised approximately [15.7] percent of the combined Program Loans and Program Securities pledged to the payment of Bonds under the Bond Resolution. (See "The Residential Housing Finance Program - Mortgage Loan Portfolio and Acquired Program Securities.") The Agency expects to receive and approve additional forbearance requests relating to Program Loans during the Pandemic. The Agency also provides loans under its multifamily rental housing program, many of which are covered by the relief provisions of certain Government Actions. The Agency's loans provided under its home improvement program and its monthly payment loan program, as well as some loans for single family housing that are not pledged as security for any debt of the Agency, are not affected by the relief provisions of the Government Actions. However, the Agency has granted and may choose to grant forbearance approvals for certain of these loans during the Pandemic. (See "Other Programs" and "Other Programs — Monthly Payment Loans.")

On March 13, 2020, the Governor of the State declared a peacetime emergency with respect to the Pandemic. Through various executive orders, which have the force and effect of law during a peacetime emergency, the Governor directed various protective measures in response to the Pandemic, including the suspension of evictions and lease terminations. The peacetime emergency ended on July 1, 2021 and all executive orders made pursuant to the peacetime emergency have expired. However, legislation was enacted effective June 30, 2021 gradually phasing out eviction protections during the period that ended October 12, 2021. While those protections have expired, certain tenants who are eligible for, have applied for, but have not yet received, federal emergency rental assistance payments will have eviction protection through June 1, 2022.

During the peacetime emergency, an executive order of the Governor designated the operation of the Agency as a critical service and Agency personnel, though almost exclusively teleworking, continued all operations in order to provide the Agency's programs (see "Agency Continuity of Operations Plan" above). The Agency plans to re-open its offices in winter 2022 with a portion of its personnel returning to the workplace. At this time the Agency cannot predict (i) the duration or extent of the Pandemic; (ii) the duration or expansion of any foreclosure or eviction moratorium affecting the Agency's ability to foreclose and collect on delinquent mortgage loans; (iii) the number of mortgage loans that will be in forbearance or default as a result of the Pandemic and subsequent federal, state and local responses thereto, including the Government Actions; (iv) whether and to what extent the Pandemic may disrupt the local or global economy, real estate markets, manufacturing, or supply chain, or whether any of those types of disruption may adversely impact the Agency or its operations; (v) whether or to what extent the Agency or other government agencies may provide additional deferrals, forbearances, adjustments, or other changes to payments on mortgage loans; or (vi) the effect of the Pandemic on the State budget, or whether any such effect may adversely impact the Agency or its programs. The Agency continues to monitor and assess the impact of the Pandemic on its programs, operations and financial position, including its ability to continue to finance the purchase of Program

Securities. However, the continuation of the Pandemic and the resulting containment and mitigation efforts could have a material adverse effect on the Agency's programs, operations and finances.

Single Family Mortgage Production Funding Considerations

Sources

As a state housing finance agency, the Agency relies on municipal bond markets operating efficiently to fund its Program. While these markets did not perform well, based on historical market relationships, the Agency could not fully realize the benefit of tax-exempt bond financing using traditional bond structures to finance single family mortgage loans at competitive interest rates. The Agency successfully combined traditional bond structures with economic refunding bonds and bonds secured by excess collateral under the Bond Resolution, and bonds structured with monthly principal pass-through payments from an identified portfolio of GNMA Securities, Fannie Mae Securities and Freddie Mac Securities under the Homeownership Finance Bond Resolution, to fund single family mortgage production by purchasing Program Securities.

In addition to funding its single family mortgage production by issuing bonds, the Agency from time to time sells Program Securities in the secondary market, including selling Program Securities and later repurchasing an interest-only strip in those Program Securities. Since 2009 the Agency has sold approximately \$[1.468] billion of Program Securities, including Program Securities sold with the later repurchase of an interest-only strip, in the open market as of November ___, 2021, \$[369] million of which would have been eligible to be financed with tax-exempt bonds. In 2013, the Agency also issued and sold three series of its Home Ownership Mortgage-Backed Exempt Securities Certificates in the aggregate principal amount of \$32.5 million, each of which is a special, limited obligation of the Agency payable from, and secured solely by, all principal and interest payments made on a single Program Security. Based on market conditions and the availability of economic refunding opportunities, the Agency determines whether to issue Additional Bonds under the Bond Resolution or under its Homeownership Finance Bond Resolution or to sell Program Securities in the secondary market.

ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The estimated sources and uses of funds related to the Series Bonds are as follows:

Principal amount of Series Bonds
Uses
Deposit to 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account Deposit to Costs of Issuance Account Underwriters' Compensation Total Uses of Funds

Based on the Program Securities that the Agency has purchased and expects to purchase from its own funds, the Agency expects to apply and disburse approximately \$____ million* of proceeds of the Series Bonds deposited in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to purchase Program Securities backed by Program Loans with a principal amount of approximately \$___ million,* which Program Securities are estimated to have pass-through interest rates ranging from [2.50] percent* to [3.50] percent,* on or before _____. Any Program Securities purchased from the Agency will be credited to the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account and pledged to the payment of

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^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

Outstanding Bonds. (See "The Residential Housing Finance Program – Reimbursement of Advances of Agency Funds from Proceeds of Series Bonds.")

THE SERIES BONDS

General

The Series Bonds will be fully registered bonds issued in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof of single maturities. The Series Bonds of each Series will initially be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), which will act as securities depository for each Series of the Series Bonds. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Minneapolis, Minnesota, serves as Trustee under the Bond Resolution. (See "Trustee.") Interest on the Series Bonds will be paid by moneys wired by the Trustee to DTC, or its nominee, as registered owner of the Series Bonds, which interest is to be redistributed by DTC. Principal of the Series Bonds will be paid at maturity or earlier redemption upon surrender at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee. (See "Appendix E — Book-Entry-Only System.")

For every exchange or transfer of Series Bonds, whether temporary or definitive, the Agency or the Trustee may make a charge sufficient to reimburse it for any tax, fee or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to that exchange or transfer. The Series Bonds mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside front cover hereof, subject to prior redemption and tender as hereinafter described.

Interest on the Series Bonds

Sinking Fund Redemption

Interest on the Series Bonds will be paid semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 2022,* and, in respect of any Series Bond then to be redeemed, on any redemption date. The Series Bonds will bear interest from their dated date, at the respective annual rates set forth on the inside front cover hereof until payment of the principal of or redemption price on those Series Bonds. Interest on the Series Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months and will be paid to the Owners of record in the bond registration books maintained by the Trustee as of the 15th day of the month preceding the regularly scheduled interest payment date, whether or not a business day (the "Record Date" for the Series Bonds).

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^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

	Principal		Principal
Date*	Amount*	Date*	Amount*
	ed to redeem the 2021 Senuly 1 and January 1 thereaft		
	crued interest thereon, with		
D./.*	Principal Amount*	Date*	Principal Amount*
') in part on J ncipal amount thereof to	d to redeem the 2021 Series * and on each July 1 ar be redeemed plus accrued	nd January 1 thereafter to	and including
The Agency is required in part on J	d to redeem the 2021 Series * and on each July 1 ar be redeemed plus accrued	nd January 1 thereafter to	and including premium, on the dates a
The Agency is required ') in part on J	d to redeem the 2021 Series * and on each July 1 ar	nd January 1 thereafter to	and including
The Agency is required in part on J	d to redeem the 2021 Series * and on each July 1 ar be redeemed plus accrued Principal	nd January 1 thereafter to interest thereon, without Date* The Date interest I Bonds with a state of the and including	premium, on the dates a Principal Amount* ed maturity of* ir* at the principa

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

Upon redemption of Series Bonds of a Series and maturity for which sinking fund installments have been established or any purchase and cancellation in lieu of redemption, the principal amount of that Series and maturity of the Series Bonds redeemed or purchased may be credited toward one or more sinking fund installments for that Series and maturity thereafter coming due in the manner the Agency specifies. The portion of any sinking fund installment remaining after the deductions credited to those payments is the unsatisfied balance of that sinking fund installment with respect to that Series and maturity of the Series Bonds for the purpose of calculating the payment due on or scheduled for a future date.

Special Redemption

Unexpended Proceeds. At its option, the Agency may redeem the Series Bonds prior to maturity, at any time, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium, (except that any PAC Term Bonds are to be redeemed at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, plus the unamortized premium thereon as the Agency determines by straight-line amortization of the original issue premium set forth on the inside front cover of this Official Statement between the date of issue and _______* (as of which date the premium would reduce to \$0)) from moneys representing Series Bond proceeds not used to purchase Program Securities and transferred to the Bond Redemption Fund from the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account and any allocable amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Fund. In the event the Agency determines to redeem any Series Bonds from unexpended proceeds, the Agency will select the Series, maturities and amounts of the Series Bonds to be redeemed and the Trustee will select the Series Bonds at random within each Series and maturity.

If the Agency has not expended all proceeds of the Series Bonds credited to the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account and the Delivery Period has not been extended (see "The Residential Housing Finance Program—Acquisition of Program Securities"), then the Agency must redeem the Series Bonds from those unexpended proceeds upon the expiration of the Delivery Period at the redemption price specified above.

Based on the Program Securities that the Agency has purchased and expects to purchase from its own funds, the Agency expects to apply and disburse all of the proceeds of the Series Bonds credited to the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to purchase Program Securities with a principal amount of approximately \$____ million,* on or before _____, 2021. (See "The Residential Housing Finance Program – Reimbursement of Advances of Agency Funds from Proceeds of Series Bonds" for information with respect to anticipated Agency purchases of Program Securities as of ______, 2021.)

Excess Revenues. In the Agency's discretion and subject to the requirements of the Resolutions, the Agency may apply moneys on deposit in the Revenue Fund attributable to Excess Revenues to redeem Outstanding Bonds under the Bond Resolution (including the Series Bonds, but with respect to the PAC Term Bonds not in excess of the maximum cumulative redemption amounts shown below), at any time; subject, however, to any provisions to the contrary in any Series Resolution relating to a Series of Bonds. The redemption price of redeemed Bonds will be the principal amount of those Bonds plus accrued interest thereon, without premium. The Agency will select the Series, maturities and sinking fund installments of the Bonds to be redeemed.

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

As used herein, "Excess Revenues" means the Revenues, including prepayments (except as described below under "Repayments and Prepayments"), on deposit in the Revenue Fund received in excess of (i) the maturing principal and sinking fund installments and any required mandatory redemptions, together with interest from time to time payable, on Bonds Outstanding under the Bond Resolution, (ii) amounts needed to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Fund and the Insurance Reserve Fund at their respective Requirements, and (iii) amounts required by the Agency to pay fees and other costs in connection with the Bonds associated with maintaining the Program, including amounts to be paid under swap agreements, liquidity facilities, remarketing agreements and other similar instruments.

10-Year Rule Requirements. To comply with certain provisions of federal tax law, the Agency must apply all available prepayments and regularly scheduled repayments of mortgage principal from the Program Securities allocable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds and (i) with respect to proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds allocated to the refunding of outstanding bonds of the Agency, received 10 years after the original issue date of the bonds refunded, or (ii) with respect to the remaining proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, received 10 years or more after the issue date of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds (collectively, the "Tax-Restricted Receipts"), to pay at maturity or redeem Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. This redemption must occur no later than the close of the first semiannual period beginning after the date of receipt, but no redemption is required if the amount available and required to be used to redeem the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is less than \$250,000. Prepayments and scheduled repayments of mortgage principal from Program Securities allocable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds (collectively, the "Tax-Exempt Receipts") received on or after the following dates in the following approximate percentages constitute the "Tax-Restricted Receipts:"

<u>Dates</u> *	Percentages*
December, 2021 to June 30, 2022	
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	
July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025	
July 1, 2025 to June 30, 2026	
July 1, 2026 to June 30, 2027	
July 1, 2027 to June 30, 2028	
July 1, 2028 to June 30, 2029	
July 1, 2029 to August 31, 2031	
September 1, 2031 and thereafter	100.00

Repayments and Prepayments. To the extent not needed to make regularly scheduled principal payments on the Taxable Series Bonds, either at maturity or pursuant to sinking fund installments, all prepayments and scheduled repayments of mortgage principal from Program Securities allocable to the Taxable Series Bonds (collectively, the "Taxable Receipts") will be applied (a) first, to redeem Taxable Series Bonds of the maturities selected by the Agency at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium and (b) then, if no Taxable Series Bonds are Outstanding, to redeem any Outstanding Bonds (subject, however, to any provisions to the contrary in any Series Resolutions relating to Outstanding Bonds), including any Tax-Exempt Series Bonds other than PAC Term Bonds in excess of the Maximum Cumulative Amounts shown in the applicable table below, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium, or for any other purpose authorized under the Resolutions.

To the extent not needed to make regularly scheduled principal payments on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, either at maturity or pursuant to sinking fund installments, or not required to be applied to redemption of the PAC Term Bonds as described below, the Tax-Restricted Receipts will be applied to redeem Tax-Exempt Series Bonds of the Series and maturities selected by the Agency at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium; provided, however, that those redemptions will not be required: (1) if there is a change in the Code or any temporary, proposed or final Treasury Regulations, or notices or similar announcements from time to time, that have the effect of removing or reducing the requirement of such redemptions of Tax-Exempt Series Bonds; and (2) if there shall be delivered to the Trustee an opinion of Bond Counsel that those changes in these redemption provisions will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds.

To the extent not needed to make regularly scheduled principal payments on the Series Bonds, either at maturity or pursuant to sinking fund installments, all Tax-Exempt Receipts received by or on behalf of the Agency must first be applied to redeem the PAC Term Bonds on a cumulative basis up to the Maximum Cumulative Amounts during each Redemption Period ending on the date therefor set forth in the following table:

	Maximum		Maximum
Redemption	Cumulative	Redemption	Cumulative
Period*	Amounts*†	Period*	Amounts*†

To the extent the Agency redeems PAC Term Bonds more than once in a semiannual period or on a date that is not a regularly scheduled interest payment date, the Agency will not redeem PAC Term Bonds on a cumulative basis as of any date in an aggregate principal amount greater than the sum of (i) the Maximum Cumulative Amount in the table above for the immediately preceding regularly scheduled interest payment date and (ii) the proportionate amount (based on the number of days elapsed since the immediately preceding regularly scheduled interest payment date and the total number of days in the period (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months)) of the difference between the Maximum Cumulative Amount set forth in the table above for the next succeeding regularly scheduled interest payment date and the Maximum Cumulative Amount for the immediately preceding regularly scheduled interest payment date.

If the Agency receives Tax-Exempt Receipts sufficient to redeem PAC Term Bonds up to the Maximum Cumulative Amounts in accordance with the table above, (1) to the extent required by applicable federal tax law, the Agency must use any excess Tax-Exempt Receipts (a) to redeem Outstanding Tax-Exempt Series Bonds (other than PAC Term Bonds) from the Series and maturities the Agency selects, or (b) if no Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are Outstanding other than PAC Term Bonds, to redeem Outstanding PAC Term Bonds, in each case on any date, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium; and (2) to the extent not required by applicable federal tax law to redeem Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, the Agency, at its option, may use any excess Tax-Exempt Receipts to redeem any Outstanding Bonds, including the Series Bonds (other than PAC Term Bonds), at a price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, without premium (subject, however, to any provisions to the contrary in any Series Resolutions relating to Outstanding Bonds), or for any other purpose authorized under the Resolutions.

To the extent that current collections of Tax-Exempt Receipts are insufficient to redeem PAC Bonds on a cumulative basis up to the Maximum Cumulative Amounts in accordance with the table above, the Agency will apply

[†]Based on an approximation of 100 percent PSA prepayment speed on the Program Loans backing Program Securities financed with the proceeds of the Series Bonds. (See "Projected Weighted Average Lives of the PAC Term Bonds" below for a discussion of the PSA Prepayment Model.) Amounts actually to be redeemed pursuant to this provision will be reduced proportionately to the extent any of the PAC Term Bonds are redeemed from unexpended proceeds of the Series Bonds.

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

excess Tax-Exempt Receipts from a prior period, to the extent not otherwise applied as described above (see "Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds") to redeem PAC Bonds up to such amounts.

Projected Weighted Average Lives of the PAC Term Bonds. The following information is provided to allow prospective investors to evaluate the PAC Term Bonds that are the subject of the special redemption provisions described above.

The weighted average life of a bond refers to the average length of time that will elapse from the date of issuance of the bond to the date each installment of principal is paid weighted by the principal amount of that installment. The weighted average life of the PAC Term Bonds will be influenced by, among other things, the rate at which Program Securities are purchased and the rate at which principal payments (including scheduled payments and principal prepayments) are made on the Program Loans backing Program Securities financed with the proceeds of the Series Bonds (collectively, the "Series Bond Program Loans"). An Owner owning less than all of the PAC Term Bonds may experience redemption at a rate that varies from the average life of the PAC Term Bonds.

Levels of prepayment on mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The standard used in this Official Statement is The Standard Prepayment Model of The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association, formerly The Bond Market Association and formerly the Public Securities Association (the "PSA Prepayment Model"). The PSA Prepayment Model represents an assumed monthly rate of prepayment of the then outstanding principal balance of a pool of mortgage loans. The PSA Prepayment Model does not purport to be either a historical description of the prepayment experience of any pool of mortgage loans or a prediction of the anticipated rate of prepayment of any pool of mortgage loans, including the Series Bond Program Loans. "100% PSA" assumes prepayment rates of 0.2 percent per year of the then-unpaid balance of the pool of mortgage loans in the first month of the life of the pool of mortgage loans and an additional 0.2 percent per year in each month thereafter (for example, 0.4 percent per year in the second month) until the thirtieth month. Beginning in the thirtieth month and in each month thereafter during the life of the pool of mortgage loans, "100% PSA" assumes a constant prepayment rate of 6 percent per year. Multiples will be calculated from this prepayment rate standard, e.g. "200% PSA" assumes prepayment rates will be 0.4 percent per year in month one, 0.8 percent per year in month two, reaching 12 percent per year in month thirty and remaining constant at 12 percent per year thereafter. "0% PSA" assumes no prepayments of principal of a pool of mortgage loans will occur for the life of the pool of mortgage loans.

The information in the following table, entitled "Projected Weighted Average Lives for the PAC Term Bonds" is based on the assumptions, among other things, that (i) the Series Bond Program Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of the PSA Prepayment Model, (ii) \$_____ million* of the proceeds of the Series Bonds in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account are used to purchase Program Securities, (iii) the Program Securities financed with the proceeds of the Series Bonds will have a weighted average pass-through rate of not less than [2.50] percent* and will be acquired by _____, 2021,* (iv) all scheduled principal and interest payments or prepayments on Series Bond Program Loans are received thirty days after the date on which due or assumed to be made and there are no foreclosures or repurchases of those Program Loans, (v) the PAC Term Bonds are redeemed only on regularly scheduled interest payment dates, and (vi) the Series Bonds, including the PAC Term Bonds, are not redeemed pursuant to optional redemption or from Excess Revenues. Based solely on the assumptions, some or all of which are unlikely to reflect actual experience, the following table provides projected weighted average life information for the PAC Term Bonds.

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

Projected Weighted Average Lives for the PAC Term Bonds*

PSA Prepayment	PAC Term Bonds Weighted Average Life [†]
0%	. years
50	
75	
100	5.00
200	5.00
300	5.00
400	5.00
500	5.00

[†]The weighted average life may be affected if, among other things, the Series Bonds, including the PAC Term Bonds, are redeemed with Excess Revenues, or from unexpended proceeds of the Series Bonds, as described above, or if PAC Term Bonds are redeemed on a date other than a regularly scheduled interest payment date.

The Agency cannot give any assurance that prepayments of principal of the Series Bond Program Loans will conform to any level of a particular prepayment projection, schedule or model or that prepayments will be available to be applied to redemptions of any of the Series Bonds, including the PAC Term Bonds. The rates of principal prepayments on mortgage loans are generally influenced by a variety of economic, geographical, social and other factors, including servicing decisions, changing property values, prevailing interest rates and the time within which mortgage loans are originated. In general, if prevailing interest rates fall significantly below the interest rates on the mortgage loans, those mortgage loans may be likely to prepay at higher rates than if prevailing interest rates remain at or above the interest rates on those mortgage loans. Conversely, if prevailing interest rates increase above the interest rates on the mortgage loans, the rate of prepayments might be expected to decrease. Foreclosures or repurchases of Series Bond Program Loans will also affect the expected special redemption schedules. The Agency cannot predict the number of Series Bond Program Loans that may become delinquent, repurchased or foreclosed. For these reasons, the Agency cannot offer any assurances as to the rate at which the Series Bond Program Loans will prepay and offers no assurance that the scheduled amounts will, in fact, be available to effect any redemptions described herein.

Optional Redemption of the Series Bonds

The Agency may redeem Series Bonds with stated maturities on or after July 1, 2031* prior to their stated maturity dates, at its option, in whole or in part, from the Series and in the amounts and from the stated maturities that the Agency designates, on January 1, 2031* or any date thereafter, from any amounts available to the Agency for that purpose, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, without premium.

General Provisions as to Series Bonds

Except as otherwise provided in the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions, any Series Bonds to be redeemed other than upon mandatory sinking fund redemption will be redeemed only upon receipt by the Trustee of a certificate signed by an officer authorized by the Agency and stating (a) the Series of the Series Bonds to be redeemed and (b) the maturities and amounts from which Series Bonds are to be redeemed. If less than all Series Bonds of a Series and maturity are to be redeemed, the Series Bonds of that Series and maturity to be redeemed will be selected at random by a method determined by the Trustee. The Agency will not at any time cause Series Bonds to be redeemed (other

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

than pursuant to mandatory redemption) if this would have any material adverse effect on its ability to pay when due the principal of and interest on the Bonds Outstanding after that redemption.

The Trustee must mail a copy of the notice of redemption, by first class mail, to the registered owner of any Series Bond called for redemption at least 30 days prior to the redemption date; that registered owner to be determined from the registry books as of the 15th day preceding the date that notice is mailed. (See "Appendix E — Book-Entry-Only System.")

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

The Outstanding Bonds, including the Series Bonds, are secured as provided in the Bond Resolution by a pledge of (a) all proceeds of the sale of the Bonds (other than proceeds deposited in trust for the retirement of outstanding bonds, notes or other obligations), (b) all Program Obligations and Investment Obligations made or purchased from those proceeds, (c) all Revenues, (d) any other loans, funds, securities, Cash Equivalents or other property of the Agency otherwise pledged as security for Outstanding Bonds pursuant to a Series Resolution; and (e) all money, Investment Obligations, and other assets and income held in and receivables of Funds (other than the Alternative Loan Fund, except as otherwise provided in a Series Resolution), established by or pursuant to the Bond Resolution. The Bonds, including the Series Bonds, are also general obligations of the Agency, payable out of any of its moneys, assets or revenues, subject only to the provisions of other resolutions or indentures now or hereafter pledging and appropriating particular moneys, assets or revenues to particular notes or bonds, or State or federal laws or restrictions that particular funds be applied for a specified purpose. The pledge granted by the Bond Resolution is for the equal benefit, protection and security of Owners of all Outstanding Bonds, except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Series Resolution.

The Agency has no taxing power. The State is not liable for the payment of the Bonds, and the Bonds are not a debt of the State.

Cash Flow Certificate

The Bond Resolution requires that the Agency file a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee (i) at least once within a 12-month period and as otherwise required under the Bond Resolution or a Series Resolution, (ii) upon the proposed application of funds in the Revenue Fund to acquire Program Obligations or to pay Program Expenses, if not contemplated by a prior Cash Flow Certificate, or (iii) to release funds to the Agency from the Revenue Fund or to transfer funds to the Alternative Loan Fund. The Bond Resolution also permits a revised Cash Flow Certificate to be filed at any time directed by the Agency. The Cash Flow Certificate is to give effect to the action proposed to be taken and demonstrating that in the current and in each succeeding Fiscal Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding that Revenues and other amounts expected to be on deposit in the Funds and Accounts established under the Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution (excluding the Insurance Reserve Fund, and, except to the extent otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, the Alternative Loan Fund) will be at least equal to all amounts required to be on deposit in order to pay the Debt Service on the Bonds and to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and Insurance Reserve Requirement; provided that, to the extent specified in a Series Resolution, a Fund or Account (other than those excluded above) will not be taken into account when preparing the Cash Flow Certificate. The Cash Flow Certificate is to set forth the assumptions upon which the estimates therein are based, which assumptions will be based upon the Agency's reasonable expectations at the time the Cash Flow Certificate is filed. The Agency may assume in a Cash Flow Certificate that, if Bonds of a Series are issued for purposes other than the Financing of Program Loans for the acquisition of owner-occupied housing, amounts to be deposited in or irrevocably appropriated to any Fund or Account established under the Bond Resolution (other than the Alternative Loan Fund, unless otherwise provided in a Series Resolution) from sources not subject to the lien of the Bond Resolution will be available in amounts and at times sufficient to pay the Debt Service on Outstanding Bonds of that Series when due and to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and Insurance Reserve Requirement, if any, in respect of Outstanding Bonds of that Series. As set forth more fully in "Appendix C — Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bond Resolution -Revenue Fund," the Agency may withdraw from the Revenue Fund funds to be released to the Agency free and clear of the lien of the Bond Resolution, for deposit in the Agency's General Reserve Account or deposit in the Alternative Loan Fund, in each case upon the filing with the Trustee a Cash Flow Certificate and a Parity Certificate.

Program Obligations

General information concerning the Agency's Residential Housing Finance Program and the types of Program Obligations that have been and are expected to be financed with the proceeds of the Series Bonds is provided below under the heading "The Residential Housing Finance Program." The Agency expects that approximately \$142.857 million* in aggregate principal amount of Program Securities will be acquired with proceeds of the Series Bonds. (See "Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds.") Additional information regarding GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and Program Securities and the current Master Servicer is contained in Appendix I to this Official Statement.

Investment Obligations

Bond proceeds and other funds held in the Acquisition Account, the Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Insurance Reserve Fund, the Revenue Fund, the Bond Fund, and the Redemption Fund under the Bond Resolution may be invested in Investment Obligations as defined in the Bond Resolution (see "Appendix C – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bond Resolution – Certain Defined Terms").

Under the Bond Resolution, the Agency may direct the Trustee to invest funds held thereunder in investment agreements (sometimes referred to as "guaranteed investment contracts"), if that investment agreement does not adversely affect any ratings of the Bonds at the time of execution thereof. As of September 30, 2021, \$[329,700] on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund held in respect of Bonds under the Bond Resolution is invested in an investment agreement with Transamerica Life Insurance Co.

There is no assurance that the providers of Investment Obligations held under the Bond Resolution will be able to pay principal of and interest on those Investment Obligations as provided therein. No representation is made as to the creditworthiness of any provider.

The failure of a provider to pay principal and interest when due under an Investment Obligation pertaining to the Acquisition Account could result in the Agency's inability to acquire Program Obligations in an amount necessary to fully secure the Bonds. A failure by a provider to pay amounts due under an Investment Obligation pertaining to the other Funds could result in the Agency's inability to pay debt service on the Bonds. All of the Agency's investment agreements contain "downgrade" provisions giving the Agency the right to withdraw all invested funds early if the provider's credit ratings are downgraded below specified levels and remedial action is not taken by the provider. Funds withdrawn from investment agreements under those circumstances will be invested in alternate Investment Obligations at the direction of the Agency.

Revenues

When Revenues are greater than the amount necessary to pay maturing principal of and interest on the Bonds, the Agency may use the excess, to the extent permitted by applicable federal tax law, to make or purchase additional Program Obligations or to redeem Bonds. If Revenues are less than the amount necessary to pay maturing principal of the Bonds, then either the Agency, at its option, may provide the amount necessary for that payment from any of (a) the General Reserve Account of the Agency, (b) the Alternative Loan Fund, or (c) any other lawful source other than funds and accounts pledged pursuant to the Bond Resolution, or the Trustee must withdraw the necessary amount from the following funds in order of priority: (i) the Bond Redemption Fund, but only to the extent that amounts therein are in excess of amounts required for the redemption of Bonds for which the notice of redemption has been given, (ii) the Revenue Fund, (iii) the Debt Service Reserve Fund, and (iv) the Insurance Reserve Fund.

^{*} Preliminary; subject to change.

Debt Service Reserve Fund

The Bond Resolution creates and establishes a Debt Service Reserve Fund and provides that the Debt Service Reserve Requirement as of any date will be the sum of amounts established for each Series of Bonds by each Series Resolution. The aggregate Debt Service Reserve Requirement with respect to the Series Bonds is equal to \$0. The balance in the Debt Service Reserve Fund on November 1, 2021, was \$[10,478,324] which was at least equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement for all Series of Bonds then Outstanding.

The Act provides that the Agency may create and establish one or more debt service reserve funds for the security of its bonds. The moneys held in or credited to a debt service reserve fund are to be used solely for the payment of principal of bonds of the Agency as the same mature, the purchase of those bonds, the payment of interest thereon or the payment of any premium required when those bonds are redeemed before maturity, provided that the moneys in that fund are not to be withdrawn therefrom at any time in an amount that would reduce the amount reasonably necessary for the purposes of the fund, except for the purpose of paying principal and interest due on the bonds secured by the fund for the payment of which other moneys of the Agency are not available. The Agency is not to issue any additional bonds or notes that are secured by a debt service reserve fund if the amount in that debt service reserve fund or any other debt service reserve fund at the time of issuance does not equal or exceed the minimum amount required by the resolution creating the fund unless the Agency deposits in each debt service reserve fund at the time of issuance, from the proceeds of the bonds or otherwise, an amount that, together with the amount then in the fund, is not less than the minimum amount required. The Act further provides that:

In order to assure the payment of principal and interest on bonds and notes of the agency and the continued maintenance of all debt service reserve funds created and established therefor, the agency shall annually determine and certify to the governor, on or before December 1, (a) the amount, if any, then needed to restore each debt service reserve fund to the minimum amount required by the resolution or indenture establishing the fund, not exceeding the maximum amount of principal and interest to become due and payable in any subsequent year on all bonds or notes which are then outstanding and secured by such fund; and (b) the amount, if any, determined by the agency to be needed in the then immediately ensuing fiscal year, with other funds pledged and estimated to be received during that year, for the payment of the principal and interest due and payable in that year on all then outstanding bonds and notes secured by a debt service reserve fund the amount of which is then less than the minimum amount agreed. The governor shall include and submit to the legislature, in the budget for the following fiscal year, or in a supplemental budget if the regular budget for that year has previously been approved, the amounts certified by the agency

In the opinion of Bond Counsel and counsel to the Agency, under current law the State Legislature is legally authorized *but is not legally obligated* to appropriate those amounts.

Insurance Reserve Fund

The Bond Resolution creates and establishes an Insurance Reserve Fund to be used for the purpose of paying that portion of the claim for loss with respect to any defaulted Program Obligation that is not paid by a public or private insuring agency. As of any particular date of calculation, the Insurance Reserve Requirement is the sum of amounts, if any, established for each Series of Bonds by the applicable Series Resolution. The Insurance Reserve Requirement with respect to the Series Bonds is \$0. Currently, there is no balance in the Insurance Reserve Fund, as there is no Insurance Reserve Requirement for any Series of Bonds Outstanding.

Additional Bonds

The Bond Resolution permits the issuance of additional Bonds, upon the adoption of a Series Resolution, without limitation as to amount, to provide funds for the purpose of financing Program Obligations and, in addition, to refund outstanding Bonds or other obligations of the Agency. No additional Series of Bonds may be issued except upon receipt by the Trustee of (i) an Agency Certificate (in which the Agency may make certain assumptions permitted in a Cash Flow Certificate) certifying (a) that an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement effective

upon issuance of those Bonds will be on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and an amount equal to the Insurance Reserve Requirement effective upon issuance of those Bonds will be on deposit in the Insurance Reserve Fund, and (b) that estimated Revenues are in excess of required fund transfers and debt service on the Bonds in each Fiscal Year, and (ii) written confirmation that the then existing ratings of the Bonds will not be impaired. A Cash Flow Certificate need not be filed in connection with the issuance of additional Bonds unless the Series Resolution authorizing Bonds of the Series so provides.

Any additional Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution will be secured on an equal basis with the Series Bonds and all other Outstanding Bonds and will be entitled to the equal benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements in the Bond Resolution, except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Series Resolution.

State Pledge Against Impairment of Contracts

The State in the Act has pledged to and agreed with the Owners that it will not limit or alter the rights vested in the Agency to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with them or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the Owners until the Bonds, together with the interest thereon and on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of the Owners, are fully met and discharged.

THE RESIDENTIAL HOUSING FINANCE PROGRAM

General

Under the Bond Resolution, the Agency may issue Bonds to finance Program Obligations in order to provide financing for housing for low and moderate income persons, including single family loans, home improvement loans, multifamily loans and other housing-related loans, and to secure those loans in the manner as the Agency determines, which would include first mortgage loans, subordinate mortgage loans or loans that are unsecured. All Outstanding Bonds issued under the Bond Resolution are secured on an equal basis, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Bond Resolution or in a Series Resolution. Certain proceeds of the Series Bonds will be used to purchase Program Securities backed by single family mortgage loans.

The following provides a general description of the Agency's Program in respect of the Program Securities backed by single family mortgage loans to be purchased with proceeds of the Series Bonds. The Series Program Determinations governing the Program Obligations to be financed with proceeds of the Series Bonds may be revised by the Agency from time to time as provided in the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions and, consequently, the following general description is subject to change.

"MBS" Model

Effective for commitments made on or after September 1, 2009, the Agency changed its single-family mortgage lending program from a "whole loan" model to an "MBS" (mortgage-backed securities) model. The Agency has entered into a Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013 (the "Servicing Agreement"), with U.S. Bank National Association, as master servicer (the "Master Servicer"), for an indefinite term (subject to termination rights). Pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, the Master Servicer is to acquire single family mortgage loans meeting Program requirements and pool those Program Loans into Program Securities to be purchased by the Trustee on behalf of the Agency. (See "Procedures for Origination, Purchase and Pooling -- Program Securities" below.) For additional information regarding the Master Servicer, see Appendix I to this Official Statement.

Prior to the transition to the "MBS" model, the Agency's Program provided funds for the purchase by the Agency of newly originated Program Loans at a price and bearing interest at rates established from time to time on the basis of the interest cost of the Bonds and local mortgage market conditions. Generally, outstanding Program Loans purchased by the Agency with the proceeds of Bonds have 30-year terms except for some outstanding Program Loans purchased during a short period beginning in 2006 until October 2008 that have 40-year terms.

Outstanding Bonds have financed both Program Loans and Program Securities.

Reimbursement of Advances of Agency Funds with Proceeds of Series Bonds

The Agency anticipates that it will have purchased with its own funds Program Securities that are eligible to be financed with Bonds of approximately \$___ million in unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans as of November ___, 2021, at pass-through interest rates ranging from [2.50] percent to [3.50] percent. The Agency expects that all funds credited to the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account will be disbursed by _____, 2021 to purchase, or reimburse the Agency for the purchase of, Program Securities.

Procedures for Origination, Purchase and Pooling

Application

The Agency has published, and revises from time to time, its Start Up Program Procedural Manual (the "Manual") which sets forth the guidelines and procedures for participation in the Program and certain requirements for origination of mortgage loans, including provisions for compliance with the requirements of applicable federal tax law. The Master Servicer has also published its lending manual for the Program establishing additional origination, documentation and processing requirements. The Agency responds to inquiries by interested lenders by directing them to the Master Servicer and the appropriate page on the Master Servicer's website delineating information regarding the requirements a lender must satisfy to be eligible to participate in the Program. Lenders must complete an application process with the Master Servicer, including the payment of an application fee. Each Lender that satisfies the requirements of the Master Servicer and participates in the Program must execute a participation agreement with the Agency, which incorporates the Manual, and a participating lender agreement with the Master Servicer, which incorporates the Master Servicer's lending manual by reference. Generally, Lenders that participate in the Program receive no advance commitment of funds. Rather, Lenders may request an individual commitment of loan funds via the internet by entering loan information in the Agency's online loan purchase approval system, Enterprise Lending Center ("ELC"). Each commitment request is subject to a review of the Agency's eligibility rules that are a part of ELC. If the information entered by the Lender meets the eligibility rules, the loan funds are then committed for each specific loan for a specific period. Should a specific loan ultimately be rejected or cancelled, the funds are available for use by another eligible borrower and Lender. There is no prescribed limit on the amount of funds that may be used by an individual participating Lender, subject to availability of funds.

Lenders are not required to pay a reservation fee upon obtaining a commitment of funds through ELC. If the Master Servicer has not received a loan package pursuant to an individual commitment after 60 days, the Agency, at its option, may charge and, if so charged, the Lender must agree to pay an extension fee to maintain the individual commitment for a specified, extended period of time. Extension fees, if charged and not refunded, are deposited into the funds from which the loans or the Program Securities are purchased, either the Alternative Loan Fund or the Revenue Fund under the Bond Resolution.

Qualified Borrowers

The Agency has established the maximum gross income for eligible borrowers under the Program based upon applicable federal law and Agency policy objectives. The maximum gross income of an eligible borrower under the Program is currently as follows:

	4	Dodge and Olmsted Counties	Balance of State
1 or 2 Persons	\$104,900	\$101,200	\$93,100
3 or more Persons	\$120,600	\$116,300	\$107,000

^{*}As used in this table, the "Twin Cities Metropolitan Area" comprises the following 11 counties: Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties.

The Agency will apply the income limitations set forth in Section 143(f) of the Code to applicants for loans financed with proceeds of the Series Bonds. The Agency may revise the income limits for the loans from time to time to conform to State and federal law and Agency policy objectives.

At the time a loan is made, the borrower must certify his or her intention to occupy the mortgaged property as his or her principal residence.

Credit underwriting must be in compliance with FHA, VA, USDA Rural Development (formerly the Rural Housing and Community Development Service), Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or the insuring private mortgage insurance company and the Master Servicer's underwriting standards.

Certain borrowers may be eligible for down payment and closing cost assistance, if needed for borrower qualification. (See "Deferred Payment Loans" and "Monthly Payment Loans" under "Other Programs" below.)

Certain Fannie Mae Loan Product

In May 2012, the Agency began offering the Fannie Mae HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ loan product for borrowers who meet the qualifying guidelines. The HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ loan product enabled eligible state housing finance agencies to deliver loans with up to 97 percent loan-to-value ratios without mortgage insurance. The loan product carried a higher Fannie Mae guarantee fee and the Agency had to agree to repurchase the loan if it becomes delinquent in the first 12 months and remains delinquent for four consecutive months thereafter, or if the loan is delinquent at the 12th month, does not become current and remains delinquent for four consecutive months thereafter. From May 2012 to date, Fannie Mae has requested that the Agency repurchase 54 loans. The Agency is also aware of 10 loans that may be subject to a future request for repurchase although no request has been received. Of the repurchase requests received, 25 are with respect to loans to borrowers who requested forbearance during the period permitted by the CARES Act, including the period for which forbearance could be requested as was subsequently extended by FHFA. However, Fannie Mae and the Agency have entered into a variance rescinding the repurchase request for those 25 loans but extending the term of the repurchase obligation to 48 months after resolution of the forbearance by the borrower either making the missed payments or accepting one of Fannie Mae's home retention workout options. If those loans are Program Loans pooled into Program Securities, those Program Securities have the same Fannie Mae guaranty as other Fannie Mae Securities.

Effective for loans with application dates in Fannie Mae's underwriting system on and after September 5, 2019, Fannie Mae only made the HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ loan product available to borrowers whose qualifying income, as calculated pursuant to Fannie Mae's underwriting standards, was not greater than 80 percent of area median income. Effective July 1, 2020, Fannie Mae no longer offers the HFA Preferred Risk Sharing™ loan product; the Agency ceased taking commitments for those loans on April 1, 2020.

Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities

On June 3, 2019, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac began issuing new, common, single mortgage-backed securities, formally known as the Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security ("UMBS"). The UMBS finance the same types of fixed-rate mortgages that currently back Fannie Mae Securities and Freddie Mac Securities and will continue to be guaranteed by either Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac depending upon which issues the UMBS. The UMBS have characteristics similar to Fannie Mae Certificates and Freddie Mac will offer investors the opportunity to exchange existing Freddie Mac Securities for "mirror" UMBS backed by the same loans as the existing securities. Proceeds of the Series Bonds will be to be used to purchase Program Securities, which include UMBS. For purposes of this Official Statement, the term "Program Securities" includes UMBS.

Program Loans

Under the "whole loan" model utilized by the Agency until 2009, Program Loans were purchased from (1) Lenders including any bank, savings bank, credit union or mortgage company organized under the laws of Minnesota or the United States or nonprofit licensed by the State of Minnesota, and any mortgagee or lender approved or certified by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs, or (2) any agency or instrumentality of the United States or the State.

Subject to the right of the Agency to modify the terms of Program Loans (see Appendix C – Summary of Certain Provisions of the Bond Resolution – Program Loans; Modification of Terms) under applicable Series Resolutions, the Agency must take or require a Servicer to take all measures, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary and deemed by it to be most effective to recover the balance due on a Defaulted Program Loan, including the curing of the default by the Mortgagor, foreclosure of the Mortgage, acceptance of a conveyance in lieu of foreclosure, sale of the Mortgage, renting or selling the Home, collection of any applicable mortgage insurance or guaranty, and preservation of the title to and value of the Home pending recovery of the balance of the Defaulted Program Loan. (See "State Laws Affecting Foreclosures" in Appendix D to this Official Statement.)

Acquisition of Program Securities

Under the "MBS" model, the Trustee, on behalf of the Agency, is to purchase mortgage-backed GNMA I and GNMA II-Custom Pool securities, guaranteed as to timely payment of principal of and interest by GNMA, mortgage-backed Fannie Mae Securities, guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae, and mortgage-backed Freddie Mac Securities, guaranteed as to payment by Freddie Mac (each a Program Security), each of which is backed by pools of mortgage loans that have been made by Lenders to qualified borrowers to finance the purchase of single family residential housing located in the State, in accordance with the Servicing Agreement, the Participation Agreements, the Manual and other Program documents. For additional information regarding GNMA, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Program Securities and the Master Servicer, see Appendix I to this Official Statement.

During the Delivery Period, the Master Servicer is to acquire Program Loans from Lenders and pool the Program Loans into Program Securities as provided in the Servicing Agreement. The Trustee is to disburse moneys from the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account for the acquisition of Program Securities pursuant to the Servicing Agreement. The Trustee is to pay the Master Servicer an amount equal to between 101.5 percent and 103.5 percent of the principal amount of each Program Security acquired from the Master Servicer, plus accrued interest, if any, and any applicable fees or charges payable to a Federal Mortgage Agency and not paid by the mortgagor.

The Agency may at any time transfer any proceeds of the Series Bonds in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of Series Bonds. In addition, the Agency will transfer any remaining proceeds of the Series Bonds in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of Series Bonds at the end of the Delivery Period; provided that the Agency may (instead of redeeming Series Bonds from unexpended proceeds) extend the Delivery Period with respect to all or any portion of the unexpended amounts remaining in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account, for the period or periods as the Agency determines consistent with the final sentence of this paragraph, but only if the Agency has delivered to the Trustee on or prior to the expiration of the then-current Delivery Period an Agency Certificate (i)

designating the new ending date for the Delivery Period, (ii) certifying that the Agency has received a Cash Flow Certificate and a Parity Certificate confirmed by an investment banking firm, financial consulting firm or accounting firm, in each case nationally recognized with respect to the cash-flow analysis of qualified mortgage bonds, that shows that the extension will not adversely affect the availability of Revenues sufficient to make timely payment of principal of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds in the current and each subsequent Fiscal Year, and that at all times the assets of the Program will equal or exceed the liabilities of the Program, which Cash Flow Certificate and Parity Certificate must accompany the Agency Certificate; (iii) certifying that, to the extent necessary to satisfy the requirements of the Cash Flow Certificate and each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds, an Investment Obligation has been arranged for investment of amounts in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to a date not earlier than the ending date of the extended Delivery Period; (iv) designating the amount of any additional deposits required by the Cash Flow Certificate, the Parity Certificate and each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds to be made into funds held under the Resolutions in connection with that extension, which deposits must be made on or before the date of expiration of the then-current Origination Period and only from the Agency's funds; and (v) certifying that the Agency has notified each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds that the extension is being planned and has provided copies of the Cash Flow Certificate and Parity Certificate to each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds, together with any other documentation as each Rating Agency then rating the Bonds may request, and has received written confirmation that the Rating of Outstanding Bonds will not be impaired by the extension of the Delivery Period. On any date or dates subsequent to any extension of the Delivery Period, the Agency may transfer any unexpended proceeds relating to the Series Bonds remaining in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to redemption of Series Bonds. At the end of the Delivery Period, including any extension thereof, the Trustee is to transfer all amounts relating to the Series Bonds remaining in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account to the Bond Redemption Fund to be applied to the redemption of Series Bonds. The Delivery Period may not be extended beyond the date set forth in the definition under "Certain Defined Terms" in Appendix C to this Official Statement.

The Agency may participate each Program Security between different sources of funds of the Agency, so long as the interest of each has equal priority as to lien in proportion to the amount of the Program Security secured, but those interests need not be equal as to interest rate.

Qualified Real Property

Program Loans may finance the purchase of residential property in Minnesota on which is located an owner-occupied one or two-family dwelling, or an owner-occupied residential unit in a condominium, townhouse or planned unit development.

The Agency has established maximum purchase prices under the Program pursuant to the requirements of applicable federal law. The maximum purchase prices for both one and two-family homes currently are as follows:

If the property to be mortgaged is located in:	Maximum Purchase Price
Twin Cities Metropolitan Area	\$352,300
Balance of State	\$311,900

The Agency may revise the maximum purchase prices from time to time to conform to applicable State and federal law and Agency policy objectives.

Targeted Areas

Pursuant to applicable federal tax law, targeted areas have been established for the Program. Targeted areas consist of certain census tracts in the State in which 70 percent of the families have an annual income of 80 percent or less of the statewide median income or areas determined by the State and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury

of the United States and the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development to be areas of chronic economic distress (the "Targeted Areas"). The Agency will make available the required amount of the proceeds of the Series Bonds for the financing of loans for the purchase of residences located in Targeted Areas and will advertise the availability of those funds for loans in Targeted Areas. The Agency is also required to exercise reasonable diligence in seeking to finance residences in Targeted Areas. Absent any determination by the Agency that further availability of the proceeds of the Series Bonds is required by federal law, any moneys remaining unused may be made available to finance the purchase of residences located anywhere within the State, or may be used to redeem Bonds.

Servicing of Program Loans

Under the Program, the Agency has set forth requirements for the servicing and accounting of Program Loans in a Servicing Manual. Each Servicer must maintain at all times a fidelity bond and an errors and omissions policy issued by a company having a current rating in Best's Insurance Reports of A/AAA or better. Servicers are required to ensure that mortgagors maintain on each home a hazard insurance policy providing fire and extended coverage equal to or greater than that customary in the geographic area in which the home is located. Servicers are required to advise the Agency if a home is exposed to a risk not otherwise covered by the hazard insurance policy and the Agency may require additional coverage.

The Agency requires its Servicers to supply reports and other data sufficient to reconcile the transactions within its loan portfolio. Servicers remit mortgage collections daily to the Trustee. The Agency may, at any time, terminate a servicing agreement and re-assign servicing. Under the Program, Servicers will receive as compensation a monthly servicing fee not to exceed 0.375 percent/12 of the outstanding principal amount of Program Loans they service.

The Agency has established specific requirements for Servicers regarding the procedures to be followed in cases involving delinquencies. In addition to a monthly report requirement, Servicers are required, by following the Agency's procedures, to bring a delinquency current in the shortest practicable time. Servicers use the following tools in an effort to bring delinquencies current: borrowers may be referred to foreclosure prevention counselors, Servicers may, in some cases, accept partial payments, set up repayment plans with borrowers, enter into forbearance agreements, modify the delinquent loan, approve a short sale and accept a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure. The Agency has significant flexibility under the Bond Resolution to modify the terms of a loan, including interest rate reductions, extension of loan term and principal forgiveness. (See "Security for the Bonds—Modification of Terms of Program Loans" in this Official Statement.)

Servicing of Program Securities

A servicer of mortgage loans backing a Program Security must be a GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac approved servicer experienced in servicing pools of mortgage loans for GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac under their respective guaranteed mortgage-backed securities programs and be subject to the standards set forth in the GNMA Servicer's Guide, the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling and Servicing Guide and the Freddie Mac guidelines.

The Agency has entered into the Servicing Agreement with the Master Servicer to service mortgage loans backing Program Securities. For additional information regarding the Master Servicer, see Appendix I to this Official Statement. The 2021/2022 Series Resolutions provide that in the event the Servicing Agreement is cancelled or terminated for any reason, the Agency must proceed with due diligence to procure a successor Master Servicer, subject to the provisions of the Servicing Agreement and the requirements of each applicable Federal Mortgage Agency. During the period necessary to obtain that successor, the Trustee will, subject to the approval of the applicable Federal Mortgage Agency, cause to be performed the duties and responsibilities of the Master Servicer, under the Servicing Agreement and will be compensated therefor, in addition to the compensation payable to it under the Resolutions or any other instrument, in the same manner and amounts as provided under the Servicing Agreement.

Applicable Federal Law Mortgage Eligibility Requirements

Applicable federal law imposes significant limitations on the financing of mortgage loans on owner occupied one- to four-family residences with the proceeds of a qualified mortgage bond issue, such as the Series Bonds. (See "Tax Exemption and Related Considerations.")

Mortgage Loan Portfolio and Acquired Program Securities

As of September 30, 2021, the Agency had outstanding Program Loans receivable of \$[257,037,000] gross, which were financed from the proceeds of Bonds. There are no uncommitted proceeds from previous bond sales under the Bond Resolution available for commitment. Certain information relating to mortgage insurance, delinquency and foreclosure statistics and payment forbearances requested and granted pursuant to the CARES Act for the single family mortgage whole loan portfolio funded by Bonds is contained in Appendix G to this Official Statement.

In addition, as of September 30, 2021, the following Program Securities (comprised of GNMA Securities, Fannie Mae Securities and Freddie Mac Securities) were pledged to secure Outstanding Bonds under the Bond Resolution [UPDATE]:

	Principal Amount	
	Outstanding	Percentage
GNMA II	\$ 707,069,000	49.24%
GNMA I	57,912,000	4.03
FNMA	571,603,000	39.80
FHLMC	99,482,000	6.93
Total	\$1,436,066,000	100.00%

OTHER PROGRAMS

In addition to the Program funded from the proceeds of the Bonds, the Agency offers other housing programs that provide loans for the purchase or improvement of single family housing and the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing in the State. The assets devoted to these programs are briefly described in the Notes to the Financial Statements in Appendix A to this Official Statement.

For example, as of September 30, 2021, the Homeownership Finance Bond Fund had \$[1,269,444,000] in outstanding principal amount of mortgage-backed securities, which were financed from the proceeds of the Agency's homeownership finance bonds. As of September 30, 2021, the Agency had outstanding home improvement loans receivable of \$[82,946,000] gross. *None of these loans secure or are available for the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds*.

Step Up Program

The Agency has initiated its Step Up program in 2012 under which the Agency purchases mortgage loans made to mortgagors who do not qualify for its Start Up Program, including in connection with refinancing of an existing mortgage loan. Down payment and closing cost assistance is available under the Step Up Program as described under "Monthly Payment Loans" below. The Agency causes Step Up mortgage loans to be securitized and then sold on the secondary market or retained in the Agency's portfolio.

Deferred Payment Loans

The Agency has established The Deferred Payment Loan Program, a Homeownership Assistance Fund program funded by State appropriations. The Alternative Loan Fund within the Bond Resolution and the Series Bonds are also a source of funding for these loans. (See "Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds" and "The Residential Housing Finance Program— Reimbursement of Advances of Agency Funds with Proceeds of Series Bonds.") Under The Deferred Payment Loan Program there are two options: the Deferred Payment Loan and the Deferred Payment Loan

Plus. A DPA Loan originated under either of these options is a junior lien loan from the Agency to the mortgagor that is interest-free, with repayment due on sale or transfer of the property or when the property is no longer occupied by the mortgagor.

Mortgagors who meet program income and liquid asset limits, and who do not have sufficient cash for down payment and closing costs, are eligible for a Deferred Payment Loan in an amount of up to \$11,000.

Mortgagors who meet the requirements for a Deferred Payment Loan and additional targeting criteria are eligible for a Deferred Payment Loan Plus in an amount of up to \$15,000. In addition to down payments and closing costs, mortgagors may use the funds to write down the senior lien loan principal.

Program Loans backing Program Securities made or purchased from the proceeds of a Series of Bonds may or may not be accompanied by either of The Deferred Payment Loan Program options. The Agency has not pledged the Homeownership Assistance Fund to the payment of principal or interest on Outstanding Bonds and it is not available for that purpose. Amounts on deposit in the Alternative Loan Fund are available for the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds and other debt of the Agency, but are not pledged to payment of Outstanding Bonds or other debt. DPA Loans financed with proceeds of the Bonds are pledged to payment of Outstanding Bonds. (See "Security for the Bonds.")

Monthly Payment Loans

In connection with the introduction of the Start Up program and the Step Up program, the Agency added another down payment and closing cost loan option, the Monthly Payment Loan. A Monthly Payment Loan is a junior lien loan made by the Agency. The interest-bearing, amortizing loan has a ten-year term with an interest rate equal to the interest rate of the applicable first mortgage. Borrowers can receive a Monthly Payment Loan in an amount up to \$17,000.

TAX EXEMPTION AND RELATED CONSIDERATIONS

The Tax-Exempt Series Bonds

The Code establishes certain requirements that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds in order that interest thereon be and remain excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with those requirements could cause the interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to be includable in gross income retroactive to their date of original issuance. The requirements of the Code include provisions that restrict the yield and set forth other limitations within which the proceeds made available upon the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are to be invested, including mortgage eligibility requirements, and require that certain investment earnings be rebated on a periodic basis to the United States Treasury.

Section 143 of the Code imposes significant limitations on the financing of single-family mortgage loans that are applicable to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. The Agency will covenant, as described below, that the Program Loans financed by the proceeds made available upon the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will satisfy these requirements, including, but not limited to, the borrower income and purchase price limitations of Section 143 of the Code.

Under the Code, the following requirements must be met with respect to each Program Loan financed, in whole or in part, with proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds: (a) the residence being financed must reasonably be expected by the Agency to become the principal residence of the mortgagor within a reasonable time after the financing is provided, must not be intended primarily or expected to be used in a trade or business and may not be used as an investment property or as a recreational home; (b) subject to certain exceptions, at least 95 percent of the lendable proceeds of an issue must be used to finance residences of borrowers who have not had a present ownership interest in a principal residence during the three-year period prior to the date on which the mortgage is executed; (c) the acquisition cost of the residence must not exceed certain limitations; (d) all mortgages must be made to borrowers whose income does not exceed certain limitations; (e) except in certain limited circumstances, proceeds may not be

applied to acquire or replace an existing mortgage; and (f) if assumable in accordance with its terms, a mortgage may not be assumed unless requirements (a) through (d) above are met.

An issue of bonds is treated as meeting the mortgage eligibility requirements of the Code only if the issuer in good faith attempts to meet all of the mortgage eligibility requirements before the mortgages are executed and any failure to comply with the mortgage eligibility requirements is corrected within a reasonable period after that failure is first discovered. In addition, 95 percent or more of the proceeds of the issue used to make loans must be used to finance residences that met all those requirements at the time the loans were executed. In determining whether 95 percent of the proceeds have been so used, the issuer is entitled to rely on an affidavit of the mortgagor and of the seller and on the mortgagor's income tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service for the three years preceding the date the mortgage is executed even though the relevant information in those affidavits and returns should ultimately prove to be untrue, unless the issuer or its agent knows or has reason to believe that the information is false. If the relevant information in the affidavits obtained in connection with any loan is discovered to be untrue, however, the correction still must be made within a reasonable period.

The Agency has included provisions in the Resolutions, its procedural manuals (including the Manual) and other relevant documents, and has established procedures (including receipt of certain affidavits and representations from Lenders, mortgagors and others respecting the mortgage eligibility requirements) in order to ensure compliance with the mortgage eligibility requirements and other requirements of the Code relating to nonmortgage investments that must be met subsequent to the date of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. The Agency has covenanted in the Resolutions to do all things necessary to assure that interest paid on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be excludable from gross income for federal tax purposes under current law. Under the Code, certain requirements must be met subsequent to the delivery of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to ensure that interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is not included in gross income. The Agency believes that the procedures and documentation requirements established for the purpose of fulfilling its covenant are sufficient to ensure that the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds will be applied in accordance with the Code.

Backup Withholding

As a result of the enactment of the Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005, interest on tax-exempt obligations such as the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is subject to information reporting in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. Backup withholding may be imposed on payments made to any bondholder who fails to provide certain required information, including an accurate taxpayer identification number, to any person required to collect that information pursuant to Section 6049 of the Code. The reporting requirement does not, in and of itself, affect or alter the excludability of interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds from gross income for federal tax purposes or any other federal tax consequences of purchasing, holding or selling tax-exempt obligations.

Opinion of Bond Counsel

In the opinion of Kutak Rock LLP, Bond Counsel, to be delivered, with respect to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, on the date of issuance of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, assuming the accuracy of certain representations and continuing compliance by the Agency with certain covenants, under existing laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, interest payable on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is not includable in gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, except as hereafter described. Bond Counsel is of the opinion that (i) interest on the 2021 Series G Bonds will be treated as an item of tax preference in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code and (ii) interest on the 2021 Series H Bonds will not be treated as an item of tax preference in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code.

In addition, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is not includable in the taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for State income tax purposes. Interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is includable in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the State franchise tax. Interest on the 2021 Series H Bonds is not includable in the State alternative minimum taxable income of individuals, estates and trusts.

A form of the Bond Counsel opinion with respect to the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds is attached hereto as Appendix F.

Although Bond Counsel is rendering an opinion that the interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, as described above, is not included in gross income for federal, and in some cases, State, income tax purposes, the accrual or receipt of interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds may otherwise affect the federal and state income tax liability of the recipient. The extent of these other tax consequences will depend upon the recipient's particular tax status or other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any those consequences. Purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds, particularly purchasers that are corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations operating branches in the United States), property or casualty insurance companies, banks thrifts or other financial institutions or recipients of Social Security or railroad retirement benefits, taxpayers otherwise entitled to claim earned income credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred (or continued) indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations are advised to consult their tax advisors as to the tax consequences of purchasing, holding or selling the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds.

Tax Treatment of Premium on PAC Term Bonds

The PAC Term Bonds are expected to be sold at a premium. An investor that acquires a PAC Term Bond for a cost greater than its remaining stated redemption price at maturity and holds the PAC Term Bond as a capital asset will be considered to have purchased the PAC Term Bond at a premium and, under Section 171 of the Code, must generally amortize that premium under the constant yield method. Except as may be provided by regulation, amortized premium will be allocated among, and treated as an offset to, interest payments. The basis reduction requirements of Section 1016(a)(5) of the Code apply to amortizable bond premium that reduces interest payments under Section 171 of the Code. Regulations have been issued dealing with certain aspects of federal income tax treatment of bond premium, but those regulations do not fully address the method to be used to amortize bond premium on obligations such as the PAC Term Bonds. Therefore, investors should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of amortizing bond premium.

Tax Treatment of Original Issue Discount

Any Tax-Exempt Series Bonds that are sold at an initial public offering price that is less than the stated amount to be paid at maturity will constitute "Discount Bonds." The difference between the initial public offering prices of such Discount Bonds and their stated amounts to be paid at maturity (excluding "qualified stated interest" within the meaning of Section 1.1273-1 of the Regulations) constitutes original issue discount treated in the same manner for federal income tax purposes as interest, as described above.

The amount of original issue discount that is treated as having accrued with respect to a Discount Bond or is otherwise required to be recognized in gross income is added to the cost basis of the owner of the bond in determining, for federal income tax purposes, gain or loss upon disposition of such Discount Bond (including its sale, redemption or payment at maturity). Amounts received on disposition of such Discount Bond that are attributable to accrued or otherwise recognized original issue discount will be treated as tax-exempt interest, rather than as taxable gain, for federal income tax purposes.

Original issue discount is treated as compounding semiannually, at a rate determined by reference to the yield to maturity of each individual Discount Bond, on days that are determined by reference to the maturity date of such Discount Bond. The amount treated as original issue discount on such Discount Bond for a particular semiannual accrual period is equal to (a) the product of (i) the yield to maturity for such Discount Bond (determined by compounding at the close of each accrual period) and (ii) the amount that would have been the tax basis of such Discount Bond at the beginning of the particular accrual period if held by the original purchaser, less (b) the amount of any interest payable for such Discount Bond during the accrual period. The tax basis for purposes of the preceding sentence is determined by adding to the initial public offering price on such Discount Bond the sum of the amounts that have been treated as original issue discount for such purposes during all prior periods. If such Discount Bond is sold between semiannual compounding dates, original issue discount that would have been accrued for that semiannual

compounding period for federal income tax purposes is to be apportioned in equal amounts among the days in such compounding period.

Owners of Discount Bonds should consult their tax advisors with respect to the determination and treatment of original issue discount accrued as of any date and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning a Discount Bond. Subsequent purchasers of Discount Bonds that purchase such bonds for a price that is higher or lower than the "adjusted issue price" of the bonds at the time of purchase should consult their tax advisors as to the effect on the accrual of original issue discount.

Certain State Tax Legislation

The State, like many other states, generally taxes interest on obligations of governmental issuers in other states. In 1995, the State enacted a statement of intent, codified at Minn. Stat. § 289A.50, subd. 10, that interest on obligations of State governmental units and Indian tribes be included in the net income of individuals, estates and trusts for State income tax purposes if a court determines that the State's exemption of that interest and its taxation of interest on obligations of governmental issuers in other states unlawfully discriminates against interstate commerce. This provision applies to taxable years that begin during or after the calendar year in which any court decision becomes final, irrespective of the date upon which the obligations were issued.

On May 19, 2008 the U.S. Supreme Court held in *Department of Revenue of Kentucky v. Davis* that Kentucky's taxation of interest on bonds issued by other states and their political subdivisions, while exempting from taxation interest on bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Kentucky or its political subdivision, does not impermissibly discriminate against interstate commerce under the Commerce Clause of the U.S. Constitution. In a footnote, however, the Court stated that it had not addressed whether differential treatment of "so-called 'private-activity,' 'industrial-revenue,' or 'conduit' bonds... used to finance projects by private entities" violate the Commerce Clause, adding that "we cannot tell with certainty what the consequences would be of holding that Kentucky violates the Commerce Clause by exempting such bonds; we must assume that it could disrupt important projects that the States have deemed to have public purposes. Accordingly, it is best to set this argument aside and leave for another day any claim that differential treatment of interest on private-activity bonds should be evaluated differently from the treatment of municipal bond interest generally."

The Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are "private activity bonds" even though they finance individual residential mortgages, not projects by private entities. Since the Supreme Court's opinion left open the possibility of a challenge to the State's differential treatment of the interest on private activity bonds issued in other states, the Agency cannot predict the outcome of any challenge. If the State's treatment of those bonds were held to unlawfully discriminate against interstate commerce, the court making the finding would have to decide upon a remedy for the tax years at issue in the case. Even if the remedy applied to those years preceding the decision were to exempt other states' bond interest rather than to tax State bond interest, application of the 1995 statute to subsequent years could cause interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to become taxable by the State and the market value of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds to decline.

Changes in Federal and State Tax Law

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in the Congress and in the states that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal and state tax matters referred to above, prevent owners of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax treatment of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds or adversely affect the market value of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. In addition, regulatory actions are from time to time announced or proposed and litigation is threatened or commenced which, if implemented or concluded in a particular manner, could adversely affect the market value of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether any regulatory action will be implemented, how any particular litigation or judicial action will be resolved, or whether the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds or the market value thereof would be impacted thereby. Purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation. The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based upon existing legislation and regulations

as interpreted by relevant judicial and regulatory authorities as of the date of issuance and delivery of the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds and Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion as of any date subsequent thereto or with respect to any pending legislation, regulatory initiatives or litigation.

The Taxable Series Bonds

The following is a summary of certain material federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Taxable Series Bonds for the investors described below and is based on the advice of Bond Counsel. This summary is based upon laws, regulations, rulings and decisions currently in effect, all of which are subject to change. The discussion does not deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules, including but not limited to, partnerships or entities treated as partnerships for federal income tax purposes, pension plans and foreign investors, except as otherwise indicated. In addition, this summary is generally limited to investors that are "U.S. holders" (as defined below) who will hold the Taxable Series Bonds as "capital assets" (generally, property held for investment) within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. Investors should consult their own tax advisors to determine the federal, state, local and other tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Taxable Series Bonds. Prospective investors should note that no rulings have been or will be sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to any of the federal income tax consequences discussed below, and no assurance can be given that the IRS will not take contrary positions.

As used herein, a "U.S. holder" is a "U.S. person" that is a beneficial owner of a Taxable Series Bond. A "non U.S. holder" is a holder (or beneficial owner) of a Taxable Series Bond that is not a U.S. person. For these purposes, a "U.S. Person" is a citizen or resident of the United States, a corporation or partnership created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof (except, in the case of a partnership, to the extent otherwise provided in the Treasury Regulations), an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source or a trust if (i) a United States court is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and (ii) one or more United States persons have the authority to control all of the trust's substantial decisions.

Interest on the Taxable Series Bonds (including original issue discount treated as interest) is not excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code. Interest on the Taxable Series Bonds (including original issue discount treated as interest) will be fully subject to federal income taxation. Thus, owners of the Taxable Series Bonds generally must include interest (including original issue discount treated as interest) on the Taxable Series Bonds in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Characterization as Indebtedness

The Agency intends for applicable tax purposes that the Taxable Series Bonds will be indebtedness of the Agency secured by the pledged Program Obligations and other assets. The owners of the Taxable Series Bonds, by accepting Taxable Series Bonds, have agreed to treat the Taxable Series Bonds as indebtedness of the Agency for federal income tax purposes. The Agency intends to treat this transaction as a financing reflecting the Taxable Series Bonds as its indebtedness for tax and financial accounting purposes. Bond Counsel is of the opinion that the Taxable Series Bonds should be treated as indebtedness of the Agency for federal income tax purposes.

In general, the characterization of a transaction as a sale of property rather than a secured loan, for federal income tax purposes, is a question of fact, the resolution of which is based upon the economic substance of the transaction, rather than its form or the manner in which it is characterized. While the IRS and the courts have set forth several factors to be taken into account in determining whether the substance of a transaction is a sale of property or a secured indebtedness, the primary factor in making this determination is whether the transferee has assumed the risk of loss or other economic burdens relating to the property and has obtained the benefits of ownership thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in some instances, courts have held that a taxpayer

is bound by the particular form it has chosen for a transaction, even if the substance of the transaction does not accord with its form. The Agency believes that it has retained the preponderance of the benefits and burdens associated with the pledged Program Obligations and other assets. Therefore, the Agency believes that it should be treated as the owner of the pledged Program Obligations and other assets for federal income tax purposes, and the Taxable Series Bonds should be treated as its indebtedness for federal income tax purposes. If, however, the IRS were to successfully assert that this transaction should not be treated as a loan secured by the pledged Program Obligations and other assets, the IRS could further assert that the Resolutions created a separate entity for federal income tax purposes which would be the owner of the pledged Program Obligations and other assets and would be deemed engaged in a business. That entity, the IRS could assert, should be characterized as an association or publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation. In that event, the separate entity would be subject to corporate tax on income from the pledged Program Obligations and other assets, reduced by interest on the Taxable Series Bonds. Any such tax could materially reduce cash available to make payment on the Taxable Series Bonds.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, the Taxable Series Bonds will not be treated as a taxable mortgage pool within the meaning of Section 7701(i) of the Code.

Taxation of Interest Income of the Taxable Series Bonds

Payments of interest with regard to the Taxable Series Bonds will be includable as ordinary income when received or accrued by the holders thereof in accordance with their respective methods of accounting and applicable provisions of the Code. If the Taxable Series Bonds are deemed to be issued with original issue discount, Section 1272 of the Code requires the current ratable inclusion in income of original issue discount greater than a specified de minimis amount using a constant yield method of accounting. In general, original issue discount is calculated, with regard to any accrual period, by applying the instrument's yield to its adjusted issue price at the beginning of the accrual period, reduced by any qualified stated interest (as defined in the Code) allocable to the period. The aggregate original issue discount allocable to an accrual period is allocated to each day included in that period. The holder of a debt instrument must include in income the sum of the daily portions of original issue discount attributable to the number of days he owned the instrument. Section 1272(a)(6) of the Code applies a specific method for accruing original issue discount on a debt instrument the principal payments of which may be accelerated by virtue of the prepayment of other debt instruments (such as the Taxable Series Bonds that are subject to acceleration by virtue of prepayment of the Program Obligations). Holders of the Taxable Series Bonds should consult their tax advisor as to the proper method of applying this provision of the Code for purposes of accruing original issue discount and the prepayment assumption to be applied to that calculation.

Payments of interest received with respect to the Taxable Series Bonds will also constitute investment income for purposes of certain limitations of the Code concerning the deductibility of investment interest expense. Potential holders of the Taxable Series Bonds should consult their own tax advisors concerning the treatment of interest payments with regard to the Taxable Series Bonds.

Individuals, estates or trusts owning the Taxable Series Bonds may be subject to the unearned income Medicare contribution tax under Section 1411 of the Code (the "Medicare Tax") with respect to interest received or accrued on the Taxable Series Bonds, gain realized from a sale or other disposition of the Taxable Series Bonds and other income realized from owning, holding or disposing of the Taxable Series Bonds. The Medicare Tax is imposed on individuals beginning January 1, 2013. The Medicare Tax is 3.8% of the lesser of (i) net investment income (defined as gross income from interest, dividends, net gain from disposition of property not used in a trade or business, and certain other listed items of gross income), (ii) the excess of "modified adjusted gross income" of the individual over \$200,000 for unmarried individuals (\$250,000 for married couples filing a joint return and a surviving spouse). Holders of the Taxable Series Bonds should consult with their tax advisor concerning this Medicare Tax as it may apply to interest earned on the Taxable Series Bonds as well as gain on the sale of a Taxable Series Bond.

A purchaser (other than a person who purchases a Taxable Series Bond upon issuance at the issue price) who buys a Taxable Series Bond at a discount from its principal amount (or its adjusted issue price if issued with original issue discount greater than a specified de minimis amount) will be subject to the market discount rules of the Code. In general, the market discount rules of the Code treat principal payments and gain on disposition of a debt instrument as ordinary income to the extent of accrued market discount. Each potential investor should consult his tax advisor concerning the application of the market discount rules to the Taxable Series Bonds.

Sale or Exchange of the Taxable Series Bonds

If a holder sells a Taxable Series Bond, that person will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on that sale and the holder's basis in that Taxable Series Bond. Ordinarily, that gain or loss will be treated as a capital gain or loss. However, if a Taxable Series Bond was originally issued at a discount or was subsequently purchased at a market discount, a portion of that gain will be recharacterized as ordinary income.

If the terms of a Taxable Series Bond were materially modified, in certain circumstances, a new debt obligation would be deemed created and exchanged for the prior obligation in a taxable transaction. Among the modifications that may be treated as material are those that relate to redemption provisions and, in the case of a nonrecourse obligation, those that involve the substitution of collateral. Each potential holder of a Taxable Series Bond should consult its own tax advisor concerning the circumstances in which the Taxable Series Bonds would be deemed reissued and the likely effects, if any, of that reissuance.

The legal defeasance of the Taxable Series Bonds may result in a deemed sale or exchange of those Taxable Series Bonds under certain circumstances. Holders of those Taxable Series Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to the federal income tax consequences of such a defeasance.

Backup Withholding

Certain purchasers may be subject to backup withholding at the applicable rate determined by statute with respect to interest paid with respect to the Taxable Series Bonds, if the purchasers, upon issuance, fail to supply the Trustee or their brokers with their taxpayer identification numbers, furnish incorrect taxpayer identification numbers, fail to report interest, dividends or other "reportable payments" (as defined in the Code) properly, or, under certain circumstances, fail to provide the Trustee with a certified statement, under penalty of perjury, that they are not subject to backup withholding.

Tax Treatment of Original Issue Discount

Taxable Series Bonds that have an original yield above their interest rate constitute "Discounted Obligations." The difference between the initial public offering prices of Discounted Obligations and their stated amounts to be paid at maturity, constitutes original issue discount treated in the same manner for federal income tax purposes as interest, as described above.

In the case of an owner of a Discounted Obligation, the amount of original issue discount that is treated as having accrued with respect to that Discounted Obligation is added to the cost basis of the owner in determining, for federal income tax purposes, gain or loss upon disposition of a Discounted Obligation (including its sale, redemption or payment at maturity). Amounts received upon disposition of a Discounted Obligation that are attributable to accrued original issue discount will be treated as taxable interest, rather than as taxable gain, for federal income tax purposes.

Original issue discount is treated as compounding semiannually, at a rate determined by reference to the yield to maturity of each individual Discounted Obligation, on days that are determined by reference to the maturity date of that Discounted Obligation. The amount treated as original issue discount on a Discounted Obligation for a particular semiannual accrual period is equal to (a) the product of (i) the yield to maturity for that Discounted Obligation (determined by compounding at the close of each accrual period) and (ii) the amount

that would have been the tax basis of that Discounted Obligation at the beginning of the particular accrual period if held by the original purchaser, (b) less the amount of any interest payable for that Discounted Obligation during the accrual period. The tax basis is determined by adding to the initial public offering price on that Discounted Obligation the sum of the amounts that have been treated as original issue discount for those purposes during all prior periods. If a Discounted Obligation is sold between semiannual compounding dates, original issue discount that would have been accrued for that semiannual compounding period for federal income tax purposes is to be apportioned in equal amounts among the days in that compounding period.

The Code contains additional provisions relating to the accrual of original issue discount in the case of owners of a Discounted Obligation who purchase those Discounted Obligations after the initial offering. Holders of Discounted Obligations including purchasers of Discounted Obligations in the secondary market should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal income tax purposes of original issue discount accrued with respect to those obligations as of any date and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning a Discounted Obligation.

Tax Treatment of Bond Premium

Taxable Series Bonds that have an original yield (or are subsequently purchased at a price that yields) below their interest rate constitute "Premium Obligations". An amount equal to the excess of the purchase price of a Premium Obligation over its stated redemption price at maturity constitutes premium on that Premium Obligation. A purchaser of that Premium Obligation has the option to amortize any premium over that Premium Obligation's term using constant yield principles, based on the purchaser's yield to maturity. As premium is amortized, it offsets the interest allocable to the corresponding payment period and the purchaser's basis in that Premium Obligation is reduced by a corresponding amount resulting in an increase in the gain (or decrease in the loss) to be recognized for federal income tax purposes upon a sale or disposition of that Premium Obligation prior to its maturity. Purchasers of Premium Obligations should consult with their own tax advisors with respect to the election to amortize bond premium and the determination and treatment of amortizable premium for federal income tax purposes and with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning those Premium Obligations.

State, Local or Foreign Taxation

No representations are made regarding the tax consequences of purchase, ownership or disposition of the Taxable Series Bonds under the tax laws of any state, locality or foreign jurisdiction (except as provided in "State Law Considerations" below). Investors considering an investment in the Taxable Series Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding those tax consequences.

Tax-Exempt Investors

In general, an entity that is exempt from federal income tax under the provisions of Section 501 of the Code is subject to tax on its unrelated business taxable income. An unrelated trade or business is any trade or business that is not substantially related to the purpose that forms the basis for that entity's exemption. However, under the provisions of Section 512 of the Code, interest may be excluded from the calculation of unrelated business taxable income unless the obligation that gave rise to that interest is subject to acquisition indebtedness. Therefore, except to the extent any holder of a Taxable Series Bond incurs acquisition indebtedness with respect to a Taxable Series Bond, interest paid or accrued with respect to that holder may be excluded by that tax exempt holder from the calculation of unrelated business taxable income. Each potential tax exempt holder of a Taxable Series Bond is urged to consult its own tax advisor regarding the application of these provisions.

Certain ERISA Considerations

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), imposes certain requirements on "employee benefit plans" (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) subject to ERISA, including entities such as collective investment funds and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of those plans (collectively, "ERISA Plans") and on those persons who are fiduciaries with respect to ERISA

Plans. Investments by ERISA Plans are subject to ERISA's general fiduciary requirements, including the requirement of investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that an ERISA Plan's investments be made in accordance with the documents governing the ERISA Plan. The prudence of any investment by an ERISA Plan in the Taxable Series Bonds must be determined by the responsible fiduciary of the ERISA Plan by taking into account the ERISA Plan's particular circumstances and all of the facts and circumstances of the investment. Government and non-electing church plans are generally not subject to ERISA. However, those plans may be subject to similar or other restrictions under state or local law.

In addition, ERISA and the Code generally prohibit certain transactions between an ERISA Plan or a qualified employee benefit plan under the Code and persons who, with respect to that plan, are fiduciaries or other "parties in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or "disqualified persons" within the meaning of the Code. In the absence of an applicable statutory, class or administrative exemption, transactions between an ERISA Plan and a party in interest with respect to an ERISA Plan, including the acquisition by one from the other of the Taxable Series Bonds could be viewed as violating those prohibitions. In addition, Code Section 4975 prohibits transactions between certain tax-favored vehicles such as Individual Retirement Accounts and disqualified persons. Code Section 503 includes similar restrictions with respect to governmental and church plans. In this regard, the Agency or any Underwriter of the Taxable Series Bonds might be considered or might become a "party in interest" within the meaning of ERISA or a "disqualified person" within the meaning of the Code, with respect to an ERISA Plan or a plan or arrangement subject to Code Sections 4975 or 503. Prohibited transactions within the meaning of ERISA and the Code may arise if the Taxable Series Bonds are acquired by those plans or arrangements with respect to which the Agency or any Underwriter is a party in interest or disqualified person.

In all events, fiduciaries of ERISA Plans and plans or arrangements subject to the above Code Sections, in consultation with their advisors, should carefully consider the impact of ERISA and the Code on an investment in the Taxable Series Bonds. The sale of the Taxable Series Bonds to a plan is in no respect a representation by the Agency or any Underwriter that such an investment meets the relevant legal requirements with respect to benefit plans generally or any particular plan. Any plan proposing to invest in the Taxable Series Bonds should consult with its counsel to confirm that that investment is permitted under the plan documents and will not result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction and will satisfy the other requirements of ERISA, the Code and other applicable law.

State Law Considerations

Interest on the Taxable Series Bonds is includable in the taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for State income tax purposes. That interest is also includable in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the State franchise tax.

LITIGATION

There is not now pending or, to the best knowledge of the officers of the Agency, overtly threatened any litigation against the Agency seeking to restrain or enjoin the sale, issuance, execution or delivery of the Series Bonds, or in any manner questioning or affecting the validity of the Series Bonds or the proceedings or authority pursuant to which they are to be issued and sold.

The Agency is a party to various litigations arising in the ordinary course of business. While the ultimate effect of those actions cannot be predicted with certainty, the Agency expects that the outcome of these matters will not result in a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Agency.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the Series Bonds and the tax exemption of interest on the Tax-Exempt Series Bonds are subject to the opinions of Kutak Rock LLP, Bond Counsel. The opinion of Bond Counsel will be provided in

substantially the form set forth in Appendix F attached hereto. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by their counsel, Dorsey & Whitney LLP.

RATINGS

The Series Bonds are rated "___" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), and "___" by S&P Global Ratings, a division of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"). The ratings reflect only the views of the applicable rating agency, and an explanation of the significance of that rating may be obtained only from the rating agency and its published materials. The ratings described above are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the Series Bonds. There can be no assurance that any rating will continue for any given period of time or that it will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of the rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Therefore, after the date hereof, investors should not assume that those ratings are still in effect. A downward revision or withdrawal of either rating is likely to have an adverse effect on the market price and marketability of the Series Bonds. The Agency has not assumed any responsibility either to notify the owners of the Series Bonds of any proposed change in or withdrawal of any rating subsequent to the date of this Official Statement, except in connection with the reporting of events as provided in the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (see Appendix B to this Official Statement), or to contest any revision or withdrawal.

TRUSTEE

[Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("WFBNA"), a national banking association and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company, a U.S. bank holding company ("WFC"), serves as the Trustee under the Bond Resolution. On November 1, 2021, WFC closed the sale of substantially all of WFBNA's Corporate Trust Services business to Computershare Ltd ("Computershare").

Subject to any requirements set forth in the definitive agreement between WFC and Computershare, WFBNA intends to transfer to Computershare Trust Company, National Association, its duties, obligations and rights with respect to the transaction described in that agreement on or before the issuance of the Series Bonds. Until that transfer occurs, WFBNA will continue to perform its duties, obligations and rights under the Bond Resolution through Computershare Trust Company, National Association, as its agent. The current personnel supporting the transaction and interfacing with the Agency will not change upon the sale and transfer. Computershare Trust Company, National Association, is a national banking association with requisite trust powers to perform all the duties imposed upon it by the Bond Resolution.]

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

CSG Advisors Incorporated (the "Financial Advisor") is serving as financial advisor to the Agency with respect to the planning, structuring and sale of the Series Bonds. The Financial Advisor assisted in the preparation of this Official Statement and in other matters relating to the planning, structuring and issuance of the Series Bonds and provided other advice to the Agency. The Financial Advisor does not underwrite or trade bonds and will not engage in any underwriting activities with regard to the issuance and sale of the Series Bonds. The Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification, or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness, of the information contained in this Official Statement and is not obligated to review or ensure compliance with continuing disclosure undertakings.

UNDERWRITING

RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Piper Sandler & Co., Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC (collectively, the "Underwriters") will purchase from the Agency, and the Agency will sell to the Underwriters, all of the Series Bonds for the public offering prices stated on the inside front cover of this Official Statement. The Agency will pay the Underwriters a fee of \$______ with respect to their purchase of the

Series Bonds. The Underwriters may offer and sell the Series Bonds to certain dealers and certain dealer banks at prices lower than those public offering prices.

Each of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Each of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates may have, from time to time, performed and may in the future perform, various investment banking services for the Agency, for which they may have received or will receive customary fees and expenses. In the ordinary course of their various business activities, each of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (which may include bank loans and/or credit default swaps) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in those securities and instruments. Those investment and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of Agency.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("WFBNA"), acting through its Municipal Finance Group, one of the underwriters of the Series Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "WFA Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC (which uses the trade name "Wells Fargo Advisors") ("WFA"), for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the Series Bonds. Pursuant to the WFA Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting or remarketing compensation, as applicable with respect to the Series Bonds with WFA. WFBNA also entered into an agreement (the "WFSLLC Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC ("WFSLLC"), for the distribution of municipal securities offerings, including the Series Bonds. Pursuant to the WFSLLC Distribution Agreement, WFBNA pays a portion of WFSLLC's expenses based on its municipal securities transactions. WFBNA, WFSLLC, and WFA are each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company ("WFC").

Wells Fargo Corporate & Investment Banking (which may be referred to elsewhere as "CIB," "Wells Fargo Securities" or "WFS") are the trade names used for the corporate banking, capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including WFBNA, a member of the National Futures Association, which conducts its municipal securities sales, trading and underwriting operations through the Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Municipal Finance Group, a separately identifiable department of WFBNA, registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as a municipal securities dealer pursuant to Section 15B(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("JPMS"), one of the Underwriters of the Series Bonds, has entered into negotiated dealer agreements (each, a "Dealer Agreement") with each of Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("CS&Co.") and LPL Financial LLC ("LPL") for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to each Dealer Agreement, each of CS&Co. and LPL may purchase Series Bonds from JPMS at the original issue price less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any Series Bonds that that firm sells.

MISCELLANEOUS

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the offering of the Series Bonds and may not be reproduced or used, as a whole or in part, for any other purpose. Any statements made or incorporated in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not expressly so stated, are set forth as opinion or estimates and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Agency and the purchasers or owners of any of the Series Bonds.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement have been duly authorized by the Agency.

MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

	By	
	Commissioner	_
Dated:, 2021.		

APPENDIX A

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE AGENCY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING

The following statements are extracted provisions of the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking to be executed by the Agency in connection with the issuance of the Series Bonds.

Purpose

This Disclosure Undertaking is executed and delivered by the Agency for the benefit of the holders and owners (the "Bondowners" or "Owners") and the Beneficial Owners of the Series Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the requirements of the Rule. There is no obligated person other than the Agency that is a party to the Disclosure Undertaking.

Definitions

In addition to the definitions set forth in the Resolutions, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Undertaking, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

"Annual Financial Information" means the following financial information and operating data (in addition to Audited Financial Statements): information about the outstanding principal amounts and types of Program Securities pledged to the payment of Bonds outstanding under the Bond Resolution as the end of that fiscal year of a type substantially similar to that under the heading "The Residential Housing Finance Program—Mortgage Loan Portfolio and Acquired Program Securities" in the Official Statement; information of the type set forth in Appendix G to the Official Statement relating to mortgage insurance, delinquency and foreclosure statistics and, so long as applicable, payment forbearances received and granted pursuant to the CARES Act for the single family mortgage whole loan portfolio funded by Bonds; information of the type set forth in Appendix H to the Official Statement relating to liquidity facilities for outstanding Bonds; and information under the heading "Security for the Bonds – Investment Obligations" in the Official Statement concerning funds held in respect of Bonds under the Bond Resolution in investment agreements.

"Annual Financial Information Disclosure" means the dissemination of disclosure concerning Annual Financial Information and the dissemination of the Audited Financial Statements as described under "Annual Financial Information Disclosure" herein.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the audited financial statements of the Agency, prepared pursuant to the standards and as described under the caption "Annual Financial Information Disclosure."

"Beneficial Owners" means (1) in respect of a Series Bond subject to a book-entry-only registration system, any person or entity that (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, that Series Bond (including persons or entities holding Series Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of the Series Bond for federal income tax purposes, and that person or entity provides to the Trustee evidence of that beneficial ownership in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee; or (2) in respect of a Series Bond not subject to a book-entry-only registration system, the registered owner or owners thereof appearing in the bond register maintained by the Trustee, as Registrar.

"CARES Act" means the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), signed into law on March 27, 2020.

"Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Financial Obligation" means a (i) debt obligation, (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation, or, (iii) guarantee of either (i) or (ii). The term "Financial Obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB pursuant to the Rule.

"Listed Event" means the occurrence of any of the events with respect to the Series Bonds set forth below:

- 1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- 2. Nonpayment-related defaults, if material;
- 3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- 4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- 5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- 6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- 7. Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- 8. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- 9. Defeasances:
- 10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- 11. Rating changes;
- 12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Agency (within the meaning of the Rule);
- 13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Agency or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Agency, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;
- 14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material:
- 15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Agency, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Agency, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- 16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Agency, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

"Listed Events Disclosure" means dissemination of a notice of a Listed Event as described under the heading "Listed Events Disclosure" in this Appendix B.

"MSRB" means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

"Participating Underwriter" means each broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer acting as an underwriter in any primary offering of the Series Bonds.

"Prescribed Form" means, with regard to the filing of Annual Financial Information, Audited Financial Statements and notices of Listed Events with the MSRB at www.emma.msrb.org (or another

address or addresses as the MSRB may from time to time specify), the electronic format, accompanied by the identifying information, as shall have been prescribed by the MSRB and which shall be in effect on the date of filing of that information.

"Rule" means Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Commission under the Exchange Act, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"*Undertaking*" means the obligations of the Agency described under the headings "Annual Financial Information Disclosure" and "Listed Events Disclosure" in this Appendix B.

Annual Financial Information Disclosure

The Agency shall disseminate the Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements (in the form and by the dates set forth below) for each fiscal year of the Agency, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, by one of the following methods: (i) the Agency may deliver that Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements to the MSRB within 120 days of the completion of the Agency's fiscal year or (ii) delivery of an Official Statement of the Agency to the MSRB within 120 days of the completion of the Agency's fiscal year, but only to the extent that Official Statement includes that Annual Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements.

The Agency shall deliver the information in Prescribed Form and by the time so that those entities receive the information by the dates specified.

If any part of the Annual Financial Information can no longer be generated because the operations to which it is related have been materially changed or discontinued, the Agency shall disseminate a statement to that effect as part of its Annual Financial Information for the year in which such event first occurs.

If any amendment is made to this Disclosure Undertaking, the Annual Financial Information for the year in which such amendment is made (or in any notice or supplement provided to the MSRB) shall contain a narrative description of the reasons for such amendment and its impact on the type of information being provided.

All or a portion of the Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements may be included by reference to other documents that have been submitted to the MSRB or filed with the Commission. The Agency shall clearly identify each such item of information included by reference.

Annual Financial Information will be provided to the MSRB within 120 days after the last day of the Agency's fiscal year. Audited Financial Statements as described below should be filed at the same time as the Annual Financial Information. If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, unaudited financial statements shall be included, and Audited Financial Statements will be provided to the MSRB within 10 business days after availability to the Agency.

Audited Financial Statements will be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as in effect from time to time.

If any change is made to the Annual Financial Information as permitted by the Disclosure Undertaking, including for this purpose a change made to the fiscal year-end of the Agency, the Agency will disseminate a notice to the MSRB of that change in Prescribed Form.

Listed Events Disclosure

The Agency shall disseminate in a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the event, Listed Events Disclosure to the MSRB in Prescribed Form. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of optional or unscheduled redemption of any Series Bonds or defeasance of any Series Bonds need not be given under this Disclosure Undertaking any earlier than the notice (if any) of that redemption or defeasance is given to the owners of the Series Bonds pursuant to the Resolution. In addition, notice of the mandatory sinking fund redemption of certain of the Series Bonds is not required to be given as a Listed Event.

Consequences of Failure of the Agency To Provide Information

The Agency shall give notice in a timely manner, not in excess of 10 business days after the occurrence of the event, to the MSRB in Prescribed Form of any failure to provide Annual Financial Information Disclosure when the same is due hereunder.

In the event of a failure of the Agency to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Undertaking, the Bondowner or Beneficial Owner of any Series Bond may seek specific performance by court order to cause the Agency to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Undertaking. A default under this Disclosure Undertaking shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Resolution or any other agreement, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Undertaking in the event of any failure of the Agency to comply with this Disclosure Undertaking shall be an action to compel performance.

Amendment; Waiver

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Undertaking, the Agency may amend this Disclosure Undertaking, and any provision of this Disclosure Undertaking may be waived, if:

- (i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of the Agency or type of business conducted;
- (ii) This Disclosure Undertaking, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and
- (iii) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the Bondowners of the Series Bonds, as determined either by parties unaffiliated with the Agency (such as the Trustee) or by an approving vote of the Bondowners of the Series Bonds holding a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Series Bonds (excluding Series Bonds held by or on behalf of the Agency or its affiliates) pursuant to the terms of the Resolution at the time of the amendment; or
 - (iv) The amendment or waiver is otherwise permitted by the Rule.

Termination of Undertaking

This Disclosure Undertaking shall terminate when the Agency shall no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to the repayment of the Series Bonds. The Agency shall give notice to the MSRB in a timely manner and in Prescribed Form if the Undertaking is so terminated before the final stated maturity of the Series Bonds.

Additional Information

Nothing in this Disclosure Undertaking shall be deemed to prevent the Agency from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Undertaking or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information Disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Undertaking. If the Agency chooses to include any information from any document or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Undertaking, the Agency shall not have any obligation under this Disclosure Undertaking to update that information or include it in any future disclosure or notice of the occurrence of a Listed Event.

Beneficiaries

This Disclosure Undertaking has been executed in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the Rule; however, this Disclosure Undertaking shall inure solely to the benefit of the Agency, the Bondowners and Beneficial Owners of the Series Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Recordkeeping

The Agency shall maintain records of all Annual Financial Information Disclosure and Listed Events Disclosure, including the content of that disclosure, the names of the entities with whom that disclosure was filed and the date of filing that disclosure.

APPENDIX C

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE BOND RESOLUTION

The following statements are brief summaries of certain provisions of the Bond Resolution. Terms defined herein are identical in all material respects with the definitions in the Bond Resolution or the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions.

Certain Defined Terms

Agency Certificate: As the case may be, a document signed by an Authorized Officer either (i) attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or (ii) setting forth matters to be determined by the Agency or an Authorized Officer pursuant to the Bond Resolution or (iii) requesting or directing the Trustee or other party to take action pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

Agency Swap Payment: A payment due to a Swap Counterparty from the Agency pursuant to the applicable Swap Agreement (including, but not limited to, payments in respect of any early termination of such Swap Agreement).

Authorized Officer: The Chairperson, Vice Chairperson, Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of the Agency or any other person authorized by resolution of the Agency to perform an act or sign a document.

Bondowner or *Owner*: The registered owner of any outstanding Bond or Bonds which at the time is registered on the registration books maintained by the Trustee.

Cash Flow Certificate: A certificate from an Authorized Officer giving effect to the action proposed to be taken and demonstrating that in the current and in each succeeding Fiscal Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding that Revenues and other amounts expected to be on deposit in the Funds and Accounts established hereunder or under any Series Resolution (excluding the Insurance Reserve Fund and, except to the extent otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, the Alternative Loan Fund) will be at least equal to all amounts required to be on deposit in order to pay the Debt Service on the Bonds and to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and Insurance Reserve Requirement; provided that, to the extent specified in a Series Resolution, a Fund or Account (other than those excluded above) shall not be taken into account when preparing such Cash Flow Certificate. The Cash Flow Certificate shall set forth the assumptions upon which the estimates therein are based, which assumptions shall be based upon the Agency's reasonable expectations at the time such Cash Flow Certificate is filed. The Agency may assume in a Cash Flow Certificate that, if Bonds of a Series are issued for purposes other than the Financing of Program Loans for the acquisition of owner-occupied housing, amounts to be deposited in or irrevocably appropriated to any Fund or Account established under the Bond Resolution (other than the Alternative Loan Fund or, unless otherwise provided in a Series Resolution) from sources not subject to the lien of the Bond Resolution will be available in amounts and at times sufficient to pay the Debt Service on Outstanding Bonds of such Series when due and to maintain the Debt Service Reserve Requirement and Insurance Reserve Requirement, if any, with respect to Outstanding Bonds of such Series.

Code: The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the applicable temporary, proposed and final Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder or applicable thereto.

Counterparty Swap Payment: A payment due to or received by the Agency from a Swap Counterparty pursuant to a Swap Agreement (including, but not limited to, payments in respect of any early termination of such Swap Agreement) and amounts received by the Agency under any related Swap Counterparty Guarantee.

Debt Service Reserve Requirement: As of any particular date of computation, the sum of amounts established for each Series of Bonds by each Series Resolution.

Defaulted Program Loan: A Program Loan on which payments are 60 days in arrears (but not a Program Loan as to which all defaults have been cured to the satisfaction of the Agency).

Delivery Period: For the Series Bonds, the period of time for the purchase of Program Securities from the Master Servicer; the Delivery Period shall end on June 1, 2022 unless extended by the Agency pursuant to the Series Resolutions; provided the Delivery Period may not be extended beyond June 1, 2025.

Fannie Mae: The Federal National Mortgage Association or any successor thereto.

Fannie Mae Security: A single pool, guaranteed mortgage pass-through Fannie Mae Program Security, guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Fannie Mae and backed by Conventional Mortgage Loans, or FHA Insured or VA Guaranteed Program Loans, in the related mortgage pool.

Federal Mortgage Agency: The Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Farmers Home Mortgage Corporation and such other public or private agencies or corporations as the United States Congress may create for the purpose of housing finance and which are an agency or instrumentality of the United States or sponsored thereby.

FHA: The Federal Housing Administration of the Department of Housing and Urban Development or any agency or instrumentality of the United States of America succeeding to the mortgage insurance functions thereof.

Finance or finance: When used with reference to a Program Obligation, shall be construed to include (i) the making or purchase of such Program Obligation, (ii) the participation by the Agency, either with itself or with others, in the making or purchase thereof, or (iii) the permanent financing of a Program Obligation which has been temporarily financed by the Agency through the issuance of notes or other obligations or otherwise.

Fiscal Year: The period of 12 calendar months commencing on July 1 in any calendar year and ending on June 30 in the following year, or such other 12-month period as may be designated by the Agency by Agency Certificate delivered to the Trustee.

Freddie Mac: The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, a corporate instrumentality of the United States created pursuant to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Act (Title III of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1451-1459), and any successor to its functions.

Freddie Mac Security: A single pool, guaranteed mortgage pass-through Freddie Mac program security, guaranteed as to timely payment of principal and interest by Freddie Mac and backed by Conventional Mortgage Loans, or FHA Insured or VA Guaranteed Program Loans, in the related mortgage pool.

GNMA: The Government National Mortgage Association, a wholly owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within HUD, and any successor to its functions. Its powers are prescribed generally by Title III of the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C., §1716 et seq.).

Insurance Reserve Requirement: As of any particular date of computation, the sum of amounts, if any, established for each Series of Bonds by the Series Resolution.

Investment Obligations: Any of the following securities and other investments, if and to the extent the same are at the time legal for the investment of the Agency's moneys:

- (a) Direct obligations of, or obligations the timely payment of principal and interest on which are insured or guaranteed by, the United States of America;
- (b) Obligations (i) which are backed by the full faith and credit of any state of the United States of America, (ii) of any agency of the United States of America, or (iii) of any public corporation sponsored by the United States of America, provided that, at the time of purchase, such obligations shall not adversely affect the Rating of the Bonds;
- (c) Interest-bearing time or demand deposits, certificates of deposit or other similar banking arrangements with any bank, trust company, national banking association or other savings institution (including any Fiduciary) provided that (i) such deposits, certificates and other arrangements are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or guaranteed by the State, the proceeds of which insurance are timely available, or (ii) such Depository has combined capital and surplus of

at least \$75,000,000 and such deposits, certificates and other arrangements are fully secured by obligations described in clause (a) or (b) of this definition, or a combination thereof, at such levels and valuation frequency as shall not adversely affect the Rating of the Bonds or (iii) the deposit of funds with such Depository will not adversely affect the Rating of the Bonds;

- (d) Repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements with banks which are members of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or with government bond dealers reporting to and trading with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which agreements are secured by obligations described in the preceding clauses (a) and (b) of this definition;
- (e) Shares of (i) an investment company registered under the federal investment company act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the federal securities act of 1933, whose only investments are in securities described in subparagraphs (a) or (b) above, or (ii) a common trust fund established by a national banking association or a bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state with combined capital and surplus of at least \$75,000,000, under the supervision and regulation of the Comptroller of the Currency pursuant to 12 C.F.R. 9, or any successor regulation, whose only investments are in securities described in subparagraphs (a) or (b) above;
- (f) Any investment contract with any provider as long as such investment contract does not adversely affect the Rating of the Bonds; and
- (g) Any other investment that will not adversely affect the Rating of the Bonds.

Lender: To the extent permitted in the Act, any bank or trust company, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, insurance company or other financial intermediary (whether or not organized for profit) approved by the Agency or mortgage banker or mortgage broker authorized to deal in mortgage loans insured or guaranteed by an agency of the United States government. Such Lender shall be authorized to do business in the State, and shall have such qualifications as may be established from time to time by rules and regulations of the Agency. For purposes of the Bond Resolution, Lender shall also be deemed to include any federal or state agency, including the Agency, or any political subdivision of the State or agency thereof.

Parity Certificate: An Agency Certificate, giving effect to the action proposed to be taken in connection with the filing thereof, showing that (A) the sum of (i) the moneys, Investment Obligations and Cash Equivalents then credited to the Acquisition Accounts, the Revenue Fund, the Bond Fund Principal Account, the Bond Fund Interest Account and the Debt Service Reserve Fund, (ii) the unpaid principal amount of all Program Obligations credited to the Acquisition Accounts (other than any Acquisition Account funded with moneys transferred from the Alternative Loan Fund), and (iii) any other moneys, Investment Obligations and Cash Equivalents and the unpaid principal amount of all Program Obligations otherwise specifically pledged to the payment of Outstanding Bonds by a Series Resolution, exceeds (B) an amount equal to 103% of the principal amount of Outstanding Bonds of all Series.

Principal Requirement: As of any particular date of calculation with respect to Bonds Outstanding on that date, the amount of money equal to any unpaid Principal Installment then due plus the Principal Installment to become due on each Series of Bonds on the next respective Principal Installment Date within the next succeeding six months.

Private Mortgage Insurer: Any private mortgage insurance company approved by the applicable Federal Mortgage Agency and the Agency and providing private mortgage guaranty insurance on Conventional Mortgage Loans.

Program: The program for the financing of Program Obligations for Housing established by the Agency pursuant to the Act, as the same may be amended from time to time, and the Bond Resolution and for financing Other Obligations.

Program Loan: A loan for Housing secured in such manner as the Agency may specify in the applicable Series Resolution for Program Loans to be made from the proceeds of a Series of Bonds.

Program Obligation: Any Program Loan or Program Security acquired by the Agency by the expenditure of amounts in an Acquisition Account.

Program Security: An obligation representing an undivided interest in a pool of Program Loans, to the extent the payments to be made on such obligation are guaranteed or insured by a Federal Mortgage Agency.

Rating: With respect to any Series of Bonds, the rating issued by a Rating Agency in force immediately prior to the proposed action to be taken by the Agency under the Bond Resolution, and an action which does not "impair" the Rating with respect to any Series of Bonds shall be an action which will not cause the Rating Agency to lower or withdraw the rating it has assigned to the Series of Bonds.

Rating Agency: Any nationally recognized entity which, upon the request of the Agency, has issued a credit rating on any Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

Revenues: With respect to the Outstanding Bonds, all payments, proceeds, rents, premiums, penalties, charges and other cash income received by the Agency from or on account of any Program Obligation (including scheduled, delinquent and advance payments of, and any net insurance or guaranty proceeds with respect to, principal and interest on any Program Obligation or the net operating income or net proceeds of sale of any property acquired thereunder) (exclusive, however, of Program Obligations, if any, credited to the Alternative Loan Fund), any Counterparty Swap Payments received from any Swap Counterparty pursuant to a Swap Agreement, any amounts deposited in or irrevocably appropriated to any Fund or Account established under the Bond Resolution (other than the Alternative Loan Fund, except as otherwise provided in a Series Resolution) from sources not subject to the lien of the Bond Resolution, and all interest earned or gain realized in excess of losses as a result of the investment of the amount in any Fund or Account established under the Bond Resolution (other than the Alternative Loan Fund, except as otherwise provided in a Series Resolution), but excludes (i) any amount retained by a servicer (including the Agency) of any Program Obligation as compensation for services rendered in connection with such Program Obligation, (ii) any payments for the guaranty or insurance of any Program Obligation, (iii) any payments of taxes, assessments or similar charges or premiums or other charges for fire or other hazard insurance (and any escrow payments in connection therewith) called for by or in connection with any Program Obligation, (iv) amounts payable with respect to a Program Obligation which represent a return on amounts financed by the Agency or by other persons pursuant to a participation, forbearance or other arrangement from sources other than proceeds of Bonds or other amounts held hereunder and (v) to the extent such items do not exceed the income derived therefrom, payments or charges constituting expenses of managing and maintaining property acquired pursuant to a Program Loan.

Series: All Bonds delivered on original issuance in a simultaneous transaction, regardless of variations in maturity, interest rate or other provisions, and any Bond thereafter delivered in lieu of or substitution for any of such Bonds pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

Series Resolution: A resolution of the Agency authorizing the issuance and delivery of Bonds pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

Swap Agreement: With respect to any Bonds, an interest rate exchange agreement between the Agency and a Swap Counterparty, as amended or supplemented, or other interest rate hedge agreement between the Agency and a Swap Counterparty, as amended or supplemented, for the purpose of converting, in whole or in part, (i) the Agency's fixed interest rate liability on all or a portion of any Bonds to a variable rate liability, (ii) the Agency's variable rate liability on all or a portion of any Bonds to a fixed rate liability or (iii) the Agency's variable rate liability on all or a portion of any Bonds to a different variable rate liability.

Swap Counterparty: Any Person with whom the Agency shall from time to time enter into a Swap Agreement, as specified in a Series Resolution.

Swap Counterparty Guarantee: A guarantee in favor of the Agency given in connection with the execution and delivery of a Swap Agreement, as specified in a Series Resolution.

UMBS: The common, single mortgage-backed securities backed by fixed-rate mortgages formally known as the Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security, issued as of June 3, 2019 by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, guaranteed by either Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, depending upon which issues the UMBS. UMBS are a type of Program Security.

Series Accounts

Unless otherwise provided in a Series Resolution, the Trustee shall establish within each Fund under the Bond Resolution (other than the Alternative Loan Fund), a separate Series Account for each Series of Bonds. The proceeds of a particular Series of Bonds, other amounts made available by the Agency in the Series Resolution or otherwise relating to a particular Series of Bonds and the Revenues relating to a particular Series of Bonds (including the payments on Program Obligations acquired with the proceeds of a particular Series of Bonds or the payments on any other collateral pledged to a particular Series of Bonds and the earnings on investments of any of said proceeds, funds and amounts) shall be deposited or credited to the separate Series Accounts established for that particular Series of Bonds. Where required to assure compliance with the covenants of the Bond Resolution and any Series Resolution, withdrawals from Series Accounts established in connection with a particular Series of Bonds may be made and used (including for purposes of redemption) for any other Series of Bonds. For purposes of investment, the Trustee, may, or shall at the direction of the Agency, consolidate the Series Accounts required to be established in a particular Fund so long as adequate records are maintained as to the amounts held in each such Fund allocable to each Series of Bonds. In addition to the Funds and Accounts established under the Bond Resolution, the Trustee may from time to time, establish, maintain, close and reestablish such accounts and subaccounts as may be requested by the Agency for convenience of administration of the Program and as shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of the Bond Resolution.

Cost of Issuance Accounts

Each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds may, but is not required to, provide for a separate Cost of Issuance Account to be held by the Trustee. Moneys in each such Cost of Issuance Account shall be expended for Costs of Issuance of such Series of Bonds and for no other purpose upon receipt by the Trustee of a requisition signed by an Authorized Officer stating the amount and purpose of any such payment. Any amounts in a Cost of Issuance Account remaining therein upon payment of all Costs of Issuance for such Series of Bonds shall (i) if not proceeds of Bonds, be transferred to the Revenue Fund and (ii) if sale proceeds, investment proceeds or transferred proceeds of Bonds, be transferred to any one or more of the Acquisition Accounts or the Bond Redemption Fund, upon receipt by the Trustee of a Certificate of the Agency stating that such moneys are no longer needed for the payment of Costs of Issuance whereupon such Account shall be closed. Interest and other income derived from the investment or deposit of each such Cost of Issuance Account shall be transferred by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the Revenue Fund.

Acquisition Accounts

Each Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds shall, unless such Bonds are Refunding Bonds for which no such account is necessary, establish a separate Acquisition Account to be held by the Trustee. There shall be deposited from time to time in each Acquisition Account (i) any proceeds of Bonds or other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the Bond Resolution or the applicable Series Resolution and (ii) any other amounts determined by the Agency to be deposited therein from time to time.

Except as otherwise permitted or required to be transferred to other Funds and Accounts, amounts in an Acquisition Account shall be expended only to Finance Program Obligations. All Program Obligations Financed by application of amounts in an Acquisition Account shall be credited to such Acquisition Account or, if a Series Resolution so provides, to the Alternative Loan Fund. No Program Loan shall be Financed unless the requirements of the applicable Series Resolution have been met, and no Program Security shall be Financed unless the Program Security is registered in the name of the Trustee or is registered in the name of the Agency and delivered to the Trustee with a written assignment thereof to the Trustee pursuant to the Bond Resolution from and after the date such Program Security is Financed hereunder. In addition, no Program Security shall be Financed unless such Program Security represents a pass through or participation interest in a pool of Program Loans and provides for a guaranty of all payments to be made to the Agency thereunder by a Federal Mortgage Agency.

The Trustee shall pay out and permit the withdrawal of amounts on deposit in any Acquisition Account at any time for the purpose of making payments pursuant to the Bond Resolution, but only upon receipt of the following documents prior to any proposed withdrawal:

- an Agency Certificate setting forth the amount to be paid, the person persons to whom such payment is to be made (which may be or include the Agency) and, in reasonable detail, the purpose or purposes of such withdrawal; and
- (2) an Agency Certificate stating that the amount to be withdrawn from such Acquisition Account pursuant to such requisition is a proper charge thereon and, if such requisition is made to Finance the acquisition of Program Obligations, that (i) the terms of such Program Obligations conform to the description of the Program Obligations to be Financed from such amount as provided to the Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Bond Resolution, and (ii) such Program Obligations otherwise comply with the provisions of the Bond Resolution.

At any time the Agency, by Agency Certificate, may direct the Trustee to transfer amounts in an Acquisition Account into the Bond Fund Principal Account or Bond Fund Interest Account, as appropriate, to pay principal or sinking fund installments of and interest on the related Series of Bonds, or into the appropriate account in the Debt Service Reserve Fund or Insurance Reserve Fund, which Request shall state that such transfer is appropriate to meet the requirements of said Fund.

The interest earned and other income derived from the investment or deposit of each Acquisition Account may be transferred to the appropriate account in the Revenue Fund for the related Series of Bonds by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the extent that such amounts exceed any losses realized by investment of deposits in such Acquisition Account or may be retained in the Acquisition Account for the Financing of additional Program Obligations, as directed by Agency Certificate.

All amounts deposited into an Acquisition Account shall be disbursed in the manner provided in the Bond Resolution or the Agency may, by Agency Certificate, direct the Trustee to transfer any amounts from the Acquisition Account to the Bond Redemption Fund to be used for the redemption of Bonds of the related Series; provided, however, that (i) the Agency Certificate shall specify the maturities, the principal amounts of each maturity, and the Series of Bonds to be redeemed (including any credits against sinking fund installments on any Term Bonds to be redeemed) and (ii) in the case of any selection method of Bonds for an optional or special redemption different from the selection method assumed in the most recently filed Cash Flow Certificate, the Agency shall file an updated Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

The Agency may establish temporary subaccounts within an Acquisition Account for the collection and custody of fees paid by Lenders or other persons in connection with the reservation of funds in the Acquisition Account for use in Financing Program Obligations to be originated by such Lenders or other persons. To the extent that the Agency's agreements with such Lenders or other persons provide for the refund of any such fees (or portions thereof), amounts may be withdrawn from any such subaccount or the Acquisition Account in accordance with such agreements, and any amounts not required to be so applied may, pursuant to an Agency Certificate, be applied to any other purpose of the Acquisition Account as provided in the Bond Resolution.

Revenue Fund

The Agency shall cause all Revenues to be deposited promptly with a Depository and to be transmitted regularly to the Trustee. Unless otherwise provided in the Bond Resolution, all such amounts shall be deposited in the Revenue Fund. There shall also be deposited in the Revenue Fund any other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the Bond Resolution or the Series Resolution or other resolution of the Agency.

The Trustee shall withdraw from any money in the Revenue Fund and credit to each of the following Funds and Accounts, or pay to the Person specified, the amount indicated in the following tabulation, at the times indicated in the following tabulation:

(1) on or before the applicable Interest Payment Date, to the Bond Fund Interest Account the amount needed, taking into account any balance then on deposit therein, to increase the balance therein to the Interest Requirement;

- (2) on or before the applicable Principal Installment Date, to the Bond Fund Principal Account the amount, needed, taking into account any balance then on deposit therein, to increase the amount therein to the Principal Requirement;
- (3) on any date, assuming any prior transfers required pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) above have been made, to the Debt Service Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, needed to increase the amount therein to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement;
- (4) on any date, assuming any prior transfers required pursuant to subsections (1), (2) and (3) above have been made, to the Insurance Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, needed to increase the amount therein to the Insurance Reserve Requirement;
- (5) unless otherwise expressly provided in the Series Resolution in respect of a Series of Bonds to which the Swap Agreement relates in whole or in part, on or before the applicable due dates, assuming any prior transfers required pursuant to subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4) above have been made, to any Swap Counterparty, the Agency Swap Payments due from time to time pursuant to a Swap Agreement; and
- (6) to the extent not transferred pursuant to the preceding subsections, the balance shall be held in the Revenue Fund until and unless directed by Agency Certificate to be transferred and utilized as set forth elsewhere in this section.

At such periodic intervals as the Agency, by Agency Certificate, shall direct, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Revenue Fund and transfer to the United States of America such amounts as are necessary to comply with the Code, including particularly the arbitrage rebate requirements of Section 148 thereof.

Amounts credited to the Revenue Fund shall be transferred to the Bond Redemption Fund on or before the designated Redemption Date to be used for the purchase or redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Bond Resolution and the terms of any related Series Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of (i) an Agency Certificate specifying the maturities, the principal amounts of each maturity, and the Series of Bonds to be redeemed (including any credits against sinking fund installments on any Term Bonds to be redeemed) and (ii) in the case of any selection method of Bonds for an optional or special redemption different from the selection method assumed in the most recently filed Cash Flow Certificate, a Cash Flow Certificate.

Amounts credited to the Revenue Fund may be transferred to an existing Acquisition Account or a new Acquisition Account to be established to be used to acquire Program Obligations upon filing with the Trustee of (i) an Agency Certificate specifying the amount to be so transferred and either specifying the existing Acquisition Account to which the funds are to be deposited or directing the establishment of a new Acquisition Account for the deposit of the funds and providing the information relating to the new Acquisition Account required by the Bond Resolution and (ii) a Cash Flow Certificate.

Amounts credited to the Revenue Fund, as directed by an Agency Certificate, shall be released to the Agency for the payment of Program Expenses or the establishment of reserves therefor in an amount needed or required to pay reasonable and necessary Program Expenses; provided that if the amount to be released exceeds the amount assumed in the most recently filed Cash Flow Certificate, the Agency shall file a new Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

Amounts credited to the Revenue Fund, except Program Expenses, may be released to the Agency free and clear of the lien of the Bond Resolution, for deposit in the Agency's General Reserve Account or deposit in the Alternative Loan Fund, upon the filing with the Trustee of (i) an Agency Certificate directing the same, (ii) a Cash Flow Certificate and (iii) a Parity Certificate.

Any investment earnings on moneys held in the Revenue Fund shall be retained therein.

Bond Fund Interest Account and Bond Fund Principal Account

The Trustee shall withdraw from the Bond Fund Interest Account, on or immediately prior to each Interest Payment Date of the Bonds, an amount equal to the unpaid interest due on the Bonds on such Interest Payment Date,

and shall cause the same to be applied to the payment of said interest when due and is authorized to transmit the same to any Paying Agents who shall apply the same to such payment.

If the withdrawals required with respect to the same and every prior date shall have been made, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Bond Fund Principal Account, on or immediately prior to each Principal Installment Date, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, if any, maturing on or before said Principal Installment Date and shall cause the same to be applied to the payment of the principal amount of said Bonds when due and is authorized to transmit the same to any Paying Agents who shall apply the same to such payment.

Any amount at any time held in the Bond Fund Interest Account or Bond Fund Principal Account in excess of the Interest Requirement or Principal Requirement may be transferred by the Trustee to the Revenue Fund, if so directed by Agency Certificate, and otherwise shall be retained in the Bond Fund Interest Account or Bond Fund Principal Account, as the case may be.

The interest earned or other income derived from the investment of moneys in the Bond Fund Interest Account and Bond Fund Principal Account shall be transferred by the Trustee to the Revenue Fund (unless the Trustee is directed by Agency Certificate to retain such amounts in the Bond Fund Interest Account or Bond Fund Principal Account, as the case may be).

Bond Redemption Fund

Subject to the provisions of the respective Series of Bonds and to the provisions of the respective Series Resolutions authorizing the issuance thereof, all amounts deposited in the Bond Redemption Fund shall be applied to the purchase or redemption of Bonds, including payment of any redemption premium, on the applicable Redemption Date; provided, however, that in the event the Agency has issued refunding obligations for the purpose of redeeming Bonds of a Series in accordance with the Bond Resolution, upon receipt of an Agency Certificate directing such transfer and confirmation by the Trustee that provisions have been made for wiring proceeds of such refunding obligations to the Trustee, the Trustee, immediately on the date of such confirmation, shall transfer moneys in the Bond Redemption Fund in an amount equal to the amount of refunding proceeds received by the Trustee to the funds or accounts specified in the refunding resolution as specified in the Agency Certificate. The Redemption Price of Bonds subject to redemption by operation of the Bond Redemption Fund in the Bond Fund shall be the price set forth in the applicable Series Resolution. Upon receipt of an Agency Certificate directing the same, the Trustee shall transfer at the time of purchase or no more than 45 calendar days prior to such redemption to the Bond Redemption Fund in the Bond Fund from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or Insurance Reserve Fund the amount stated in such Request, which amount shall be no greater than the amount by which the Debt Service Reserve Requirement or Insurance Reserve Requirement will decrease due to the purchase or redemption of Bonds. Subject to the provisions of the Bond Resolution or of any Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of Bonds, requiring the application thereof to the purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds, the Trustee shall apply any amounts deposited in the Bond Redemption Fund to the purchase or redemption of Bonds at the times and in the manner provided in the Bond Resolution. Amounts on deposit in the Bond Redemption Fund for the payment, purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds in accordance with the provisions of any Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of Refunding Bonds shall be segregated and shall be identified as such on the records of the Trustee.

Any earnings derived from the investment of amounts deposited in the Bond Redemption Fund pursuant to the issuance and delivery of Refunding Bonds, to the extent required to provide amounts sufficient for the payment or redemption of Bonds in accordance with the conditions for issuance of Refunding Bonds set forth in the Resolution, be deposited in the Bond Redemption Fund. All other interest earned or other income derived from the investment or deposit or moneys in each Bond Redemption Fund in the Bond Fund shall be transferred by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the Revenue Fund.

Debt Service Reserve Fund

There shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Fund all amounts required to be deposited therein by the Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution and any other amounts available therefor and determined by the Agency to be deposited therein.

If on any Bond Payment Date the amount in the Bond Fund Interest Account, Bond Fund Principal Account or Bond Redemption Fund, as appropriate, shall be less than the amount required for the payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Fund to the extent required pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

If, concurrently with any allocation from the Revenue Fund pursuant to the Bond Resolution, or, on any date upon which a Series Resolution shall be delivered to the Trustee, the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund shall be in excess of the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, the Trustee shall, if so directed in writing pursuant to an Agency Certificate, (1) transfer the amount of such excess which is Revenues to any one or more of the Acquisition Accounts, the Bond Fund Interest Account, the Bond Fund Principal Account, the Bond Redemption Fund or the Revenue Fund as so directed and (2) transfer the amount of such excess which is sale proceeds, investment proceeds or transferred proceeds of Bonds to any one or more of the Acquisition Accounts or the Bond Redemption Fund.

Subject to any limitation provided in the Act, a Series Resolution may provide that the Debt Service Reserve Requirement may be funded through Cash Equivalents. For purposes of determining whether such Requirement has been met, the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Fund so funded shall be deemed to include any amount payable under such Cash Equivalents on the demand of the Trustee.

Any earnings derived from the investment of amounts deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Fund shall, to the extent the balance therein is less than the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, be retained in the Debt Service Reserve Fund and otherwise shall be transferred by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the Revenue Fund.

In order better to secure the Bonds and to make them more marketable and to maintain in the Debt Service Reserve Fund an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 22, Subdivision 3 of the Act, the Agency shall cause the Chair annually, on or before December 1 of each year, to make and deliver to the Governor of the State the Chair's certificate stating the sum, if any, that is necessary to restore the Debt Service Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Requirement. All money received by the Agency from the State in accordance with the provisions of Section 22, Subdivision 3 of the Act pursuant to any such certification shall be paid to the Trustee for deposit in and credit to the Debt Service Reserve Fund.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the foregoing paragraph, prior to causing the Chair to execute and deliver the certificate specified therein, the Agency shall first transfer to the Debt Service Reserve Fund from the Alternative Loan Fund such amount as may be available therein to reduce or eliminate, if possible, the deficiency in the Debt Service Reserve Fund.

Insurance Reserve Fund

The Insurance Reserve Requirement, if any, received by the Trustee upon the issuance of a Series of Bonds shall be held in the Insurance Reserve Fund and used for the purpose of paying that portion of the claim for loss with respect to any Program Loan in default, made or purchased from an Acquisition Account, which is not paid by any public or private insuring agency. The Agency shall promptly furnish to the Trustee an Agency Certificate stating the amount of the loss, when determinable, and the Trustee shall forthwith transfer this amount to the extent available from the Insurance Reserve Fund to the Revenue Fund.

If on any Bond Payment Date the amount in the Bond Fund Interest Account, Bond Fund Principal Account or Bond Redemption Fund, as appropriate, shall be less than the amount required for the payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the Insurance Reserve Fund to the extent required pursuant to the Bond Resolution.

If, concurrently with any allocation from the Revenue Fund pursuant to the Bond Resolution, or, on any date upon which a Series Resolution shall be delivered to the Trustee, the amount on deposit in the Insurance Reserve Fund shall be in excess of the Insurance Reserve Requirement, the Trustee shall, if so directed in writing pursuant to an Agency Certificate, (1) transfer the amount of such excess which is Revenues to any one or more of the Acquisition Accounts, the Bond Fund Interest Account, the Bond Fund Principal Account, the Bond Redemption Fund or the

Revenue Fund as so directed and (2) transfer the amount of such excess which is sale proceeds, investment proceeds or transferred proceeds of Bonds to any one or more of the Acquisition Accounts or the Bond Redemption Fund.

Subject to any limitation provided in the Act, a Series Resolution may provide that the Insurance Reserve Requirement may be funded through Cash Equivalents. For purposes of determining whether such Requirement has been met, the amount in the Insurance Reserve Fund so funded shall be deemed to include any amount payable under such Cash Equivalents on the demand of the Trustee.

Any earnings derived from the investment of amounts deposited in the Insurance Reserve Fund shall, to the extent the balance therein is less than the Insurance Reserve Requirement, be retained in the Insurance Reserve Fund and otherwise shall be transferred by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the Revenue Fund.

Alternative Loan Fund

The Trustee shall maintain the Alternative Loan Fund created within the Bond Resolution and shall deposit therein any amounts authorized by an Agency Certificate to be withdrawn from the Revenue Fund in accordance with the Resolution and any other amounts provided by the Agency for deposit therein. Amounts on deposit in the Alternative Loan Fund shall be free and clear of any lien or pledge created by the Bond Resolution, and free and clear of any restrictions on the investment of funds set forth in the Bond Resolution. Amounts deposited into the Alternative Loan Fund may be used for any lawful purpose for which the Agency may from time to time use funds on deposit in its General Reserve Account and, pending such use, may be invested in any securities or investments permissible generally for the investment of funds of the Agency as specified by Agency Certificate. By Agency Certificate furnished to the Trustee, the Agency may at any time appropriate any funds and investments on deposit in the Alternative Loan Fund to any Account or Fund created pursuant to the Bond Resolution (in which case such funds and investments shall become subject to the lien and pledge thereof) or may direct that such funds and investments be transferred to the Agency's General Reserve Account or to any other fund or account established pursuant to resolution of the Agency.

The Agency, by Agency Certificate, may request the Trustee to establish one or more subaccounts in the Alternative Loan Fund to be restricted to such uses, and used in accordance with such terms, as are specified in the Agency Certificate.

Any earnings derived from the investment of amounts deposited in the Alternative Loan Fund shall be retained therein unless otherwise directed by Agency Certificate.

Investment of Moneys Held by the Trustee

Moneys held by the Trustee for the credit of any Account or Fund established under the Bond Resolution shall be invested by the Trustee as directed by the Agency to the fullest extent practicable and reasonable in Investment Obligations which shall mature or be redeemable at the option of the Owner prior to the respective dates when the moneys held for the credit of such Fund or Account will be required for the purposes intended. Unless otherwise confirmed in writing, an account statement delivered by the Trustee to the Agency shall be deemed written confirmation by the Agency that investment transactions identified therein accurately reflect the investment directions given to the Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Bond Resolution, unless the Agency notifies the Trustee in writing to the contrary within 45 days of the date of such settlement.

The Investment Obligations purchased shall be held by the Trustee and shall be deemed at all times to be part of such Fund or Account or combination thereof, and the Trustee shall inform the Agency of the detail of all such investments. The Trustee shall sell at the best price obtainable, or present for redemption, any Investment Obligations purchased by it as an investment whenever it shall be necessary to provide moneys to meet any payment from a Fund or Account. The Trustee shall not be liable for any depreciation of the value of any investment on the redemption, sale and maturity thereof, and in the absence of any direction from the Agency, the Trustee shall not be required to invest such funds.

The Trustee may purchase from or sell to itself or an affiliate, as principal or agent, any Investment Obligations. The Trustee shall advise the Agency in writing monthly, unless otherwise directed by Agency Certificate,

of all investments held for the credit of each Fund and Account in its custody under the provisions of the Bond Resolution as of the end of the preceding month.

In computing the amount in any Fund or Account, Investment Obligations shall be valued at par or, if purchased at a price other than par, at their Amortized Value, in either event exclusive of accrued interest purchased.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Bond Resolution or in a Series Resolution, the income or interest earned, or gain, shall be transferred by the Trustee upon receipt thereof to the appropriate Revenue Account.

The Trustee shall not be liable or responsible for the making of any investment authorized by the Bond Resolution in the manner provided in the Bond Resolution or for any loss resulting from any such investment so made, except for its own negligence.

Program Loans; Modification of Terms

The Agency may consent to the modification of the security for, or any terms or provisions of, one or more Program Loans but only if (1) the Agency reasonably determines that the modification will not be materially adverse to the security or other interests of Owners of Outstanding Bonds, and (2) the modification does not impair any contract of insurance or guaranty of the Program Loan.

Any such modifications shall be reflected in the next Cash Flow Certificate which the Agency is required to prepare and provide to the Trustee pursuant to the provisions of the Bond Resolution; provided, however, that if the cumulative effect of such modifications not reflected in a Cash Flow Certificate previously delivered to the Trustee would reduce estimated Revenues from the Program Loans so modified by more than \$500,000 in the current or any future Fiscal Year, then the Agency may not consent to such modifications until it has delivered a Cash Flow Certificate to the Trustee reflecting such modifications.

Sale of Program Obligations

The Agency may at any time sell, assign or otherwise dispose of a Program Obligation (or the premises to which such Program Obligation is related):

- (i) in the event that payment under such Program Loan is delinquent more than 90 calendar days or, at any time, in order to realize the benefits of insurance with respect to such Program Obligation or property;
- (ii) in order to obtain funds to provide for the redemption (whether optional or special, to the extent permitted by the terms of any applicable Series Resolution) or purchase of an amount of Bonds having a value corresponding to the value of such Program Obligation as reasonably estimated by the Agency; or
- (iii) in the event that a Certificate of the Agency shall be filed with the Trustee, and each Rating Agency, which gives effect to the proposed sale thereof and states that such sale, assignment, transfer or other disposition would not have a material adverse effect on the ability of the Agency to pay the Debt Service on the Outstanding Bonds when and as due and payable and reasonable and necessary Program Expenses.

Cash Flow Certificates

The Agency is required to file a Cash Flow Certificate (i) at least once within any 12-month period and (ii) at such other times as may be required pursuant to the provisions of the Bond Resolution or of any Series Resolution authorizing the issuance of Bonds of a Series then Outstanding.

Creation of Liens

The Agency shall not issue any bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, other than the Bonds, secured by a pledge of Revenues or of the moneys, securities, rights and interests pledged or held or set aside by the Agency or by any Fiduciary under the Bond Resolution and shall not create or cause to be created any lien or charge on any pledged Revenues or such moneys, securities, rights or interests: provided, however, that nothing in the Bond Resolution shall prevent the Agency from issuing (i) evidences of indebtedness secured by a pledge of Revenues to

be derived after any pledge of Revenues provided in the Bond Resolution shall be discharged and satisfied as provided in the Bond Resolution, or (ii) notes or bonds of the Agency not secured under the Bond Resolution; and provided, further, that, to secure its obligation to make Agency Swap Payments to a Swap Counterparty pursuant to a Swap Agreement, the Agency may grant to the Swap Counterparty a subordinate and junior pledge and security interest (subordinate and junior to the pledge and security interest granted to the Bondowners) in all or any of the collateral pledged to the payment of the Bonds under the Bond Resolution.

Defeasance of Bonds

Bonds or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee or any one or more of the alternate Paying Agents (through deposit by the Agency of moneys for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or Redemption Date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the Bond Resolution. All Outstanding Bonds of any Series shall be deemed prior to the maturity or Redemption Date thereof to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the Bond Resolution if (i) in case any of said Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the Agency shall have given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to mail notice of redemption of such Bonds on said date; (ii) there shall have been deposited with the Trustee either moneys in an amount sufficient, or Government Obligations the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide moneys in an amount that, together with the moneys, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be. Neither Government Obligations nor moneys deposited with the Trustee pursuant to this section nor principal or interest payments on any such Government Obligations shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest on said Bonds.

Events of Default

Each of the following events shall constitute an event of default under the Bond Resolution: (1) the Agency shall fail to pay any Principal Installment or the Redemption Price of any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at maturity or by call for redemption or otherwise, or shall fail to pay the purchase price of any Bond tendered or deemed tendered for purchase on the date established therefor; or (2) the Agency shall fail to pay any installment of interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable; or (3) the Agency shall fail to perform or observe any other covenant, agreement or condition on its part contained in the Bond Resolution or in the Bonds, and such failure shall continue for a period of 60 days after written notice thereof to the Agency by the Trustee or to the Agency and to the Trustee by the Bondowners of not less than a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding; or (4) the Agency shall file a petition seeking a composition of indebtedness under the Federal bankruptcy laws, or under any other applicable law or statute of the United States of America or of the State; or (5) the State limits or alters the rights of the Agency pursuant to the Act, as in force on the date of adoption of the Bond Resolution, to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the Owners of the Bonds or in any way impaired the rights and remedies of Owners of Bonds while any Bonds are Outstanding.

Acceleration; Annulment of Acceleration

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Trustee may and, upon the written request of the Bondowners of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of Bonds Outstanding shall, give 30 days' notice in writing to the Agency of its intention to declare all Bonds Outstanding immediately due and payable; provided, however, that the Trustee may not make any such declaration with respect to an Event of Default under item (3) above unless (1) the Trustee has received a written request to do so from 100% of the Owners of all Outstanding Bonds or (2) there are sufficient moneys available in the Funds and Accounts to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds upon such declaration. At the end of such 30-day period the Trustee may, and upon such written request of Bondowners of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of Bonds Outstanding shall, by notice in writing to the Agency, declare all Bonds Outstanding immediately due and payable and such Bonds shall become and be immediately due and payable, anything in the Bonds or in the Bond Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding. In such event, there shall be due and payable on the Bonds an amount equal to the total principal amount of all such Bonds, plus all interest accrued thereon and which will accrue thereon to the date of payment.

At any time after the principal of the Bonds shall have been so declared to be due and payable and before the entry of final judgment or decree in any suit, action or proceeding instituted on account of such default, or before the completion of the enforcement of any other remedy under the Bond Resolution, the Trustee may annul such declaration and its consequences with respect to any Bonds not then due by their terms if (1) moneys shall have been deposited in the Bond Fund sufficient to pay all matured installments of interest and principal or Redemption Price or purchase price (other than principal then due only because of such declaration) of all Outstanding Bonds; (2) moneys shall have been deposited with the Trustee sufficient to pay the charges, compensation, expenses, disbursements, advances and liabilities of the Trustee and any Paying Agents; (3) all other amounts then payable by the Agency under the Bond Resolution shall have been paid or a sum sufficient to pay the same shall have been deposited with the Trustee; and (4) every Event of Default known to the Trustee (other than a default in the payment of the principal of such Bonds then due only because of such declaration) shall have been remedied to the satisfaction of the Trustee. No such annulment shall extend to or affect any subsequent Default or impair any right consequent thereon.

If the Agency shall fail to pay any Principal Installment, the Redemption Price, the purchase price or any installment of interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable, the Trustee shall, within 30 days, give written notice thereof by first class mail to the Bondowners, shown by the registry of Bondowners required to be maintained at the office of the Trustee.

Additional Remedies and Enforcement of Remedies

Upon the occurrence and continuance of any Event of Default, the Trustee may, and upon the written request of the Bondowners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding, together with indemnification of the Trustee to its satisfaction therefor, shall, proceed forthwith to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Bondowners under the Act, the Bonds and the Bond Resolution by such suits, actions or proceedings as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem expedient, including but not limited to: (1) suit upon all or any part of the Bonds; (2) suit to require the Agency to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the Bondowners; (3) suit to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the Bondowners; (4) enforcement of any other right of the Bondowners conferred by law or by the Bond Resolution; and (5) in the event that all Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling Program Obligations.

Regardless of the happening of an Event of Default, the Trustee, if requested in writing by the Bondowners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding, shall, upon being indemnified to its satisfaction therefor, institute and maintain such suits and proceedings as it may be advised shall be necessary or expedient (i) to prevent any impairment of the security under the Bond Resolution by any acts which may be unlawful or in violation of the Bond Resolution, or (ii) to preserve or protect the interests of the Bondowners, provided that such request is in accordance with law and the provisions of the Bond Resolution.

Amendments

Amendments of the Resolutions may be made by a Supplemental Resolution.

Supplemental Resolutions may become effective upon filing with the Trustee if they add limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the Bond Resolution or Series Resolution, add covenants and agreements of the Agency in the Bond Resolution or Series Resolution that are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Bond Resolution or the applicable Series Resolution in effect at the time, add limitations and restrictions to be observed by the Agency, surrender any right, power or privilege reserved to or conferred upon the Agency or are reasonably necessary to preserve the tax exemption of Outstanding Bonds or permit the issuance of additional tax exempt Bonds.

Supplemental Resolutions become effective upon consent of the Trustee for the following purposes:

- (1) To cure any ambiguity, supply any omission, or cure or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution;
- (2) To insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under the Bond Resolution or any Series Resolution as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Bond Resolution or the applicable Series Resolution theretofore in effect;

- (3) To waive any right reserved to the Agency, provided that the loss of such right shall not adversely impair any Revenues available to pay the Outstanding Bonds of any Series; and
- (4) To make any other change as shall not be, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially adverse to the security or other interests of the Bondowners. With respect to the foregoing, the Trustee may rely upon the opinion of the Rating Agency with respect to whether the Rating of the Bonds has been adversely affected as conclusively establishing whether the change is materially adverse to the security or other interests of the Bondowners.

Other Supplemental Resolutions may become effective only with consent (i) of the Bondowners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given and (ii) in case less than all of the several Series of Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the Bondowners of at least a majority in principal amount of the Bonds of each Series so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given.

However, no such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bonds or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price or purchase price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon (except as otherwise provided in a Series Resolution) without the consent of the Bondowners of all such Bonds, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the Bondowners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of any Fiduciary without its written assent thereto.

Any amendment may be made with unanimous consent of the Bondowners, except that no amendment shall change any of the rights or obligations of any fiduciary without the consent of the Fiduciary.

APPENDIX D

MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMS AND STATE LAWS AFFECTING FORECLOSURES

The following description of certain mortgage insurance programs is only a brief outline and does not purport to summarize or describe all of the provisions of these programs. For a more complete description of the terms of these programs, reference is made to the provisions of the insurance and guaranty contracts embodied in regulations of the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA"), Rural Development ("RD") and the Veterans Administration ("VA"), respectively, and of the regulations, master insurance contracts and other information of the various private mortgage insurers. Program Loans purchased by the Agency are not limited by the Resolutions to the foregoing programs and it is possible that insurance benefits under other federal or private programs in which the Agency may participate could be more or less favorable.

While all Program Loans are subject to the applicable mortgage insurance programs, Program Loans that back Program Securities are further guaranteed by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac as further described in Appendix I to this Official Statement.

Federal Housing Administration Single-Family Mortgage Insurance Programs

The National Housing Act of 1934, as amended, authorizes various FHA mortgage insurance programs, which differ in some respects depending primarily upon whether the mortgaged premises contain five or more dwelling units or less than five units.

The regulations governing all of the FHA programs under which the mortgage loans may be insured provide that insurance benefits are payable upon foreclosure (or other acquisition of possession) and conveyance of the mortgaged premises to the Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD").

Under some of the FHA insurance programs, insurance claims are paid by HUD in cash, unless the mortgage holder specifically requests payment in debentures issued by HUD. Under others, HUD has the option, at its discretion, to pay insurance claims in cash or in those debentures. The current HUD policy, subject to change at any time, is to make insurance payments on single family mortgage loans in cash, with respect to all programs covering those units as to which it has discretion to determine the form of insurance payment.

HUD debentures issued in satisfaction of FHA insurance claims bear interest at the HUD debenture interest rate in effect under HUD regulations on the date of the mortgage insurance commitment or of the initial insurance endorsement of the mortgage, whichever rate is higher. The HUD debenture interest rates applicable to the FHA insured mortgages that the Agency has acquired or committed to acquire are in most cases lower than the interest rates of those mortgages.

When entitlement to insurance benefits results from foreclosure (or other acquisition of possession) and conveyance, the insurance payment is computed as of the date of institution of foreclosure proceedings or acquisition of the property. The mortgage holder generally is not compensated for mortgage interest accrued and unpaid prior to that date. Under those circumstances, the amount of insurance benefits generally paid by FHA is equal to the unpaid principal amount of the mortgage loan, adjusted to reimburse the mortgage for certain tax, insurance and similar payments made by it and to deduct certain amounts received or retained by the mortgagee after default, plus reimbursement not to exceed 2/3 of the mortgagee's foreclosure costs. The regulations under all insurance programs described above provide that the insurance payment itself bears interest from the date of default, to the date of payment of the claim at the same interest rate as the applicable HUD debenture interest rate determined in the manner set forth above.

When any property to be conveyed to HUD has been damaged by fire, earthquake, flood or tornado, or, if the property has suffered damage because of failure of the mortgage holder to take action to inspect and preserve the property, it is generally required, as a condition to payment of an insurance claim, that the property be repaired by the

mortgage holder prior to the conveyance or assignment. For mortgages insured on or after April 19, 1992, if the property has been damaged during the mortgage holder's possession by events other than fire, flood, earthquake or tornado notwithstanding reasonable action by the mortgage holder, HUD may require the mortgage holder to repair the property prior to conveyance to HUD as a condition to payment of an insurance claim.

Veterans Administration Guaranty Program

The Serviceman's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, permits a veteran (or, in certain instances, his or her spouse) to obtain a mortgage loan guaranteed by the VA covering mortgage financing of the purchase of a one to four family dwelling unit at interest rates agreed upon by the purchaser and the mortgagee, as the VA may elect. The program has no mortgage loan limits (other than that the amount may not exceed the property's reasonable value as determined by the VA), requires no down payment from the purchaser and permits the guaranty of mortgage loans with terms of up to 30 years. The guaranty provisions for mortgage loans are as follows: (a) for home and condominium loans of \$45,000 or less, 50 percent of the loan is guaranteed (for loans with an original principal balance of \$45,000 and not more than \$56,250, the guaranty will not exceed \$22,500); (b) for home and condominium loans of more than \$56,250 but less than or equal to \$144,000, 40 percent of the loan is guaranteed subject to a maximum guaranty of \$36,000; (c) for home and condominium loans of more than \$144,000, 25 percent of the principal amount of the loan is guaranteed subject to a maximum guarantee amount hereinafter described; and (d) for loans for manufactured homes, 40 percent of the loan is guaranteed (with a maximum guaranty of \$20,000). The maximum guaranty amount for loans greater than \$144,000 is generally 25 percent of the Freddie Mac conforming loan limit (currently \$417,000); however, pursuant to the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 and the Veterans Benefits Improvement Act of 2008, the maximum guaranty amount for loans originated in 2009 through 2011 is 25 percent of the greater of (i) the Freddie Mac conforming loan limit or (ii) 125 percent of the area median price for a single family residence in the county in which the property securing the loan is located. The liability on the guaranty is reduced or increased pro rata with any reduction or increase in the amount of the indebtedness, but in no event will the amount payable on the guaranty exceed the amount of the original guaranty. Notwithstanding the dollar and percentage limitations of the guaranty, a mortgage holder will ordinarily suffer a monetary loss only where the difference between the unsatisfied indebtedness and the proceeds of a foreclosure sale of mortgaged premises is greater than the original guaranty as adjusted. The VA may, at its option and without regard to the guaranty, make full payment to a mortgage holder of unsatisfied indebtedness on a mortgage upon its assignment to the VA.

Rural Development (RD) Insured Program

Loans insured by RD may be made to purchase new or existing homes in designated rural areas. Eligible rural areas have a population not in excess of 10,000 persons or if located outside a Metropolitan Statistical Area, not in excess of 25,000. Loans may be made up to 100 percent of the market value of the property or 100 percent of the acquisition cost, whichever is less. The maximum loan amount is the applicable FHA maximum loan amount. The interest rate of these 30 year mortgages may not exceed the higher of the current VA rate or the Fannie Mae required net yield for 90 day commitments on a 30 year fixed rate mortgage with actual/actual remittance plus 60 basis points. RD covers all losses on foreclosed loans up to 35 percent of the original principal. Any loss in excess of this amount carries an 85 percent guarantee. It is the present administrative policy of the Agency to tender a claim to RD by the earlier of (a) six months after the date of acquisition of the property through foreclosure or (b) 30 days after the sale of the property. The Agency retains title to the property and may apply the insurance proceeds and any sale proceeds to the outstanding debt.

Private Mortgage Insurance Programs

Under outstanding Series Resolutions, all Program Loans insured by a private mortgage insurance company are to be in any amount not exceeding the Market Value of the Home, provided that the Agency is issued a mortgage insurance policy under which the minimum insured percentage of any claim filed is at least equal to that percentage of the Market Value or sale price of the Home, whichever is less, by which the original principal amount of the mortgage exceeds 80 percent of that Market Value. Each private mortgage insurer insuring those Program Loans must be a company (a) that is licensed to do business in Minnesota; (b) that has ratings not less than "A2" from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and "AA" from S&P Global Ratings, Inc., or that is approved to insure mortgages purchased by Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, or any other agency or instrumentality of the United States to which the powers of either of them have been transferred or which has similar powers to purchase Program Loans; and (c) that, by insuring Program Loans financed by the Agency, does not cause the Rating on the Bonds to be adversely affected. Both Fannie

Mae and Freddie Mac require approval of private mortgage insurance companies before mortgages insured by those companies are eligible for purchase by them.

Among the considerations taken into account by Fannie Mae in determining whether to approve a private mortgage insurer currently are the following: (a) experienced mortgage insurers are expected to have policyholders' surplus of not less than \$5 million; (b) it is preferred that an insurer's principal insurance activity relate to loss resulting from nonpayment of mortgages and deeds of trust on residential structures, with total liability not in excess of 25 times its policyholders' surplus; (c) a private mortgage insurer must demonstrate that it possesses the technical expertise necessary to properly evaluate property and credit; and (d) an insurer must expressly consent to and comply with Fannie Mae's requirements for audit and reports concerning changes in personnel, financial structure, qualifications, and rates.

Freddie Mac eligibility requirements for approving private mortgage insurers presently provide that (a) not more than 10 percent of an insurer's mortgage insurance risk may be represented by mortgage insurance covering property other than real property improved by a building or buildings designed for occupancy by one to four families; (b) an insurer shall not insure mortgages secured by properties in a single housing tract or contiguous tracts where the insurance risk applicable thereto is in excess of 10 percent of its policyholders' surplus (net of reinsurance); (c) no insurer shall have more than 20 percent of its total insurance in force in any one Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area nor may any combination of insurance in force in any one state exceed 60 percent of its total insurance in force; and (d) an insurer shall limit its insurance risk with respect to each insured to the maximum permitted under state law.

Freddie Mac also requires the private mortgage insurer to meet the following financial requirements: (a) policyholders' surplus must be maintained at not less than \$5 million; (b) an insurer shall maintain an unearned premium reserve computed on a monthly pro rata basis; if a greater unearned premium reserve is required by the state where the insurer is licensed, then that greater requirement shall be met; (c) an insurer shall establish and maintain a contingency reserve in an amount equal to 50 percent of earned premiums; (d) an insurer shall maintain a loss reserve for claims incurred but not reported, including estimated losses on insured mortgages that have resulted in the conveyance of property that remains unsold, mortgages in the process of foreclosure or mortgages in default for four or more months; (e) an insurer shall maintain no less than 85 percent of its total admitted assets in the form of marketable securities or other highly liquid investments that qualify as insurance company investments under the laws and regulations of the state of its domicile and the standards of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners; and (f) an insurer shall not at any time have total insurance risk outstanding in excess of 25 times its policyholders' surplus. Approved private mortgage insurers must file quarterly and annual reports with the Freddie Mac.

It has been the administrative policy of the Agency to require that any private mortgage insurance policy with respect to a Program Loan to be purchased with the proceeds of Bonds contain provisions substantially as follows: (a) the private mortgage insurer must pay a claim, including unpaid principal, accrued interest and certain expenses, within sixty days of presentation of the claim by the mortgage lender; (b) for a mortgage lender to present a claim, the mortgage lender must have acquired, and tendered to the insurer, title to the property, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, including any right of redemption by the mortgagor; (c) when a claim is presented, the insurer will have the option of paying the claim in full, taking title to the property and arranging for its sale, or of paying the insured percentage of the claim (the Agency's exposure is to be limited to 70 percent or 75 percent, depending on the initial loan-to-value ratio of the mortgage loan) and allowing the insured lender to retain title to the property.

The private mortgage insurance companies providing mortgage insurance on outstanding Program Loans under the Bond Resolution are identified in Appendix G to this Official Statement. There is no assurance that any private mortgage insurance company will be able or willing to honor its obligations under the mortgage insurance policy as provided therein. In particular, certain private mortgage insurance companies have recently experienced substantial financial difficulties and ratings downgrades, and some are in receivership and are paying claims at the rate of 50 cents on the dollar. No representation is made as to the creditworthiness of any private mortgage insurance company.

State Laws Affecting Foreclosures

Mortgage foreclosures in Minnesota are governed by statute and permit two alternative methods, "by action" or "by advertisement." The latter is normally utilized since it is slightly faster, less expensive, and does not have the same tendency to invite contest as does foreclosure by action. The process is normally initiated by the publication,

recordation and service of a notice of foreclosure. This notice must include all relevant information on the mortgage loan and the secured premises as well as a statement of the time and place of sale and the time allowed by law for redemption by the mortgagor. This notice must then be published in a legal newspaper each week for six consecutive weeks. Service of the notice on the mortgagor and any other affected party must be completed at least four weeks prior to the designated date of the foreclosure sale. Compliance with the above publication and service of notice requirements within the prescribed time limitations is essential to the validity of the mortgage foreclosure sale.

Prior to the foreclosure sale, the mortgagor has the right to reinstate the mortgage and prevent foreclosure by curing all defaults on a current basis and by paying attorneys' fees and out-of-pocket disbursements to the extent permitted by statute. If the mortgage is not reinstated, the foreclosure sale is held in the sheriff's office in the county in which the real estate being foreclosed is located. Although anyone can bid at a foreclosure sale, the normal result of the foreclosure sale is that the lien holder bids in the debt without competing bidders (and under the Bond Resolution, the Agency is required to do so), and purchases the mortgaged property from the defaulting borrower through the sheriff, subject to the rights of the borrower and subsequent creditors to redeem.

The holding of the foreclosure sale starts the period of redemption. The period of redemption will normally be six months but can be as long as twelve months. During the period of redemption the mortgagor normally retains the right to remain in possession of the mortgaged property without making mortgage payments or paying real estate taxes. During the period of redemption, the mortgagor has the right to pay off the entire indebtedness, including full principal, accrued interest, any amounts reasonably paid by the mortgagee to preserve the security, and attorneys' fees and disbursements to the extent allowed by statute.

After the period of redemption expires, the mortgagee is entitled to possession of the premises, but may have to bring an unlawful detainer proceeding to enforce its possessory rights, and a proceeding subsequent in the case of Torrens property to perfect its title to the mortgaged property.

It is not unusual, therefore, for a mortgagee to be delayed 10 months or more from the date of initiation of the mortgage foreclosure proceeding until it realizes its possessory rights.

APPENDIX E

BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM

General

The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), is to act as securities depository for each Series of the Series Bonds. The ownership of one fully registered Series Bond of each Series for each maturity in the aggregate principal amount of that maturity, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., DTC's partnership nominee. So long as Cede & Co. or another nominee designated by DTC is the registered owner of the Series Bonds of a Series, references herein to the Bondowners, Owners or registered owners of those Series Bonds means Cede & Co. or any other nominee and not the Beneficial Owners(as hereinafter defined) of those Series Bonds.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtc.com and www.dtc.org.

Purchases of beneficial ownership interests in the Series Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Series Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Beneficial Owner (as defined in Appendix B) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Series Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Series Bonds, except in the event that use of the Book-Entry System for the Series Bonds of the Series is discontinued as described below.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Series Bonds deposited by Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or any other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Series Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or that other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Series Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts those Series Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. For every transfer and exchange of beneficial ownership in the Series Bonds, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices will be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Series Bonds of a Series and maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Series Bonds of the Series and maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to any Series Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the bond issuer as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Series Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payment of the principal, redemption price and purchase price of, and interest on, the Series Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or any other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the bond issuer or trustee on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of that Participant and not of DTC, the Trustee or the Agency, subject to any statutory and regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, redemption price, purchase price and interest to Cede & Co. (or any other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC), is the responsibility of the Trustee, disbursement of those payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of those payments to the Beneficial Owners shall be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

Under the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions, payments made by or on behalf of the Agency to DTC or its nominee shall satisfy the Agency's obligations to the extent of the payments so made.

A Beneficial Owner must give notice to elect to have its Series Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Tender Agent and the Remarketing Agent, and must effect delivery of such Series Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Series Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Tender Agent. The requirement for physical delivery of Series Bonds in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Series Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Series Bonds to the Tender Agent's DTC account.

The above information contained in this section "Book-Entry-Only System" is based solely on information provided by DTC. No representation is made by the Agency or the Underwriters as to the completeness or the accuracy of that information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in that information subsequent to the date hereof.

The Agency, the Underwriters and the Trustee cannot and do not give any assurances that DTC, the Direct Participants or the Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners of the Series Bonds (i) payments of principal of or interest and premium, if any, on the Series Bonds, (ii) certificates representing an ownership interest or other confirmation of beneficial ownership interest in Series Bonds, or (iii) redemption or other notices sent to DTC or Cede & Co., its nominee, as the registered owner of the Series Bonds, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or that DTC, Direct Participants or Indirect Participants will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current "Rules" applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities Exchange Commission, and the current "Procedures" of DTC to be followed in dealing with Direct Participants are on file with DTC.

Neither the Agency, the Underwriters nor the Trustee will have any responsibility or obligation to any Direct Participant, Indirect Participant or any Beneficial Owner or any other person with respect to: (1) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant; (2) the payment by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal, redemption price or purchase price of, or interest on, the Series Bonds; (3) the delivery by DTC or any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant of any notice to any Beneficial Owner that is required or permitted under the terms of the Resolutions to be given to Owners of Series Bonds; (4) the selection of the Beneficial Owners to receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of Series Bonds; or (5) any consent given or other action taken by DTC as a Bondowner.

Discontinuation of Book-Entry System

DTC may discontinue its book-entry services with respect to all or any Series of the Series Bonds at any time by giving notice to the Agency and discharging its responsibilities with respect thereto under applicable law. Under those circumstances, that Series of the Series Bonds are required to be delivered as described in the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions. The Beneficial Owner, upon registration of those Series Bonds held in the Beneficial Owner's name, shall become the Bondowner.

The Agency may determine to discontinue the system of book entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository) for all or any Series of the Series Bonds. In that event, the Series Bonds of that Series are to be delivered as described in the 2021/2022 Series Resolutions.

APPENDIX F FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

[to be dated the date of issuance of the Series Bonds]

, 2021

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency St. Paul, Minnesota 55102

Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Residential Housing Finance Bonds 2021 Series G 2021 Series H 2021 Series I (Taxable)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The 2021 Series Bonds are dated, mature on the dates, bear interest at the rates and are payable as provided in the Series Resolution referenced below. The 2021 Series Bonds are subject to optional, mandatory and special redemption prior to maturity, including special redemption at par, all as provided in the Series Resolutions referenced below.

As bond counsel, we have examined certificates as to facts, estimates and circumstances and certified copies of resolutions and proceedings of the Agency and other documents we considered necessary as the basis for this opinion, including the Agency's Amended and Restated Bond Resolution adopted August 24, 1995, as amended and supplemented (the "Bond Resolution"), and Series Resolutions adopted April 22, 2021 and November 18, 2021 (the "Series Resolutions"). As to questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied upon the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Applicable federal tax law, including certain provisions of Sections 143 and 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), establishes certain requirements which must be met subsequent to the delivery of the 2021 Series G Bonds and the 2021 Series H Bonds (together, the "2021 Series Tax-Exempt Bonds") in order that interest on the 2021 Series Tax-Exempt Bonds may be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The Agency has covenanted in the Bond Resolution and Series Resolutions to comply with the requirements of applicable federal tax law and for such purpose to adopt and maintain appropriate procedures. In rendering this opinion, we have assumed compliance by the Agency with and enforcement by the Agency of the provisions of the Bond Resolution and Series Resolutions.

From such examination it is our opinion that, under state and federal laws, regulations, rulings and decisions in effect on the date hereof: (1) the Agency is a public body corporate and politic, having no taxing power, duly organized and existing under Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 462A, as amended; (2) the Bond Resolution and Series Resolutions have been duly and validly adopted by the Agency and are valid and binding upon it in accordance with their terms, and create the valid pledge and security interest they purport to create with respect to the Program Obligations, Investment Obligations, Revenues, moneys and other assets held and to be set aside under the Bond Resolution and Series Resolution; (3) the 2021 Series Bonds are duly and lawfully authorized to be issued and are

valid and binding general obligations of the Agency in accordance with their terms, entitled to the benefits granted by and secured by the covenants contained in the Bond Resolution and Series Resolutions, and are further secured by the pledge of the full faith and credit of the Agency, and are payable out of any of its moneys, assets or revenues, subject to the provisions of other resolutions or indentures now or hereafter pledging and appropriating particular moneys, assets, or revenues to other bonds or notes, or state laws appropriating particular funds for a specified purpose, but the State of Minnesota is not liable thereon and the 2021 Series Bonds are not a debt of the State; (4) in the Bond Resolution the Agency has created a Debt Service Reserve Fund for the security of the 2021 Series Bonds and other bonds issued or to be issued under the Bond Resolution, to be maintained in an amount specified therein, and has agreed to certify annually to the Governor the sum, if any, necessary to restore the Fund to this amount for inclusion in the next budget submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature is legally authorized, but is not legally obligated, to appropriate such amount to the Fund; (5) the interest payable on the 2021 Series Tax-Exempt Bonds is not includable in gross income of owners thereof for federal income tax purposes or in taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for State of Minnesota income tax purposes, but such interest is includable in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax, (6) interest payable on the 2021 Series I Bonds is includable in gross income of owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, in taxable net income of individuals, trusts and estates for state of Minnesota income tax purposes and in the income of corporations and financial institutions for purposes of the Minnesota franchise tax; and (7) the 2021 Series I Bonds will not be treated as a taxable mortgage pool within the meaning of Section 7701(i) of the Code

Interest on the 2021 Series G Bonds will be treated as an item of tax preference in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code. Interest on the 2021 Series H Bonds will not be treated as an item of tax preference in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed under the Code. Interest on the 2021 Series H Bonds will not be treated as an item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the Minnesota alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals, trusts and estates. We express no opinion regarding other federal, state or local tax consequences arising from the ownership or disposition of the 2021 Series Bonds. All owners of 2021 Series Bonds (including, but not limited to, insurance companies, financial institutions, Subchapter S corporations, United States branches of foreign corporations and recipients of social security and railroad retirement benefits) should consult their tax advisors concerning other possible indirect tax consequences of owning and disposing of the 2021 Series Bonds.

The opinions expressed above are qualified only to the extent that the enforceability of the 2021 Series Bonds and the Bond Resolution and Series Resolutions is subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights heretofore or hereafter enacted to the extent constitutionally applicable and that their enforcement may also be subject to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases.

Respectfully yours,

APPENDIX G

CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO THE RHFB WHOLE LOAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO

Mortgage Insurance for RHFB Whole Loan Mortgage Portfolio as of September 30, 2021

RHFB Whole Loan Mortgage Portfolio

Delinquency and Foreclosure Statistics as of September 30, 2021

APPENDIX H

CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO LIQUIDITY FACILITIES FOR BONDS OUTSTANDING

as of September 30, 2021

(unaudited)

<u>Liquidity Provider</u>	Related Bond Series	Bonds Outstanding	Expiration Date
Royal Bank of Canada	2015 Series D	18,225,000	8/11/2022
	2015 Series G	33,500,000	1/2/2023
	2017 Series F	40,000,000	1/2/2023
	2019 Series D	44,020,000	7/1/2024
		\$135,745,000	
Federal Home Loan Bank			
of Des Moines	2016 Series F	\$ 46,650,000	1/2/2024
	2017 Series C	40,000,000	7/19/2024
		\$ 86,650,000	
U.S. Bank National			
Association	2019 Series H	\$ 43,985,000	9/10/2024

APPENDIX I

CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO GNMA, FANNIE MAE, FREDDIE MAC AND CERTAIN PROGRAM SECURITIES AND THE MASTER SERVICER

GOVERNMENT NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

This summary does not purport to be comprehensive and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide and to the documents referred to herein for full and complete statements of their provisions. Additional information is available at www.ginniemae.gov.

In response to current financial market and real estate market disruptions due to COVID-19 and the Pandemic, certain federal insurance and guaranty programs for mortgage loans have been changed. See "The Agency—COVID-19 Economic Disruption" herein for a discussion of certain of those related program changes.

The Government National Mortgage Association is a wholly owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Housing and Urban Development with its principal office in Washington, D.C. The documents and websites referred to above are not a part of this Official Statement, and neither the Agency nor any of the Underwriters takes any responsibility for information contained in any of these documents or websites.

Each GNMA Security is to be issued under either the GNMA I Program or the GNMA II Program. Although there are a number of differences between GNMA I Securities and GNMA II-Custom Pool Securities, those differences do not adversely affect the availability of Revenues with which to pay principal of and interest on Outstanding Bonds. Each GNMA Security is to be backed by a pool of mortgage loans in a minimum aggregate amount of \$25,000 and multiples of \$1 in excess of \$25,000. The Master Servicer is required to pay to the Trustee (in the case of a GNMA I Security) or to the Central Paying and Transfer Agent (in the case of a GNMA II-Custom Pool Security), and the Central Paying and Transfer Agent is required to pay to the Trustee, as the owner of the GNMA Security, the regular monthly installments of principal and interest on the mortgage loans backing the GNMA Security (less the Master Servicer's servicing fee, which includes the GNMA guaranty fee), whether or not the Master Servicer receives those installments, plus any mortgage prepayments received by the Master Servicer in the previous month. The Government National Mortgage Association guarantees the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the GNMA Security.

In order to issue GNMA Securities, the Master Servicer must first apply to and receive from the Government National Mortgage Association a commitment to guarantee securities. Such a commitment authorizes the Master Servicer to issue GNMA Securities up to a stated amount during a one-year period following the date of the commitment. The Master Servicer is required to pay the application fee to the Government National Mortgage Association for the commitments. The amount of commitments to guarantee GNMA Securities that the Government National Mortgage Association can approve in any federal fiscal year is limited by statute and administrative procedures. The total annual amount of available commitments is established in appropriation acts and related administrative procedures.

The issuance of each GNMA Security by the Master Servicer is subject to the following conditions, among others: (i) the purchase by the Master Servicer of mortgage loans in a minimum aggregate principal amount at least equal to the minimum size permitted by the Government National Mortgage Association for each GNMA Security (the origination being subject, among other conditions, to the availability of FHA mortgage insurance and VA guarantees), (ii) the submission by the Master Servicer to the Government National Mortgage Association of certain documents required by the Government National Mortgage Association in form and substance satisfactory to the Government National Mortgage Association, (iii) the Master Servicer's continued compliance, on the date of issuance

of the GNMA Security, with all of the Government National Mortgage Association's eligibility requirements, specifically including, but not limited to, certain net worth requirements, (iv) the Master Servicer's continued approval by the Government National Mortgage Association to issue GNMA Securities, and (v) the Master Servicer's continued ability to issue, execute and deliver the GNMA Security, as that ability may be affected by the Master Servicer's bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization. In addition, the issuance of a GNMA Security by the Master Servicer is subject to the condition that the Government National Mortgage Association must have entered into a guaranty agreement with the Master Servicer. The conditions to the Government National Mortgage Association entering into such an agreement may change from time to time, and there can be no assurance that the Master Servicer will be able to satisfy all the requirements in effect at the time a GNMA Security is to be issued. Moreover, there can be no assurance that all of the above conditions will be satisfied at the time a GNMA Security is to be issued by the Master Servicer for purchase by the Trustee.

GNMA Security

The Government National Mortgage Association is authorized by Section 306(g) of Title III of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended (the "Housing Act") to guarantee the timely payment of the principal of, and interest on, securities that are based on and backed by a pool composed of, among other things, mortgage loans insured by FHA under the Housing Act or guaranteed by the VA under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended. Section 306(g) further provides that "[T]he full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts which may be required to be paid under any guaranty under this subsection." An opinion dated December 9, 1969, of an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, states that guarantees under Section 306(g) of mortgage-backed securities of the type to be delivered to the Trustee by the Lenders are authorized to be made by the Government National Mortgage Association and "would constitute general obligations of the United States backed by its full faith and credit."

Government National Mortgage Association Borrowing Authority

In order to meet its obligations under the guaranty, the Government National Mortgage Association, in its corporate capacity under Section 306(d) of Title III of the Housing Act, may issue its general obligations to the United States Treasury (the "Treasury") in an amount outstanding at any one time sufficient to enable the Government National Mortgage Association, with no limitations as to amount, to perform its obligations under its guaranty of the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the GNMA Securities. The Treasury is authorized to purchase any obligations so issued by the Government National Mortgage Association and has indicated in a letter dated February 13, 1970, from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") that the Treasury will make loans to the Government National Mortgage Association, if needed, to implement the aforementioned guaranty.

The Government National Mortgage Association is to warrant to the Trustee, as the owner of the GNMA Securities, that, in the event it is called upon at any time to honor its guaranty of the payment of principal and interest on any GNMA Security, it shall, if necessary, in accordance with Section 306(d), apply to the Treasury Department of the United States for a loan or loans in amounts sufficient to make the payment.

Servicing of the Mortgage Loans

Under contractual arrangements that will be entered into by and between the Master Servicer and the Government National Mortgage Association, and pursuant to the Program Documents, the Master Servicer is responsible for servicing and otherwise administering the mortgage loans in accordance with generally accepted practices of the mortgage lending industry and the Government National Mortgage Association Servicer's Guide.

The monthly remuneration of the Master Servicer, for its servicing and administrative functions, and the guaranty fee charged by the Government National Mortgage Association, are based on the unpaid principal amount of each GNMA Security outstanding on the last day of the month preceding the calculation. Each GNMA Security carries an interest rate that is fixed below the lowest interest rate on the underlying mortgage loans because the servicing and guaranty fees are deducted from payments on the mortgage loans before the payments are forwarded to the Trustee.

It is expected that interest and principal payments on the mortgage loans received by the Master Servicer will be the source of money for payments on the GNMA Securities. If those payments are less than the amount then due, the Master Servicer is obligated to advance its own funds to ensure timely payment of all scheduled payments of principal and interest due on the GNMA Securities. The Government National Mortgage Association guarantees the timely payment in the event of the failure of the Master Servicer to pass through an amount equal to the scheduled payments (whether or not made by the mortgagors).

The Master Servicer is required to advise the Government National Mortgage Association in advance of any impending default on scheduled payments so that the Government National Mortgage Association, as guarantor, will be able to continue the payments as scheduled on the third business day after the twentieth day of each month. However, if the payments are not received as scheduled, the Trustee has recourse directly to the Government National Mortgage Association.

Guaranty Agreement

The Government National Mortgage Association guaranty agreement to be entered into by the Government National Mortgage Association and the Master Servicer upon issuance of a GNMA Security, pursuant to which the Government National Mortgage Association guarantees the payment of principal of and interest on that GNMA Security (the "GNMA Guaranty Agreement"), provides that, in the event of a default by the Master Servicer, including (i) a failure to make any payment due under the GNMA Security, (ii) a request to the Government National Mortgage Association to make a payment of principal or interest on a GNMA Security and the utilization thereof by the Master Servicer, (iii) insolvency of the Master Servicer, or (iv) default by the Master Servicer under any other terms of the GNMA Guaranty Agreement, the Government National Mortgage Association has the right, by letter to the Master Servicer, to effect and complete the extinguishment of the Master Servicer's interest in the mortgage loans, and the mortgage loans will thereupon become the absolute property of the Government National Mortgage Association, subject only to the unsatisfied rights of the owner of the GNMA Security. In that event, the GNMA Guaranty Agreement provides that on and after the time the Government National Mortgage Association directs a letter of extinguishment to the Master Servicer, the Government National Mortgage Association will be the successor in all respects to the Master Servicer in its capacity under the GNMA Guaranty Agreement and the transaction and arrangements set forth or arranged for therein, and will be subject to all responsibilities, duties, and liabilities (except the Master Servicer's indemnification of the Government National Mortgage Association), theretofore placed on the Master Servicer by the terms and provisions of the GNMA Guaranty Agreement, provided that at any time the Government National Mortgage Association may enter into an agreement with any other eligible issuer of GNMA Securities under which the latter undertakes and agrees to assume any part or all responsibilities, duties or liabilities theretofore placed on the Master Servicer, and provided that no agreement is to detract from or diminish the responsibilities, duties or liabilities of the Government National Mortgage Association in its capacity as guarantor of the GNMA Security, or otherwise adversely affect the rights of the owner thereof.

Payment of Principal of and Interest on the GNMA Securities

Regular monthly installment payments on each GNMA Security are required to begin on the fifteenth day (in the case of a GNMA I Security) and on the twentieth day (in the case of a GNMA II-Custom Pool Security) (or in each case if that day is not a business day then the next business day), of the first month following the date of issuance of the GNMA Security and will be equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on each mortgage loan in the mortgage pool backing the GNMA Security, less the monthly servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each payment is required to include any mortgage prepayments on mortgage loans underlying the GNMA Security.

FANNIE MAE MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

General

The following summary of the Fannie Mae MBS Program (as defined below), the Fannie Mae Securities, Fannie Mae's mortgage purchase and servicing standards and other documents referred to herein does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Fannie Mae's Prospectus, as defined below, the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling and Servicing Guides and the other documents referred to herein.

In response to current financial market and real estate market disruptions due to COVID-19 and the Pandemic, certain federal insurance and guaranty programs for mortgage loans have been changed. See "The Agency—COVID-19 Economic Disruption" herein for a discussion of certain of those related program changes.

Fannie Mae is subject to the supervision and regulation of the Federal Housing Finance Agency to the extent provided in the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008. The FHFA has placed Fannie Mae into conservatorship.

Information on Fannie Mae and its financial condition is contained in Fannie Mae's most current annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Fannie Mae files reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Materials that it files with the SEC are also available from the SEC's website, "www.sec.gov." In addition, these materials may be inspected, without charge, and copies may be obtained at prescribed rates, at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, DC 20549. Investors may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The periodic reports filed by Fannie Mae with the SEC are also available on Fannie Mae's website at http://www.fanniemae.com/ir/sec or from Fannie Mae at the Office of Investor Relations at 202-752-7115. The documents and websites referred to above are not a part of this Official Statement, and neither the Agency nor any of the Underwriters takes any responsibility for information contained in any of these documents or websites.

Fannie Mae

Fannie Mae is a government-sponsored enterprise that was chartered by the U.S. Congress in 1938, organized and existing under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act, 12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq. (the "Charter"). Fannie Mae has a public mission to support liquidity and stability in the secondary mortgage market, where existing mortgage loans are purchased and sold. Fannie Mae securitizes mortgage loans originated by lenders in the primary mortgage market into mortgage-backed securities ("Fannie Mae MBS"), which can then be bought and sold in the secondary mortgage market. Fannie Mae also participates in the secondary mortgage market by purchasing mortgage loans (often referred to as "whole loans") and mortgage-related securities, including Fannie Mae MBS, for Fannie Mae's mortgage portfolio. In addition, Fannie Mae makes other investments to increase the supply of affordable housing, however, pursuant to the Charter, Fannie Mae may not lend money directly to consumers in the primary mortgage market. Although Fannie Mae is a corporation chartered by the U.S. Congress, the conservator of Fannie Mae is a U.S. Government agency, and the United States Department of Treasury ("Treasury") owns senior preferred stock and a warrant to purchase common stock of Fannie Mae, the U.S. Government (including Treasury) does not guarantee, directly or indirectly, the securities or other obligations of Fannie Mae.

On September 6, 2008, the Director of the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA"), the safety, soundness and mission regulator of Fannie Mae, placed Fannie Mae into conservatorship and appointed FHFA as the conservator. As the conservator, FHFA succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Fannie Mae, and of any stockholder, officer or director of Fannie Mae with respect to Fannie Mae and the assets of Fannie Mae. As such, FHFA has the authority to conduct all business of Fannie Mae. Pursuant to the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, FHFA, as conservator, may take "such action as may be necessary to put the regulated entity in a sound and solvent condition." Fannie Mae has no control over FHFA's actions or the actions it may direct Fannie Mae to take. The conservatorship has no specified termination date; Fannie Mae does not know when or how the conservatorship will be terminated. In addition, the Board of Directors of Fannie Mae does not have any fiduciary duties to any person or entity except to

FHFA, as conservator. Accordingly, the Board of Directors is not obligated to consider the interests of Fannie Mae or the stockholders of Fannie Mae unless specifically directed to do so by FHFA, as conservator. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, however, remains Fannie Mae's regulator with respect to fair lending matters.

Mortgage-Backed Security Program

Fannie Mae has implemented a mortgage-backed securities program pursuant to which Fannie Mae issues securities backed by pools of mortgage loans (the "MBS Program"). The obligations of Fannie Mae, including its obligations under the Fannie Mae Securities, are obligations solely of Fannie Mae and are not guaranteed by the United States Government (including Treasury) and do not constitute a debt or obligation of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, including Treasury and FHFA, other than Fannie Mae.

The terms of the MBS Program are governed by the Fannie Mae Single Family Selling and Servicing Guides (the "Fannie Mae Guides"), as modified by a pool purchase contract, and, in the case of mortgage loans such as the Program Loans exchanged with Fannie Mae, a single family master trust agreement (the "Trust Indenture"), and a supplement thereto to be issued by Fannie Mae in connection with each pool. The MBS Program is further described in a prospectus issued by Fannie Mae (the "Fannie Mae Prospectus"). The Fannie Mae Prospectus is updated from time to time.

Fannie Mae Securities

Fannie Mae Securities are mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued and guaranteed by Fannie Mae under its MBS Program. As of June 3, 2019, each Fannie Mae Security will be a Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security ("UMBS") (see "The Residential Housing Finance Program—Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities"). Each Fannie Mae Security will represent the entire interest in a specified pool of mortgage loans purchased by Fannie Mae from the Master Servicer and identified in records maintained by Fannie Mae. The Pool Contract requires that each Fannie Mae Security be in a minimum amount of \$250,000 (or, in each case, the lesser amounts as may be approved by Fannie Mae). The mortgage loans backing each Fannie Mae Security are to bear interest at a rate higher than each Fannie Mae Security (the "pass-through rate"). The difference between the interest rate on the mortgage loans and the pass-through rate on the Fannie Mae Security is to be collected by the Master Servicer and used to pay the Master Servicer's servicing fee and Fannie Mae's guaranty fee.

Fannie Mae will guarantee to the registered holder of the Fannie Mae Securities that it will distribute amounts representing scheduled principal and interest at the applicable pass-through rate on the mortgage loans in the pools represented by the Fannie Mae Securities, whether or not received, and the full principal balance of any foreclosed or other finally liquidated mortgage loan, whether or not that principal balance is actually received. The obligations of Fannie Mae under these guarantees are obligations solely of Fannie Mae and are not backed by, nor entitled to the faith and credit of the United States. If Fannie Mae were unable to satisfy these obligations, distributions to the Trustee, as the registered holder of the Fannie Mae Securities, would consist solely of payments and other recoveries on the underlying mortgage loans and, accordingly, monthly distributions to the Trustee, as the holder of the Fannie Mae Securities, and payments on Outstanding Bonds would be affected by delinquent payments and defaults on those mortgage loans.

Payments on the Mortgage Loans; Distributions on the Fannie Mae Securities

Payments on a Fannie Mae Security will be made on the 25th day of each month (beginning with the month following the month the Fannie Mae Security is issued), or, if the 25th day is not a business day, on the first business day next succeeding the 25th day. With respect to each Fannie Mae Security, Fannie Mae will distribute to the Trustee an amount equal to the total of (i) the principal due on the mortgage loans in the related pool underlying the Fannie Mae Security during the period beginning on the second day of the month prior to the month of the distribution and ending on the first day of the month of distribution, (ii) the stated principal balance of any mortgage loan that was prepaid in full during the second month next preceding the month of the distribution (including as prepaid for this purpose at Fannie Mae's election any mortgage loan repurchased by Fannie Mae because of Fannie Mae's election to repurchase the mortgage loan after it is delinquent, in whole or in part, with respect to four consecutive installments

of principal and interest; or because of Fannie Mae's election to repurchase that mortgage loan under certain other circumstances), (iii) the amount of any partial prepayment of a mortgage loan received in the second month next preceding the month of distribution, and (iv) one month's interest at the pass-through rate on the principal balance of the Fannie Mae Security as reported to the Trustee (assuming the Trustee is the registered holder) in connection with the previous distribution (or, respecting the first distribution, the principal balance of the Fannie Mae Security on its issue date).

For purposes of distributions, a mortgage loan will be considered to have been prepaid in full if, in Fannie Mae's reasonable judgment, the full amount finally recoverable on account of that mortgage loan has been received, whether or not that full amount is equal to the stated principal balance of the mortgage loan. Fannie Mae may, in its discretion, include with any distribution principal prepayments, both full and partial, received during the month prior to the month of distribution but is under no obligation to do so.

FREDDIE MAC MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

General

The following summary of the Freddie Mac Guarantor Program, the Freddie Mac Securities, Freddie Mac's mortgage purchase and servicing standards and other documents referred to herein does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to Freddie Mac's Mortgage Participation Certificates Offering Circular, applicable Offering Circular Supplements, Freddie Mac's Information Statement, any Information Statement Supplements, the Freddie Mac Securities and any other documents made available by Freddie Mac. Copies of the Offering Circular, Information Statement and any supplements to those documents and other information can be obtained by calling Freddie Mac's Investor Inquiry Department (telephone (800) 336-3672) or by accessing Freddie Mac's World Wide Web site.

In response to current financial market and real estate market disruptions due to COVID-19 and the Pandemic, certain federal insurance and guaranty programs for mortgage loans have been changed. See "The Agency—COVID-19 Economic Disruption" herein for a discussion of certain of those related program changes.

Freddie Mac is subject to the supervision and regulation of the FHFA to the extent provided in the federal Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008. The FHFA has placed Freddie Mac into conservatorship.

Freddie Mac is a publicly traded company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (symbol: FRE). Information on Freddie Mac and its financial condition is contained in annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information that Freddie Mac files with the SEC. You may read and copy any document Freddie Mac files with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room. These SEC filings are also available to the public from the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov. The documents and websites referred to above are not a part of this Official Statement, and neither the Agency nor any of the Underwriters takes any responsibility for information contained in any of these documents or websites.

Freddie Mac

Freddie Mac is a shareholder-owned government-sponsored enterprise created on July 24, 1970 pursuant to the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act, Title III of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§ 1451-1459 (the "Freddie Mac Act"). Freddie Mac's statutory mission is (i) to provide stability in the secondary market for residential mortgages; (ii) to respond appropriately to the private capital market; (iii) to provide ongoing assistance to the secondary market for residential mortgages (including activities relating to mortgages on housing for low- and moderate-income families involving a reasonable economic return that may be less than the return earned on other activities); and (iv) to promote access to mortgage credit throughout the United States (including central cities, rural areas and underserved areas) by increasing the liquidity of mortgage financing. Neither the United States nor any agency or instrumentality of the United States is obligated, either directly or

indirectly, to fund the mortgage purchase or financing activities of Freddie Mac or to guarantee Freddie Mac's securities or obligations.

Freddie Mac's principal business consists of the purchase of (i) first-lien, conventional residential mortgages subject to certain maximum loan limits and other underwriting requirements under the Freddie Mac Act and (ii) securities backed by those mortgages. Freddie Mac finances its mortgage purchases and mortgage-backed securities purchases through the issuance of a variety of securities, primarily pass-through mortgage participation certificates and unsecured debt, as well as with cash and equity capital.

On September 7, 2008, the Director of the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA") appointed FHFA as conservator of Freddie Mac in accordance with the Federal Housing Finance Reform Act of 2008 (the "Reform Act") and the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992. On September 7, 2008, in connection with the appointment of FHFA as conservator, Freddie Mac and the U.S. Department of the Treasury ("Treasury") entered into a Senior Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement. Also, pursuant to its authority under the Reform Act, Treasury announced that it has established the Government Sponsored Enterprise Credit Facility (a lending facility to ensure credit availability to Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae, and the Federal Home Loan Banks that will provide secured funding on an as needed basis under terms and conditions established by the Treasury Secretary to protect taxpayers) and a program under which Treasury will purchase Government Sponsored Enterprise (including Freddie Mac) mortgage-backed securities (MBS) in the open market. The announcements by FHFA and Treasury and descriptions of these programs are available at their respective websites: http://www.OFHEO.gov and http://www.Treasury.gov.

Freddie Mac Guarantor Program

Freddie Mac has established a mortgage purchase program pursuant to which Freddie Mac purchases a group of mortgages from a single seller in exchange for a Freddie Mac certificate representing an undivided interest in a pool consisting of the same mortgages (the "Guarantor Program"). Freddie Mac approves the institutions that may sell and service mortgages under the Guarantor Program on an individual basis after consideration of factors such as financial condition, operational capability and mortgage origination and/or servicing experience. Most sellers and servicers are HUD-approved mortgagees or FDIC-insured financial institutions.

Freddie Mac Securities

Freddie Mac Securities will be mortgage-backed pass-through securities issued and guaranteed by Freddie Mac under its Guarantor Program. As of June 3, 2019, each Freddie Mac Security will be a Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security ("UMBS") (see "The Residential Housing Finance Program—Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities"). Freddie Mac Securities are issued only in book-entry form through the Federal Reserve Banks' book-entry system. Each Freddie Mac Security represents an undivided interest in a pool of mortgage loans. Payments by borrowers on the mortgage loans in the pool are passed through monthly by Freddie Mac to record holders of the Freddie Mac Securities representing interests in that pool.

Payments on Freddie Mac Securities that are not UMBS begin on or about the 15th day of the first month following issuance. Payments on Freddie Mac Securities that are UMBS begin on the 25th day of the first month following issuance, or, if the 25th day is not a business day, on the first business day next succeeding the 25th day. Each month Freddie Mac passes through to record holders of Freddie Mac Securities their proportionate share of principal payments on the mortgage loans in the related pool and one month's interest at the applicable pass-through rate. The pass-through rate for a Freddie Mac Security is determined by subtracting from the lowest interest rate on any of the mortgage loans in the pool the applicable servicing fee and Freddie Mac's management and guarantee fee, if any. The interest rates on the mortgages in a pool formed under Freddie Mac's Guarantor Program must fall within a range from the pass-through rate on the Freddie Mac Securities plus the minimum servicing fee through the pass-through rate plus 250 basis points.

Freddie Mac guarantees to each record holder of a Freddie Mac Security the timely payment of interest at the applicable pass-through rate on the principal balance of the holder's Freddie Mac Security. Freddie Mac also

guarantees to each holder of a Freddie Mac Security (i) the timely payment of the holder's proportionate share of monthly principal due on the related mortgage loans, as calculated by Freddie Mac, and (ii) the ultimate collection of the holder's proportionate share of all principal of the related mortgage loans, without offset or reduction, no later than the payment date that occurs in the month by which the last monthly payment on the Freddie Mac Security is scheduled to be made.

Freddie Mac may pay the amount due on account of its guarantee of ultimate collection of principal on a mortgage at any time after default, but not later than 30 days following (i) the foreclosure sale of the mortgaged property, (ii) if applicable, the payment of an insurance or guaranty claim by the mortgage insurer or guarantor or (iii) the expiration of any right of redemption that the borrower may have, whichever is the last to occur. In no event, however, will Freddie Mac make payments on account of this guarantee later than one year after an outstanding demand has been made on the borrower for accelerated payment of principal or for payment of the principal due at maturity.

The obligations of Freddie Mac under its guarantees of the Freddie Mac Securities are obligations of Freddie Mac only. The Freddie Mac Securities, including the interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute debts or obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States other than Freddie Mac. If Freddie Mac were unable to satisfy its obligations under its guarantees, distributions on the Freddie Mac Securities would consist solely of payments and other recoveries on the related mortgages; accordingly, delinquencies and defaults on the mortgage loans would affect distributions on the Freddie Mac Securities and could adversely affect payments on Outstanding Bonds.

Mortgage Purchase and Servicing Standards

All mortgage loans purchased by Freddie Mac must meet certain standards established by the Freddie Mac Act. In addition, Freddie Mac has established its own set of mortgage purchase standards, including credit, appraisal and underwriting guidelines. These guidelines are designed to determine the value of the real property securing a mortgage loan and the creditworthiness of the borrower. Freddie Mac's administration of its guidelines may vary based on its evaluation of and experience with the seller of the mortgage loans, the loan-to-value ratio and age of the mortgage loans, the type of property securing the mortgage loans and other factors.

Freddie Mac has also established servicing policies and procedures to support the efficient and uniform servicing of the mortgage loans it purchases. Each servicer must perform diligently all services and duties customary to the servicing of mortgage loans in a manner consistent with prudent servicing standards. The duties performed by a servicer include collection and remittance of principal and interest to Freddie Mac; administration of escrow accounts; collection of insurance or guaranty claims; property inspections; and, if necessary, foreclosure. Freddie Mac monitors servicers' performance through periodic and special reports and inspections.

In the event of an existing or impending delinquency or other default on a mortgage loan, Freddie Mac may attempt to resolve the default through a variety of measures. In determining which measures to pursue with respect to a given mortgage loan and when to initiate those measures, Freddie Mac seeks to minimize the costs that may be incurred in servicing the mortgage, as well as Freddie Mac's possible exposure under its guarantees. However, the measures that Freddie Mac may choose to pursue to resolve a default will not affect Freddie Mac's guarantees. In any event, Freddie Mac generally repurchases from a pool any mortgage loan that has remained delinquent for at least 120 consecutive days and makes payment of principal to record holders pursuant to Freddie Mac's guarantee of ultimate collection of principal.

THE MASTER SERVICER

U.S. Bank National Association currently serves as Master Servicer for the Agency's MBS Program, including the Program Securities to be financed with proceeds of the Series Bonds. The Agency has entered into a Servicing Agreement, dated as of October 17, 2013 (the "Servicing Agreement"), with U.S. Bank National Association, as master servicer (the "Master Servicer"), for an indefinite term (subject to termination rights), which replaces the previous servicing agreement executed by the Agency and the Master Servicer. The Program Securities acquired with proceeds of the Series Bonds are expected to be serviced by the Master Servicer.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ABOUT THE MASTER SERVICER RELATES TO AND WAS SUPPLIED BY U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION. NONE OF THE AGENCY, THE UNDERWRITERS, THEIR COUNSEL OR BOND COUNSEL HAS VERIFIED THIS INFORMATION OR GUARANTEES IT AS TO COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY. POTENTIAL INVESTORS SHOULD NOT CONSTRUE THIS INFORMATION AS A REPRESENTATION OF ANY OF THE AGENCY, THE UNDERWRITERS, THEIR COUNSEL OR BOND COUNSEL.

As of September 30, 2021, the Master Servicer serviced 1,279,086 single-family mortgage loans purchased through its U.S. Bank Home Mortgage Division, with an aggregate principal balance of approximately \$216 billion. The Master Servicer currently services single-family mortgage loans for state and local housing finance authorities, mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, savings and loan associations, commercial banks, as well as Fannie Mae, GNMA and Freddie Mac.

As of September 30, 2021, according to its unaudited quarterly financial statements, U.S. Bancorp had total assets of approximately \$567.5 billion and a net worth of \$53.7 billion. For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Master Servicer, through its U.S. Bank Home Mortgage Division, originated and purchased single-family mortgage loans in the total principal amount of approximately \$76.9 billion.

The Master Servicer is (i) an FHA- and VA-approved lender in good standing. (ii) a GNMA-approved seller and servicer of mortgage loans and an issuer of mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by GNMA, (iii) a Fannie Mae approved seller and servicer of Fannie Mae Securities, and (iv) a Freddie Mac approved seller and servicer of Freddie Mac securities.

The Master Servicer is not liable for the payment of the principal of Outstanding Bonds or the interest or redemption premium, if any, thereon.

The holding company for U.S. Bank National Association is U.S. Bancorp, the fifth largest financial services holding company in the United States.

APPENDIX J

USE OF PROCEEDS REPORT*

Series Bond Proceeds Summary

Total Proceeds Deposited		
in 2021 Series G-H-I	Proceeds Spent to Acquire	
Acquisition Account	Program Securities	Proceeds Remaining

Program Loans backing Program Securities Acquired with Series Bonds Originated by Borrower Income as a Percent of Area Median Income ("AMI")**			
AMI Band	\$ of Loans	# of Loans	% of Proceeds Allocated to Acquire Program Loans backed by Program Securities
<50%			
50% - 59% 60% - 69% 70% - 79%			
80% - 89% 90% - 99%			
100%+ Total			

Down Payment Assistance Provided in Conjunction with Program Loans Backing Program Securities Acquired with the Series Bonds		
Total DPA Provided (\$)		
Total DPA Provided (#)		
Borrowers Receiving DPA (%)		
Average DPA Provided per Borrower (\$)		
Average DPA Provided (% of Purchase Price)		

^{*}As of the date hereof, the Agency has not yet pooled all Program Loans that are expected to be Program Loans backing the Program Securities to be acquired with the Series Bonds. When all proceeds of the Series Bonds deposited in the 2021 Series G-H-I Acquisition Account have been spent, the Agency will provide this information on EMMA with respect to all Program Loans backing Program Securities financed with proceeds of the Series Bonds.

^{**}Reported income is based on borrower income at time of loan origination.

APPENDIX K

KESTREL VERIFIERS' SECOND PARTY OPINION



Board Agenda Item: 8.A Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Fourth Quarter 2021 Progress Report: 2020-2022 Strategic Plan and 2020-21 Affordable **Housing Plan** Staff Contact(s): John Patterson, 651.296.0763, john.patterson@state.mn.usf Request Type: ☐ Approval ☐ Motion □ Discussion Resolution ☐ Information **Summary of Request:** Staff have attached for the Board's review and discussion the fourth quarter 2021 progress report for implementing the 2020-2022 Strategic Plan and 2020-21 Affordable Housing Plan. The report has two sections: (1) progress in reaching two strategic goals, and (2) progress in reaching activity forecasts for program year 2021 (October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021). **Fiscal Impact:** None **Meeting Agency Priorities:** ☑ Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities

Attachment(s):

 Fourth Quarter 2021 Progress Report: 2020-2022 Strategic Plan and 2020-2021 Affordable Housing Plan

Fourth Quarter 2021 Progress Report:

2020-2022 Strategic Plan and 2020-2021 Affordable Housing Plan

(Program Year October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021)

This progress report has two sections:

- 1. **Go Bigger Strategic Goals.** To track our progress in carrying out our 2020-2022 Strategic Plan, we have identified two priority areas for which we are setting strategic goals:
 - a. Share of first-time homebuyer mortgages going to Black, Indigenous and households of color
 - b. Share of new rental units that will be deeply affordable
- 2. Forecast of Households and Housing Units Assisted. To track our progress in implementing the 2020-2021 Affordable Housing Plan, we forecasted and tracked the number of households and housing units that we expect to assist with funds awarded in program year 2021.

Overall, we had a strong year in 2021. We met or came close to meeting most of our production forecasts, with particularly strong activity in home mortgage lending and financing of rental new construction. We accomplished this while taking on very large-scale COVID-19 emergency assistance activities, including closing out the COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program, standing up and launching RentHelpMN, designing and starting to stand up HomeHelpMN, and disbursing about \$150 million in COVID-19 assistance.

We had lower than expected production in a few areas:

- Home Improvement Lending While we had strong activity under the Fix Up program, the Rehabilitation Loan Program had less activity than expected.
- Rental Rehabilitation We directed less funding to rehabilitation and more to new construction than expected.
- Rental Refinancing This is a demand driven program that can vary substantially from year to year. While 2021 was lower than expected, 2020 was higher.
- Homelessness Prevention and Other Supports We awarded all the funds, but the assistance needed per household was higher than expected, which limited the households assisted.

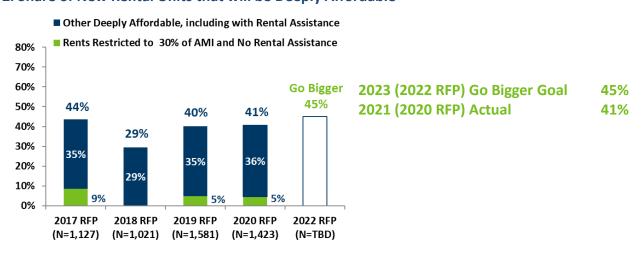
Strategic Goals

1. Share of First-Time Homebuyer Mortgages Going to Black, Indigenous and Households of Color



For the last few years, 34% of our first-time homebuyer mortgages have gone to Black, Indigenous and households of color, which is significantly higher than the overall mortgage industry in Minnesota (17%). COVID has made achieving the goal more challenging with the economic distress disproportionately impacting Black, Indigenous and people of color. Nevertheless, as a stretch goal, we tried to reach 40% this year, which would be two years ahead of our original schedule. In the end, we reached 37.2%, which is short of the 40% stretch goal; but after a few years staying at 34%, we are back on an upward trajectory.

2. Share of New Rental Units that will be Deeply Affordable*



^{*} Includes new construction and adaptive-reuse units: (1) with contract rents that are affordable to households with incomes at or below 30% of the area median income (AMI), (2) with rental assistance, including Housing Support, and/or (3) that are permanent supportive housing.

With the selections approved in December and March (completing the 2020 Consolidated RFP process), 41% of the new construction and adaptive-reuse units are expected to be deeply affordable. We are making progress toward the 45% goal.

Our ability to go bigger depends on the availability of Housing Infrastructure Bonds and rental assistance, including the Department of Human Services' Housing Support. With the upcoming RFP, we also increased the incentive in our selection criteria for developments to have deeply affordable units. Because deeply affordable units require more subsidy, there is a tradeoff between the total number of units developed or preserved and the overall number of deeply affordable units.

Forecast of Households and Housing Units Assisted

The following table tracks our progress in reaching our 2021 activity forecasts by program area. For context and a comparison, it also provides the level we reached in 2020.

Progress in Reaching Our Forecast of Households and Housing Units to be Assisted in 2021

				Share of 2021	
		2021 Forecast	2021 Actual	Forecast Reached	2020 Actual
1	Home Mortgage Lending	5,549	5,676	102%	5,611
2	Homebuyer/owner Education and Coaching	24,819	25,356	102%	24,165
3	Home Improvement Lending	1,820	1,410	77%	1,397
4	Other Owner-Occupied Opportunities	652	653	100%	508
5	Rental New Construction & Adaptive Re-use	1,596	1,829	115%	1,860
6	Rental Rehabilitation	3,225	2,698	84%	2,401
7	Rental Refinance Only	545	219	40%	747
8	Rental Assistance and Operating Subsidies	3,667	3,411	93%	3,581
9	Section 8 Contract Administration	27,778	29,535	106%	27,919
10	Homelessness Prevention and Other Supports	5,496	4,213	77%	4,285
11	Total for Programs in 2020-2021 AHP	75,146	75,000	100%	72,474
12	COVID-19 Emergency Assistance	N/A	38,129	N/A	N/A

Note: These numbers reflect households or housing units to be assisted based on housing developments that have been selected for future funding, the commitment of home mortgage and home improvement loans (net of cancellations), and the distribution of funds for rental assistance, operating subsidies, homebuyer education/coaching and homelessness prevention.

NOTES:

Lines 1: For our home mortgage programs, we exceeded both our 2021 forecast and our production in 2020. Lending activity remains strong even with a very limited supply of homes for sale that our borrowers can afford.

Lines 2: Homebuyer/owner education and coaching also ended ahead of expectations. These numbers (forecast and actuals) include Framework, a online homebuyer education course. While Framework is part of the overall homebuyer system that we support, our funds do not directly support it. Therefore, starting with the 2022-2023 Affordable Housing Plan, we will not include it in our forecasts and reporting of the households that we directly assist. We will track Framework activity as a key component of the overall system.

Line 3: Home improvement lending was lower than expected. We distributed more Fix-Up funds than expected, but the average loan size was 31% higher than expected, resulting in us serving slighter fewer homeowners than expected. The Rehabilitation Loan Program had less activity than planned. Overall, across both programs, we did serve a handful more homeowners in 2021 than 2020

Line 4: Overall, we reached our forecast of homeowners/buyers to receive assistance through the Community Homeownership Impact Fund, Workforce Affordable Homeownership Program, and Manufactured Home Redevelopment Program.

Lines 5: We substantially exceeded our forecast for new construction selections, largely because we directed more funds to new construction and less to rehabilitation than expected.

Line 6: We did not reach the forecasted activity for rental rehabilitation primarily because we devoted more funding to new construction and less to rehabilitation than expected.

Line 7: We offer rental refinancing resources year-round, and it is demand driven, which can lead to very uneven activity over the course of a year and from year-to-year. While we had a lower level of activity in 2021, we had a high level in 2020.

Line 8: Rent assistance activity is roughly in line with expectations. With a tight rental market (low vacancy rate), it can be challenging for holders of housing vouchers to find an apartment to use their rental assistance, resulting in us disbursing less funding than anticipated.

Line 9: We exceeded the number Section 8 rental units that we expected to administer because HUD transferred some additional properties to us.

Line 10: For homeless prevention and other supports, we served fewer households than expected, largely because the amount of assistance needed per household was higher than expected, which limited the number of households receiving assistance.

Line 11: Overall, we were on target in 2021, reaching essentially 100% of our forecast for all our programs combined.

Line 11: In 2021, we also administered two COVID-19 emergency assistance programs (COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program and RentHelpMN) that were not planned when we wrote the 2020-2021 Affordable Housing Plan. Between the two programs, we assisted over 38,000 households in 2021. In 2021, we were designing and creating the HomeHelpMN, and we will launch it in 2022.

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Board Agenda Item: 8.B Date: 11/18/2021

Item: Equity and Inclusion Overv	iew/			
Staff Contact(s): Brittany Rice, 651.296.9792, Brittany.rice@state.mn.us				
Request Type:				
☐ Approval	\boxtimes	No Action Needed		
☐ Motion		☐ Discussion		
☐ Resolution		□ Information		
 Summary of Request: Sharing an update on: The Equity Action Team, the Equity Action Plan, and Division Work plans The Intercultural Development Inventory assessment and administration Apply an equity lens in relationship building and conflict resolution Fiscal Impact: 				
None.				
 Meeting Agency Priorities: ☑ Improve the Housing System ☑ Preserve and Create Housing Opportunities ☑ Make Homeownership More Accessible ☑ Support People Needing Services ☑ Strengthen Communities 				
Attachment(s):				
None.				

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